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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. MURKOWSKI (for himself, Mr. BREAUX, Mr. LOTT, Mr. VOINOVICH, Mr. DOMENICI, Mr. CRAIG, Mr. THOMAS, Mr. SHELBY, Mr. BURNS, and Mr. HAGEL) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To Protect the Energy Security of the United States and Decrease America's Dependency on Foreign Oil Sources to 50% by the Year 2011 by Enhancing the Use of Renewable Energy Resources, Conserving Energy Resources, Improving Energy Efficiencies, and Increasing Domestic Energy Supplies; Improve Environmental Quality by Reducing Emissions of Air Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases; Mitigate the Effect of Increases in Energy Prices on the American Consumer, including the Poor and the Elderly; and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of

- 2 America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Energy Security Act of 2001".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

2 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

3 (1) Increasing dependence on foreign sources of oil causes systemic harm to 4 all sectors of the United States economy, threatens national security, undermines the 5 ability of federal, State, and local units of government to provide essential services, and 6 jeopardizes the peace, security, and welfare of the American people;

- 7 (2) dependence on imports of foreign oil was 46% in 1992, rose to more than
 8 55% by the beginning of 2000, and is estimated by the Department of Energy to rise to
 9 65% by 2020 unless current policies are altered;
- 10 (3) even with increased energy efficiency, energy use in the United States is
 11 expected to increase 27% by 2020;
- 12 (4) the United States lacks a comprehensive national energy policy and has
 13 taken actions that limit the availability and capability of the domestic energy sources of
 14 oil and gas, coal, nuclear and hydroelectric;
- (5) a comprehensive energy strategy must be developed to combat this trend,
 decrease the United States' dependence on imported oil supplies and strengthen our
 national energy security;
- 18 (6) this comprehensive strategy must decrease the United States' dependence
 19 on foreign oil supplies to not more than 50% by the year 2011;
- 20 (7) this comprehensive energy strategy must be multi-faceted and enhance the 21 use of renewable energy resources (including hydroelectric, solar, wind, geothermal and 22 biomass), conserve energy resources (including improving energy efficiencies), and

- increase domestic supplies of conventional energy resources (including oil, natural gas, coal, and nuclear);
- 3 (8) conservation efforts and alternative fuels alone will not enable America to
 4 meet this goal as conventional energy sources supply 96% of America's power at this
 5 time;
- 6 (9) immediate actions must also be taken to mitigate the economic effects of 7 recent increases in the price of crude oil, natural gas, and electricity and the related 8 impacts on American consumers, including the poor and the elderly.
- 9 (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are to protect the energy security of the
- 10 United States by decreasing America's dependence on foreign oil sources to not more than 50%
- by 2010, by enhancing the use of renewable energy resources, conserving energy resources
- 12 (including improving energy efficiencies), and increasing domestic energy supplies, improving
- 13 environmental quality by reducing emissions of air pollutants and greenhouse gases, and
- 14 mitigating the immediate effect of increases in energy prices on the American consumer,
- 15 including the poor and the elderly.
- 16

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- 17 TITLE I- GENERAL PROVISIONS TO PROTECT ENERGY SUPPLY AND
 18 SECURITY
 19 SEC. 101. CONSULTATION AND REPORT ON FEDERAL AGENCY ACTIONS
 20 AFFECTING DOMESTIC ENERGY SUPPLY.
- Prior to taking or initiating any action that could have a significant adverse effect on the
 availability or supply of domestic energy resources or on the domestic capability to distribute or

1 transport such resources, the head of a federal agency proposing or participating in such action 2 shall notify the Secretary of Energy in writing of the nature and scope of the action, the need for 3 such action, the potential effect of such action on energy resource supplies, price, distribution, 4 and transportation, and any alternatives to such action or options to mitigate the effects and shall 5 provide the Secretary of Energy with adequate time to review the proposed action and make 6 recommendations to avoid or minimize the adverse effect of the proposed action. The proposing 7 agency shall consider any such recommendations made by the Secretary of Energy. The Secretary 8 of Energy shall provide an annual report to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of 9 the United States Senate and to the appropriate Committees of the House of Representatives on 10 all actions brought to his attention, what mitigation or alternatives, if any, were implemented, and 11 what the short-term, mid-term, and long-term effect of the final action will likely be on domestic 12 energy resource supplies and their development, distribution, or transmission.

13

SEC. 102. ANNUAL REPORT ON UNITED STATES ENERGY INDEPENDENCE.

(a) REPORT.—Beginning on October 1, 2001, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of
Energy, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the heads of other relevant Federal
agencies, shall submit a report to the President and the Congress which evaluates the progress the
United States has made toward obtaining the goal of not more than 50% dependence on foreign
oil sources by 2010.

(b) ALTERNATIVES.—The report shall specify what specific legislative or administrative
actions that must be implemented to meet this goal and set forth a range of options and
alternatives with a benefit/cost analysis for each option or alternative together with an estimate of
the contribution each option or alternative could make to reduce foreign oil imports. The

1	Secretary shall solicit information from the public and request information from the Energy
2	Information Agency and other agencies to develop the report. The report shall indicate, in detail,
3	options and alternatives to (1) increase the use of renewable domestic energy sources, including
4	conventional and non-conventional sources such as, but not limited to, increased hydroelectric
5	generation at existing federal facilities, (2) conserve energy resources, including improving
6	efficiencies and decreasing consumption, and (3) increase domestic production and use of oil,
7	natural gas, nuclear, and coal, including any actions necessary to provide access to, and
8	transportation of, these energy resources.
9	(c) REFINERY CAPACITY.— As part of the reports submitted in 2001, 2005, and 2008, the
10	Secretary shall examine and report on the condition of the domestic refinery industry and the
11	extent of domestic storage capacity for various categories of petroleum products and make such
12	recommendations as he believes will enhance domestic capabilities to respond to short-term
13	shortages of various fuels due to climate or supply interruptions and ensure long-term supplies on
14	a reliable and affordable basis.
15	(d) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS. — Whenever the Secretary determines that stocks of
16	petroleum products have declined or are anticipated to decline to levels that would jeopardize
17	national security or threaten supply shortages or price increases on a national or regional basis, he
18	shall immediately notify the Congress of the situation and shall make such recommendations for
19	administrative or legislative action as he believes are necessary to alleviate the situation.
20	SEC. 103. STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE STUDY AND REPORT.
21	The President shall immediately establish an Interagency Panel on the Strategic
22	Petroleum Study (referred to as the "Panel" in this section) to study oil markets and estimate the

