United States of America  
Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Atomic Safety and Licensing Board  

Before Administrative Judges:  
Alex S. Karlin, Chair  
Dr. Anthony J. Baratta  
Dr. William M. Murphy  

In the Matter of:  
PROGRESS ENERGY FLORIDA, INC.  
Combined License Application for  
Levy County Units 1 & 2  

Dockets Numbers 52-029-COL and  
52-030-COL  
August 11, 2011  

RULEMAKING PETITION TO RESCIND PROHIBITION  
AGAINST CONSIDERATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS  
OF SEVERE REACTOR AND SPENT FUEL POOL ACCIDENTS  
AND REQUEST TO SUSPEND LICENSING DECISION  

I. INTRODUCTION  

Pursuant to 10 C.F.R. § 2.802, The Ecology Party of Florida, Nuclear Information 
and Resource Service and the Green Party of Florida (collectively “Intervenors” or  
“Petitioners”) petition the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (“NRC”) to rescind  
regulations in 10 C.F.R. Part 51 that make generic conclusions about the environmental  
impacts of severe reactor and spent fuel pool accidents and that preclude consideration  
of those issues in individual licensing proceedings. This petition also requests the NRC  
to suspend the above-captioned licensing proceeding while the NRC considers this  
petition and the environmental issues raised in the attached Contention Regarding  
NEPA Requirement to Address Safety and Environmental Implications of the  
Fukushima Task Force Report (“Contention”).  

This petition is captioned in both the rulemaking docket and the docket for the  
Levy County Units 1 & 2 licensing proceeding because it seeks relief that is both
generic and applicable to the individual proceeding. The rulemaking petition is also
being filed by other organizations and individuals who have submitted contentions
regarding the safety and environmental implications of the NRC’s report entitled
Recommendations for Enhancing Reactor Safety in the 21st Century: The Near-Term
Task Force Review of Insights from the Fukushima Dai-ichi Accident at 20-21 (July 12,

II. DISCUSSION

A. General Solution

The general solution sought by Intervenors is to rescind all regulations in 10
C.F.R. Part 51 which reach generic conclusions about the environmental impacts of
severe reactor and/or spent fuel pool accidents and therefore prohibit consideration of
those impacts in reactor licensing proceedings. These regulations include 10 C.F.R.

B. Intervener’s Grounds for and Interest in the Action Requested.

The Ecology Party of Florida, Nuclear Information and Resource Service and the
Green Party of Florida seek rescission of any NRC regulations that would prevent the
NRC from complying with its obligation under the National Environmental Policy Act
(“NEPA”) and NRC implementing regulations to consider, in the licensing proceeding for
the proposed Levy County Units 1 & 2 reactors, the environmental implications of new
and significant information discussed in the Task Force Report regarding the regulatory
implications of the Fukushima Dai-ichi nuclear accident. Our legal and technical
grounds for seeking consideration of new and significant information in the Task Force
Report are discussed at length in the attached Contention, which is attached and incorporated herein by reference.

**C. Support for Petition**

This petition for rulemaking is supported by the Task Force Report and also by the attached Declaration of Dr. Arjun Makhijani (August 8, 2011). As demonstrated in both of those documents, the Fukushima accident has significant regulatory implications with respect to both severe reactor accidents and spent fuel pool accidents, because the Task Force Report recommends that mitigative measures for both of these types of accidents, which are not currently included in the design basis for nuclear reactors, should be added to the design basis and subject to mandatory safety regulation.

**D. Request for Suspension of Licensing Proceeding**

As discussed in the attached Contention, NEPA requires that agencies consider the environmental impacts of their actions before they are taken, in order to ensure that “important effects [of the licensing decision] will not be overlooked or underestimated only to be discovered after resources have been committed or the die otherwise cast.” *Robertson*, 490 U.S. 332, 349 (1989). See also 40 C.F.R. §§ 1500.1(c), 1502.1, 1502.14. The NRC’s obligation to comply with NEPA in this respect is independent of and in addition to the NRC’s responsibilities under the Atomic Energy Act, and must be enforced to the “fullest extent possible.” *Calvert Cliffs Coordinating Committee*, 449 F.2d at 1115. See also *Limerick Ecology Action v. NRC*, 869 F.2d 719, 729 (3rd Cir. 1989) (citing *Public Service Co. of New Hampshire v. NRC*, 582 F.2d 77, 86 (1st Cir. 1978)). The NRC’s obligation to delay licensing decisions until after it has considered the environmental impacts of those decisions is also nondiscretionary. *Silva v.*
Romney, 473 F.2d 287, 292 (1st Cir. 1973). Therefore the NRC has a non-discretionary duty to suspend the Levy County licensing proceeding while it considers the environmental impacts of that decision, including the environmental implications of the Task Force Report with respect to severe reactor and spent fuel pool accidents.

III. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the Commission should grant this rulemaking petition.

Respectfully submitted this 11th day of August 2011.

Respectfully Submitted,

/s/__________________________
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on behalf of the Co-Interveners