extent and frequency of fluctuations in the supply and price of, and demand for crude oil in the
future and determine appropriate capacity of and uses for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. The
Panel may recommend changes in existing authorities to strengthen the ability of the Strategic
Petroleum Reserve to respond to energy requirements. The Panel shall complete its study and
submit a report containing its findings and any recommendations to the President and the
Congress within six months from the date of enactment of this Act.

7 SEC. 104. STUDY OF EXISTING RIGHTS-OF-WAY TO DETERMINE CAPABILITY 8 TO SUPPORT NEW PIPELINES OR OTHER TRANSMISSION FACILITIES.

9 Within one year from the date of enactment of this Act, the head of each federal agency 10 that has authorized a right-of-way across federal lands for transportation of energy supplies or 11 transmission of electricity shall review each such right-of-way and submit a report to the 12 Secretary of Energy and the Chairman of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission whether 13 the right-of-way can be used to support new or additional capacity and what modifications or 14 other changes, if any, would be necessary to accommodate such additional capacity. In 15 performing the review, the head of each agency shall consult with agencies of State or local units 16 of government as appropriate and consider whether safety or other concerns related to current 17 uses might preclude the availability of a right-of-way for additional or new transportation or 18 transmission facilities and shall set forth those considerations in the report.

19

SEC. 105. USE OF FEDERAL FACILITIES.

- 20 (a) The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of the Army shall each inventory
 21 all dams, impoundments, and other facilities under their jurisdiction.
- 22 (b) Based on this inventory and other information, the Secretary of the Interior and

Secretary of Army shall each submit a report to the Congress within six months from the date of
 enactment of this Act. Each report shall—

3 (1)Describe, in detail, each facility that is capable, with or without modification, of producing additional hydroelectric power. For each such facility, the 4 5 report shall state the full potential for the facility to generate hydroelectric power, whether 6 the facility is currently generating hydroelectric power, and the costs to install, upgrade, modify, or take other actions to increase the hydroelectric generating capability of the 7 8 facility. For each facility that currently has hydroelectric generating equipment, the report 9 shall indicate the condition of such equipment, maintenance requirements, and schedule 10 for any improvements as well as the purposes for which power is generated, and.

11 (2) Describe what actions are planned or underway to increase hydroelectric 12 production from facilities under his jurisdiction and shall include any recommendations 13 the Secretary deems advisable to increase such production, reduce costs, and improve 14 efficiency at federal facilities, including, but not limited to, use of lease of power 15 privilege and contracting with non-federal entities for operation and maintenance.

16

SEC. 106. NUCLEAR GENERATION STUDY

17 The Chairman of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall submit a report to the 18 Congress within six months from the date of enactment of this Act on the state of nuclear power 19 generation and production in the United States and the potential for increasing nuclear generating 20 capacity and production as part of this nation's energy mix. The report shall include an 21 assessment of agency readiness to license new advanced reactor designs and discuss the needed 22 confirmatory and anticipatory research activities that would support such a state of readiness.

The report shall also review the status of the relicensing process for civilian nuclear power
 plants, including current and anticipated applications, and recommendations for improvements
 in the process, including, but not limited to recommendations for expediting the process and
 ensuring that relicensing is accomplished in a timely manner.

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SEC. 107. DEVELOPMENT OF A NATIONAL SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL STRATEGY

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AND ESTABLISHMENT OF AN OFFICE OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL RESEARCH.

7 (a) Prior to the federal government taking any irreversible action relating to the
8 disposal of spent nuclear fuel, , Congress must determine whether the spent fuel should be
9 treated as waste subject to permanent burial or should be considered an energy resource that is
10 needed to meet future energy requirements.

(b) OFFICE OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL RESEARCH. -- There is hereby established an Office
of Spent Nuclear Fuel Research (referred to as the "Office" in this section) within the Office of
Nuclear Energy Science and Technology of the Department of Energy. The Office shall be
headed by the Associate Director, who shall be a member of the Senior Executive Service
appointed by the Director of the Office of Nuclear Energy Science and Technology, and
compensated at a rate determined by applicable law.

(c) ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR.—The Associate Director of the Office of Spent Nuclear Fuel
 Research shall be responsible for carrying out an integrated research, development, and
 demonstration program on technologies for treatment, recycling, and disposal of high-level
 nuclear radioactive waste and spent nuclear fuel, subject to the general supervision of the
 Secretary. The Associate Director of the Office shall report to the Director of the Office of
 Nuclear Energy Science and Technology. The first such Associate Director shall be appointed

within 90 days of the enactment of this Act.

2	(d) GRANT AND CONTRACT AUTHORITY.—In carrying out his responsibilities under this
3	Section, the Secretary may make grants, or enter into contracts, for the purposes of the research
4	projects and activities described in (e)(2).
5	(e)(1) DUTIES.—The Associate Director of the Office shall involve national laboratories,
6	universities, the commercial nuclear industry, and other organizations to investigate technologies
7	for the treatment, recycling, and disposal of spent nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste.
8	(2) The Associate Director of the Office shall:
9	(A) develop a research plan to provide recommendations by 2015;
10	(B) identify technologies for the treatment, recycling, and disposal of spent
11	nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste;
12	(C) conduct research and development activities on such technologies;
13	(D) ensure that all activities include as key objectives minimization of
14	proliferation concerns and risk to health of the general public or site workers, as
15	well as development of cost-effective technologies;
16	(E) require research on both reactor- and accelerator-based transmutation
17	systems;
18	(F) require research on advanced processing and separations;
19	(G) encourage that research efforts include participation of international
20	collaborators;
21	(H) be authorized to fund international collaborators when they bring unique
22	capabilities not available in the United States and their host country is unable to

1	provide for their support;
-	

- 2 (I) ensure that research efforts with the Office are coordinated with research
 3 on advanced fuel cycles and reactors conducted within the Office of Nuclear
 4 Energy Science and Technology.
- (f) REPORT.—The Associate Director of the Office of Spent Nuclear Fuel Research shall
 annually prepare and submit a report to the Congress on the activities and expenditures of the
 Office, including the progress that has been made to achieve the objectives of subsection (c).

8 SEC. 108. STUDY AND REPORT ON STATUS OF DOMESTIC REFINING

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INDUSTRY AND PRODUCT DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT. – The Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the
Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the States, the National Petroleum
Council, and other representatives of the petroleum refining, distribution and retailing industries,
shall submit a report to the Congress on the condition of the domestic petroleum refining
industry and the petroleum product distribution system. The first such report shall be submitted
no later than January 1, 2002, and revised annually thereafter.

(b) RECOMMENDATIONS. – Each annual report shall include any recommendations
 that the Secretary believes should be implemented either through legislation or regulation to
 ensure that there is adequate domestic refining capacity and motor fuel supplies to meet the
 economic, social, and security requirements of the United States.

- 20 (c) PREPARATION. In preparing each annual report, the Secretary shall -
- (1) provide an assessment of the condition of the domestic petroleum refining
 industry and the nation's motor fuel distribution system, including the ability to

1	make future capital investments necessary to manufacture, transport, and store
2	different petroleum products required by local, state, and federal statute and
3	regulations;
4	(2) examine the reliability and cost of feedstocks and energy supplied to the
5	refining industry as well as the reliability and cost of products manufactured by
6	such industry;
7	(3) provide an assessment of the collective effect of current and future motor fuel
8	requirements on –
9	(A) the ability of the domestic motor fuels refining, distribution, and
10	retailing industries to reliably and cost-effectively supply fuel to the
11	nation's consumers and businesses;
12	(B) gasoline (reformulated and conventional) and diesel fuel (on-highway
13	and off-highway) supplies;
14	(C) retail motor fuel price volatility;
15	(4) explore opportunities to streamline permitting and siting decisions and
16	approvals for expanding existing and/or building new domestic refining capacity;
17	(5) recommend actions that can be taken to reduce future motor supply concerns,
18	and
19	(6) provide an assessment of whether uniform, regional, or national performance-
20	based fuel specifications would reduce supply disruptions and price spikes.
21	
22	(d) CONFIDENTIALITY OF DATA – Any information requested by the Secretary to be

submitted by industry for purposes of this section shall be treated as confidential and shall be
 used only for the preparation of the annual report.

3 SEC. 109. REVIEW OF FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

4 NATURAL GAS PIPELINE CERTIFICATION PROCEDURES. --- The Federal Energy

5 Regulatory Commission shall, in consultation with other appropriate federal agencies,

6 immediately undertake a comprehensive review of policies, procedures, and regulations for the

7 certification of natural gas pipelines to determine how to reduce the cost and time of obtaining a

8 certificate. The Commission shall report its findings within 6 months of the date of the

9 enactment of this Act to the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the

10 appropriate Committees of the United States House of Representatives, including any

11 recommendations for legislative changes.

12 SEC. 110. ANNUAL REPORT ON AVAILABILITY OF DOMESTIC ENERGY

13 **RESOURCES TO MAINTAIN THE UNITED STATES' ELECTRICITY GRID.**

(a) Beginning on October 1, 2001, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Energy, in
consultation with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and the North American Electric
Reliability Council, States, and appropriate regional organizations, shall submit a report to the
President and the Congress which evaluates the availability and capacity of domestic sources of
energy generation to maintain the electricity grid in the United States. Specifically, the Secretary
shall evaluate each region of the country with regard to grid stability during peak periods, such as
summer, and options for improving grid stability.

(b) The report shall specify specific legislative or administrative actions that could be
 implemented to improve baseload generation and set forth a range of options and alternatives

1	with a benefit/cost analysis for each option or alternative together with an estimate of the
2	contribution each option or alternative could make to reduce foreign oil imports. The report shall
3	indicate, in detail, options and alternatives to (1) increase the use of non-emitting domestic
4	energy sources, including conventional and non-conventional sources such as, but not limited to,
5	increased nuclear energy generation, and, (2) conserve energy resources, including improving
6	efficiencies and decreasing fuel consumption.
7	SEC. 111. STUDY OF FINANCING FOR NEW TECHNOLOGIES.
8	(a) The Secretary of Energy shall undertake an independent assessment of innovative
9	financing techniques to encourage and enable construction of new electricity supply technologies
10	with high initial capital costs that might not be otherwise be built in a deregulated market.
11	(b) The assessment shall be conducted by a firm with proven expertise in financing large
12	capital projects or in financial services consulting, and is to be provided to the Congress no later
13	than nine months from the date of enactment of this Act.
14	(c) The assessment shall include a comprehensive examination of all available techniques
15	to safeguard private investors in high capital cost technologies – including advanced design
16	power plants including, but not limited to, nuclear – against government-imposed risks that are
17	beyond the investors' control. Such techniques may include (but need not be limited to) federal
18	loan guarantees, federal price guarantees, special tax considerations, and direct federal
19	government investment.
20	SEC. 112. REVIEW OF REGULATIONS TO ELIMINATE BARRIERS TO EMERGING
21	ENERGY TECHNOLOGY

1	(a) IN GENERAL – Each federal agency shall carry out a review of its regulations and
2	standards to determine those that act as a barrier to market entry for emerging energy-efficient
3	technologies, including, but not limited to, fuel cells, combined heat and power, and distributed
4	generation (including small-scale renewable energy).
5	(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS – No later than eighteen months from date of enactment of
6	this section, each agency shall provide a report to Congress and the President detailing all
7	regulatory barriers to emerging energy-efficient technologies, along with actions the agency
8	intends to take, or has taken, to remove such barriers.
9	(c) PERIODIC REVIEW – Each agency shall subsequently review its regulations and
10	standards in this manner no less frequently than every five years, and report their findings to
11	Congress and President. Such reviews shall include a detailed analysis of all agency actions taken
12	to remove existing barriers to emerging energy technologies.
12 13	to remove existing barriers to emerging energy technologies. SEC. 113. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF
13	SEC. 113. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF
13 14	SEC. 113. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PROJECTS. — The Secretary of Energy, in
13 14 15	SEC. 113. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PROJECTS. — The Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, shall establish an administrative
13 14 15 16	SEC. 113. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PROJECTS. — The Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, shall establish an administrative interagency task force to develop an interagency agreement to expedite and facilitate the
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 113. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PROJECTS. — The Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, shall establish an administrative interagency task force to develop an interagency agreement to expedite and facilitate the environmental review and permitting of interstate natural gas pipeline projects. The task force
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 113. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PROJECTS. — The Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, shall establish an administrative interagency task force to develop an interagency agreement to expedite and facilitate the environmental review and permitting of interstate natural gas pipeline projects. The task force shall include the Bureau of Land Management and the Fish and Wildlife Service in the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 113. INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT ON ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OF INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PROJECTS. — The Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, shall establish an administrative interagency task force to develop an interagency agreement to expedite and facilitate the environmental review and permitting of interstate natural gas pipeline projects. The task force shall include the Bureau of Land Management and the Fish and Wildlife Service in the Department of the Interior, the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the United States Forest

1	interstate pipeline projects within a specific period of time after referral of the matter by the
2	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The agreement shall be completed within six months
3	after the effective date of this section.
4	SEC. 114. PIPELINE INTEGRITY, SAFETY AND RELIABILITY RESEARCH AND
5	DEVELOPMENT.
6	(a) IN GENERAL- The Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the Secretary of
7	Energy, shall develop and implement an accelerated cooperative program of research and
8	development to ensure the integrity of natural gas and hazardous liquid pipelines. This research
9	and development program shall include materials inspection techniques, risk assessment
10	methodology, and information systems surety.
11	(b) PURPOSE- The purpose of the cooperative research program shall be to promote
12	research and development to
13	(1) ensure long-term safety, reliability and service life for existing pipelines;
14	(2) expand capabilities of internal inspection devices to identify and accurately
15	measure defects and anomalies;
16	(3) develop inspection techniques for pipelines that cannot accommodate the
17	internal inspection devices available on the date of enactment;
18	(4) develop innovative techniques to measure the structural integrity of pipelines
19	to prevent pipeline failures;
20	(5) develop improved materials and coatings for use in pipelines;
21	(6) improve the capability, reliability, and practicality of external leak detection
22	devices;

1	(7) identify underground environments that might lead to shortened service life;
2	(8) enhance safety in pipeline siting and land use;
3	(9) minimize the environmental impact of pipelines;
4	(10) demonstrate technologies that improve pipeline safety, reliability, and
5	integrity;
6	(11) provide risk assessment tools for optimizing risk mitigation strategies; and
7	(12) provide highly secure information systems for controlling the operation of
8	pipelines.
9	(c) AREAS- In carrying out this section, the Secretary of Transportation, in coordination
10	with the Secretary of Energy, shall consider research and development on natural gas, crude oil,
11	and petroleum product pipelines for
12	(1) early crack, defect, and damage detection, including real-time damage
13	monitoring;
14	(2) automated internal pipeline inspection sensor systems;
15	(3) land use guidance and set back management along pipeline rights-of-way for
16	communities;
17	(4) internal corrosion control;
18	(5) corrosion-resistant coatings;
19	(6) improved cathodic protection;
20	(7) inspection techniques where internal inspection is not feasible, including
21	measurement of structural integrity;

1	(8) external leak detection, including portable real-time video imaging technology,
2	and the advancement of computerized control center leak detection systems
3	utilizing real-time remote field data input;
4	(9) longer life, high strength, non-corrosive pipeline materials;
5	(10) assessing the remaining strength of existing pipes;
6	(11) risk and reliability analysis models, to be used to identify safety
7	improvements that could be realized in the near term resulting from analysis of
8	data obtained from a pipeline performance tracking initiative.
9	(12) identification, monitoring, and prevention of outside force damage, including
10	satellite surveillance; and
11	(13) any other areas necessary to ensuring the public safety and protecting the
12	environment.
13	(d) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM PLAN - Within 240 days after the
14	date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the
15	Secretary of Energy and the Pipeline Integrity Technical Advisory Committee, shall prepare and
16	submit to the Congress a five-year program plan to guide activities under this section. In
17	preparing the program plan, the Secretary shall consult with appropriate representatives of the
18	natural gas, crude oil, and petroleum product pipeline industries to select and prioritize
19	appropriate project proposals. The Secretary may also seek the advice of utilities, manufacturers,
20	institutions of higher learning, Federal agencies, the pipeline research institutions, national
21	laboratories, State pipeline safety officials, environmental organizations, pipeline safety
22	advocates, and professional and technical societies.

1	(e) IMPLEMENTATION - The Secretary of Transportation shall have primary
2	responsibility for ensuring the five-year plan provided for in subsection (d) is implemented as
3	intended by this section. In carrying out the research, development, and demonstration activities
4	under this section, the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Energy may use, to the
5	extent authorized under applicable provisions of law, contracts, cooperative agreements,
6	cooperative research and development agreements under the Stevenson-Wydler Technology
7	Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.), grants, joint ventures, other transactions, and
8	any other form of agreement available to the Secretary consistent with the recommendations of
9	the Advisory Committee.
10	(f) REPORTS TO CONGRESS - The Secretary of Transportation shall report to the
11	Congress annually as to the status and results to date of the implementation of the research and
12	development program plan. The report shall include the activities of the Departments of
13	Transportation and Energy, the national laboratories, universities, and any other research
14	organizations, including industry research organizations.
15	(g) PIPELINE INTEGRITY TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE. –
16	(1) ESTABLISHMENT- The Secretary of Transportation shall enter into
17	appropriate arrangements with the National Academy of Sciences to establish and
18	manage the Pipeline Integrity Technical Advisory Committee for the purpose of
19	advising the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Energy on the
20	development and implementation of the five-year research, development, and
21	demonstration program plan as defined in Sec. 3(e). The Advisory Committee

1	shall have an ongoing role in evaluating the progress and results of the research,
2	development, and demonstration carried out under this section.
3	(2) MEMBERSHIP- The National Academy of Sciences shall appoint the
4	members of the Pipeline Integrity Technical Advisory Committee after
5	consultation with the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Energy.
6	Members appointed to the Advisory Committee should have the necessary
7	qualifications to provide technical contributions to the purposes of the Advisory
8	Committee.
9	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. — There are authorized to be
10	appropriated to the Secretary of Transportation and to the Secretary of Energy for carrying out
11	this section such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2002 through 2006.
12	SEC. 115. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR NEW NATURAL GAS
12 13	SEC. 115. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR NEW NATURAL GAS TECHNOLOGIES.
13	TECHNOLOGIES.
13 14	TECHNOLOGIES. (a) The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a comprehensive five-year program for
13 14 15	TECHNOLOGIES. (a) The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a comprehensive five-year program for research, development and demonstration to improve the reliability, efficiency, safety and
13 14 15 16	TECHNOLOGIES. (a) The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a comprehensive five-year program for research, development and demonstration to improve the reliability, efficiency, safety and integrity of the natural gas transportation and distribution infrastructure and for distributed
13 14 15 16 17	TECHNOLOGIES. (a) The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a comprehensive five-year program for research, development and demonstration to improve the reliability, efficiency, safety and integrity of the natural gas transportation and distribution infrastructure and for distributed energy resources (including microturbines, fuel cells, advanced engine-generators gas turbines
13 14 15 16 17 18	TECHNOLOGIES. (a) The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a comprehensive five-year program for research, development and demonstration to improve the reliability, efficiency, safety and integrity of the natural gas transportation and distribution infrastructure and for distributed energy resources (including microturbines, fuel cells, advanced engine-generators gas turbines reciprocating engines, hybrid power generation systems, and all ancillary equipment for dispatch,
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	TECHNOLOGIES. (a) The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a comprehensive five-year program for research, development and demonstration to improve the reliability, efficiency, safety and integrity of the natural gas transportation and distribution infrastructure and for distributed energy resources (including microturbines, fuel cells, advanced engine-generators gas turbines reciprocating engines, hybrid power generation systems, and all ancillary equipment for dispatch, control and maintenance).

1	TITLE II - TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR
2	ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY FOR COAL-BASED ELECTRICITY
3	GENERATING FACILITIES.
4	SEC. 201. PURPOSE The purpose of this title is to direct the Secretary of Energy (referred
5	to as "Secretary" in this title) to -
6	(1) establish a coal-based technology development program designed to achieve cost and
7	performance goals;
8	(2) carry out a study to identify technologies that may be capable of achieving, either
9	individually or in combination, the cost and performance goals and for other purposes; and
10	(3) implement a research, development, and demonstration program to develop and
11	demonstrate, in commercial-scale applications, advanced clean coal technologies for coal-fired
12	generating units constructed before the date of enactment of this title.
13	SEC. 202. COST AND PERFORMANCE GOALS.
14	(a) IN GENERAL The Secretary shall perform an assessment that identifies costs and
15	associated performance of technologies that would permit the continued cost-competitive use of
16	coal for electricity generation, as chemical feedstocks, and as transportation fuel in 2007, 2015,
17	and the years after 2020.
18	(b) CONSULTATION In establishing cost and performance goals, the Secretary shall consult
19	with representatives of—
20	(1) the United States coal industry;
21	(2) State coal development agencies;
22	(3) the electric utility industry;

1	(4) railroads and other transportation industries
2	(5) manufacturers of equipment using advanced coal technologies;
3	(6) organizations representing workers; and
4	(7) organizations formed to-
5	(A) further the goals of environmental protection;
6	(B) promote the use of coal; or
7	(C) promote the development and use of advanced coal technologies.
8	(c) TIMING.–The Secretary shall-
9	(1) not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, issue a set of draft cost
10	and performance goals for public comment; and
11	(2) not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and after taking into
12	consideration any public comments received, submit to Congress the final cost and
13	performance goals.
14	SEC. 203. STUDY.
15	(a) IN GENERAL Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in
16	cooperation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Administrator of the Environmental
17	Protection Agency, shall conduct a study to
18	(1) identify technologies capable of achieving cost and performance goals, either
19	individually or in various combinations;
20	(2) assess costs that would be incurred by, and the period of time that would be required
21	for, the development and demonstration of technologies that contribute, either

1	individually or in various combinations, to the achievement of cost and performance
2	goals; and
3	(3) develop recommendations for technology development programs, which the
4	Department of Energy could carry out in cooperation with industry, to develop and
5	demonstrate such technologies.
6	(b) COOPERATION In carrying out this section, the Secretary shall give appropriate
7	consideration to the expert advice of representatives from the entities described in section 111(b).
8	SEC. 204. TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.
9	(a) IN GENERAL The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development,
10	demonstration, and commercial application of coal-based technologies under-
11	(1) this Act;
12	(2) the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
13	5901 et seq.);
14	(3) the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5801 et seq.); and
15	(4) title XVI of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13381 et seq.).
16	(b) CONDITIONS The research, development, demonstration, and commercial application
17	programs identified in section 203(a) shall be designed to achieve the cost and performance
18	goals, either individually or in various combinations.
19	(c) REPORT Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
20	shall submit to the President and Congress a report containing –

1	(1) a description of the programs that, as of the date of the report, are in effect or are to be
2	carried out by the Department of Energy to support technologies that are designed to
3	achieve the cost and performance goals; and
4	(2) recommendations for additional authorities required to achieve the cost and
5	performance goals.
6	SEC. 205. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
7	(a) IN GENERAL There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of sections
8	202, 203, and 204, \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2002 through 2012, to remain available
9	until expended.
10	(b) CONDITIONS OF AUTHORIZATION. – The authorization of appropriations under
11	subsection (a) –
12	(1) shall be in addition to authorizations of appropriations in effect on the date of
13	enactment of this Act; and
14	(2) shall not be a cap on Department of Energy fossil energy research and development
15	and clean coal technology appropriations.
16	SEC. 206. POWER PLANT IMPROVEMENT INITIATIVE.
17	(a) IN GENERAL. – The Secretary shall carry out a power plant improvement initiative program
18	that will demonstrate commercial applications of advanced coal-based technologies applicable to
19	new or existing power plants, including co-production plants, that, either individually or in
20	combination, advance the efficiency, environmental performance and cost competitiveness well
21	beyond that which is in operation or has been demonstrated to date.

1	(b) PLAN. – Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary shall
2	submit to Congress a plan to carry out subsection (a) that includes a description of
3	(1) the program elements and management structure to be used;
4	(2) the technical milestones to be achieved with respect to each of the advanced coal-
5	based technologies included in the plan; and
6	(3) the demonstration activities that will benefit new or existing coal-based electric
7	generation units having at least a 50 megawatt nameplate rating including improvements
8	to allow the units to achieve either: —
9	(A) an overall design efficiency improvement of not less than 3 percentage points
10	as compared with the efficiency of the unit as operated on the date of the
11	enactment of this title and before any retrofit, repowering, replacement or
12	installation;
13	(B) a significant improvement in the environmental performance related to the
14	control of sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide or mercury in a manner that is well below
15	the cost of technologies that are in operation or have been demonstrated to date; or
16	(C) a means of recycling or reusing a significant proportion of coal combustion
17	wastes produced by coal-based generating units excluding practices that are
18	commercially available at the date of enactment.
19	SEC. 207. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
20	(a) IN GENERAL — Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Secretary submits to

21 Congress the plan under section 206(b), the Secretary shall solicit proposals for projects which

1	serve or benefit new or existing facilities and, either individually or in combination, are designed
2	to achieve the levels of performance set forth in section 206(b)(3).
3	(b) PROJECT CRITERIA — A solicitation under subsection (a) may include solicitation of a
4	proposal for a project to demonstrate—
5	(1) the reduction of emissions of one or more pollutants; or
6	(2) the production of coal combustion byproducts that are capable of obtaining economic
7	values significantly greater than byproducts produced on the date of enactment of this
8	title.
9	(c) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.— The Secretary shall provide financial assistance to projects
10	that —
11	(1) demonstrate overall cost reductions in the utilization of coal to generate useful forms
12	of energy;
13	(2) improve the competitiveness of coal among various forms of energy to maintain a
14	diversity of fuel choices in the U.S. to meet electricity generation requirements; and
15	(3) achieve in a cost-effective manner, 1 or more of the criteria set out in the solicitation;
16	and
17	(4) demonstrate technologies that are applicable to 25 percent of the electricity generating
18	facilities that use coal as the primary feedstock on the date of enactment of this title.
19	(d) FEDERAL SHARE. —The Federal share of the cost of any project funded under this section
20	shall not exceed 50 percent.

1	(e) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW PROVISIONS. —A project funded under
2	this section shall be exempt from the new source review provisions of the Clean Air Act (42
3	U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).
4	SEC. 208. FUNDING.
5	To carry out sections 206 and 207, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
6	necessary.
7	SEC. 209. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR ADVANCED SAFE AND
8	EFFICIENT COAL MINING TECHNOLOGIES.
9	(a) The Secretary of Energy shall establish a cooperative research partnership involving
10	appropriate federal agencies, coal producers, including associations, equipment manufacturers,
11	universities with mining engineering departments, and other relevant entities to develop mining
12	research priorities identified by the Mining Industry of the Future Program and in the National
13	Academy of Sciences report on Mining Technologies, establish a process for joint industry-
14	government research, and expand mining research capabilities at universities.
15	(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the requirements of this section,
16	\$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2002, \$12,000,000 in fiscal year 2003, and \$15,000,0000 in fiscal year
17	2004. At least 20 percent of any funds appropriated shall be dedicated to research carried out at
18	universities.
19	SEC. 210. RAILROAD EFFICIENCY.
20	(a) The Secretary shall, in conjunction with the Secretaries of Transportation and
21	Defense, and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, establish a public-

22 private research partnership involving the federal government, railroad carriers, locomotive

1	manufacturers, and the Association of American Railroads. The goal of the initiative shall
2	include developing and demonstrating locomotive technologies that increase fuel economy,
3	reduce emissions, improve safety, and lower costs.
4	(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the requirements of this Section
5	\$50 million in fiscal year 2002, \$60 million in fiscal year 2003, and \$70 million in fiscal year
6	2004.
7	
8	TITLE III - OIL AND GAS
9	SUBTITLE A - DEEPWATER AND FRONTIER ROYALTY RELIEF
10	SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE This part may be referred to as the "Outer Continental Shelf Deep
11	Water and Frontier Royalty Relief Act".
12	SEC. 302. AMENDMENTS TO THE OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF LANDS ACT.
13	(a) Section 8(a)(3) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(3)), is
14	amended
15	(1) by designating the provisions of paragraph (3) as subparagraph (A) of such paragraph
16	(3); and
17	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (A), as so designated, the following:
18	"(B) In the Western and Central Planning Areas of the Gulf of Mexico and the portion of
19	the Eastern Planning Area of the Gulf of Mexico encompassing whole lease blocks lying
20	west of 87 degrees, 30 minutes West longitude, the Secretary may, in order to
21	"(i) promote development or increased production on producing or non-producing
22	leases; or

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"(ii) encourage production of marginal resources on producing or non-producing leases;

through primary, secondary, or tertiary recovery means, reduce or eliminate any royalty or
net profit share set forth in the lease(s). With the lessee's consent, the Secretary may make
other modifications to the royalty or net profit share terms of the lease in order to achieve
these purposes".

"(C)(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Act other than this subparagraph, with 7 8 respect to any lease or unit in existence on the date of enactment of the Outer Continental 9 Shelf Deep Water Royalty Relief Act meeting the requirements of this subparagraph, no 10 royalty payments shall be due on new production, as defined in clause (iv) of this 11 subparagraph, from any lease or unit located in water depths of 200 meters or greater in 12 the Western and Central Planning Areas of the Gulf of Mexico, including that portion of 13 the Eastern Planning Area of the Gulf of Mexico encompassing whole lease blocks lying 14 west of 87 degrees, 30 minutes West longitude, until such volume of production as 15 determined pursuant to clause (ii) has been produced by the lessee.

"(ii) Upon submission of a complete application by the lessee, the Secretary shall
determine within 180 days of such application whether new production from such lease or
unit would be economic in the absence of the relief from the requirement to pay royalties
provided for by clause (i) of this subparagraph. In making such determination, the
Secretary shall consider the increased technological and financial risk of deep water
development and all costs associated with exploring, developing, and producing from the
lease. The lessee shall provide information required for a complete application to the

Secretary prior to such determination. The Secretary shall clearly define the information 1 2 required for a complete application under this section. Such application may be made on 3 the basis of an individual lease or unit. If the Secretary determines that such new production would be economic in the absence of the relief from the requirement to pay 4 5 royalties provided for by clause (i) of this subparagraph, the provisions of clause (i) shall 6 not apply to such production. If the Secretary determines that such new production would not be economic in the absence of the relief from the requirement to pay royalties 7 8 provided for by clause (i), the Secretary must determine the volume of production from 9 the lease or unit on which no royalties would be due in order to make such new 10 production economically viable; except that for new production as defined in clause 11 (iv)(I), in no case will that volume be less than 17.5 million barrels of oil equivalent in 12 water depths of 200 to 400 meters, 52.5 million barrels of oil equivalent in 400-800 13 meters of water, and 87.5 million barrels of oil equivalent in water depths greater than 14 800 meters. Redetermination of the applicability of clause (i) shall be undertaken by the 15 Secretary when requested by the lessee prior to the commencement of the new production 16 and upon significant change in the factors upon which the original determination was 17 made. The Secretary shall make such redetermination within 120 days of submission of a 18 complete application. The Secretary may extend the time period for making any 19 determination or redetermination under this clause for 30 days, or longer if agreed to by 20 the applicant, if circumstances so warrant. The lessee shall be notified in writing of any 21 determination or redetermination and the reasons for and assumptions used for such 22 determination. Any determination or redetermination under this clause shall be a final

1	agency action. The Secretary's determination or redetermination shall be subject to
2	judicial review under section 10(a) of the Administrative Procedures Act (5 U.S.C. 702),
3	only for actions filed within 30 days of the Secretary's determination or redetermination.
4	"(iii) In the event that the Secretary fails to make the determination or redetermination
5	called for in clause (ii) upon application by the lessee within the time period, together
6	with any extension thereof, provided for by clause (ii), no royalty payments shall be due
7	on new production as follows:
8	"(I) For new production, as defined in clause (iv)(I) of this subparagraph, no
9	royalty shall be due on such production according to the schedule of minimum
10	volumes specified in clause (ii) of this subparagraph.
11	"(II) For new production, as defined in clause (iv)(II) of this subparagraph, no
12	royalty shall be due on such production for one year following the start of such
13	production.
14	"(iv) For purposes of this subparagraph, the term `new production' is
15	"(I) any production from a lease from which no royalties are due on production,
16	other than test production, prior to the date of enactment of the Outer Continental
17	Shelf Deep Water Royalty Relief Act; or
18	"(II) any production resulting from lease development activities pursuant to a
19	Development Operations Coordination Document, or supplement thereto that
20	would expand production significantly beyond the level anticipated in the
21	Development Operations Coordination Document, approved by the Secretary after

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the date of enactment of the Outer Continental Shelf Deep Water Royalty Relief Act.

3 "(v) During the production of volumes determined pursuant to clauses (ii) or (iii) of this subparagraph, in any year during which the arithmetic average of the closing prices on the 4 5 New York Mercantile Exchange for light sweet crude oil exceeds \$28.00 per barrel, any 6 production of oil will be subject to royalties at the lease stipulated royalty rate. Any production subject to this clause shall be counted toward the production volume 7 8 determined pursuant to clause (ii) or (iii). Estimated royalty payments will be made if 9 such average of the closing prices for the previous year exceeds \$28.00. After the end of 10 the calendar year, when the new average price can be calculated, lessees will pay any 11 royalties due, with interest but without penalty, or can apply for a refund, with interest, of 12 any overpayment.

13 "(vi) During the production of volumes determined pursuant to clause (ii) or (iii) of this 14 subparagraph, in any year during which the arithmetic average of the closing prices on the 15 New York Mercantile Exchange for natural gas exceeds \$3.50 per million British thermal 16 units, any production of natural gas will be subject to royalties at the lease stipulated 17 royalty rate. Any production subject to this clause shall be counted toward the production 18 volume determined pursuant to clauses (ii) or (iii). Estimated royalty payments will be 19 made if such average of the closing prices for the previous year exceeds \$3.50. After the 20 end of the calendar year, when the new average price can be calculated, lessees will pay 21 any royalties due, with interest but without penalty, or can apply for a refund, with 22 interest, of any overpayment.

1	"(vii) The prices referred to in clauses (v) and (vi) of this subparagraph shall be changed
2	during any calendar year after 1994 by the percentage, if any, by which the implicit price
3	deflator for the gross domestic product changed during the preceding calendar year.".
4	(b) Section 8(a)(1)(D) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, (43 U.S.C.
5	1337(a)(1)(D)) is amended by striking the word "area;" and inserting in lieu thereof the word
6	"area," and the following new text:
7	"except in the Arctic areas of Alaska, where the Secretary is authorized to set the net
8	profit share at 16 and 2/3 percent. For purposes of this section, 'Arctic areas' means the
9	Beaufort Sea and Chukchi Sea Planning Areas of Alaska."
10	(c) Section 8(a) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)) is amended
11	by adding a new subparagraph (10) at the end thereof:
12	"(10) After an oil and gas lease is granted pursuant to any of the bidding systems of
13	paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Secretary shall reduce any future royalty or rental
14	obligation of the lessee on any lease issued by the Secretary (and proposed by the lessee
15	for such reduction) by an amount equal to –
16	(a) 10 percent of the qualified costs of exploratory wells drilled or geophysical
17	work performed on any lease issued by the Secretary, whichever is greater,
18	pursuant to this Act in Arctic areas of Alaska and
19	(b) an additional 10 percent of the qualified costs of any such exploratory wells
20	which are located ten or more miles from another well drilled for oil and gas.
21	For purposes of this Act

1	'qualified costs' shall mean the costs allocated to the exploratory well or geophysical
2	work in support of an exploration program pursuant to 26 U.S.C. as amended;
3	'exploratory well' shall mean either an exploratory well as defined by the United States
4	Securities and Exchange Commission in 17 C.F.R. 210.4-10(a)(10), as amended, or a
5	well three or more miles from any oil or gas well or a pipeline which transports oil or gas
6	to a market or terminal;
7	'geophysical work' shall mean all geophysical data gathering methods used in
8	hydrocarbon exploration and includes seismic, gravity, magnetic, and electromagnetic
9	measurements; and,
10	all distances shall be measured in horizontal distance. When a measurement beginning or
11	ending point is a well, the measurement point shall be the bottom hole location of that
12	well."
12 13	well." SEC. 303. NEW LEASES Section 8(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, as
13	SEC. 303. NEW LEASES Section 8(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, as
13 14	SEC. 303. NEW LEASES Section 8(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(1)) is amended
13 14 15	SEC. 303. NEW LEASES Section 8(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(1)) is amended (1) by redesignating subparagraph (H) as subparagraph (I);
13 14 15 16	 SEC. 303. NEW LEASES Section 8(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(1)) is amended (1) by redesignating subparagraph (H) as subparagraph (I); (2) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (G); and
13 14 15 16 17	 SEC. 303. NEW LEASES Section 8(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(1)) is amended (1) by redesignating subparagraph (H) as subparagraph (I); (2) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (G); and (3) by inserting after subparagraph (G) the following new subparagraph:
13 14 15 16 17 18	 SEC. 303. NEW LEASES Section 8(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(1)) is amended (1) by redesignating subparagraph (H) as subparagraph (I); (2) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (G); and (3) by inserting after subparagraph (G) the following new subparagraph: "(H) cash bonus bid with royalty at no less than 12 and 1/2 per centum fixed by
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	 SEC. 303. NEW LEASES Section 8(a)(1) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(1)) is amended (1) by redesignating subparagraph (H) as subparagraph (I); (2) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (G); and (3) by inserting after subparagraph (G) the following new subparagraph: "(H) cash bonus bid with royalty at no less than 12 and 1/2 per centum fixed by the Secretary in amount or value of production saved, removed, or sold, and with

1	SEC. 304. LEASE SALES For all tracts located in water depths of 200 meters or greater in
2	the Western and Central Planning Area of the Gulf of Mexico, including that portion of the
3	Eastern Planning Area of the Gulf of Mexico encompassing whole lease blocks lying west of 87
4	degrees, 30 minutes West longitude, any lease sale within five years of the date of enactment of
5	this part, shall use the bidding system authorized in section 8(a)(1)(H) of the Outer Continental
6	Shelf Lands Act, as amended by this part, except that the suspension of royalties shall be set at a
7	volume of not less than the following:
8	(1) 17.5 million barrels of oil equivalent for leases in water depths of 200 to 400 meters;
9	(2) 52.5 million barrels of oil equivalent for leases in 400 to 800 meters of water; and
10	(3) 87.5 million barrels of oil equivalent for leases in water depths greater than 800
11	meters.
12	SEC. 305. REGULATIONS The Secretary shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are
13	necessary to implement the provisions of this part within 180 days after the enactment of this
14	Act.
15	SEC. 306. SAVINGS CLAUSE Nothing in this part shall be construed to affect any offshore
16	pre-leasing, leasing, or development moratorium, including any moratorium applicable to the
17	Eastern Planning Area of the Gulf of Mexico located off the Gulf Coast of Florida.
18	
19	SUBTITLE B - OIL AND GAS ROYALTIES IN KIND
20	SEC. 310. PROGRAM ON OIL AND GAS ROYALTIES IN KIND
21	(a) APPLICABILITY OF SECTION Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
22	

1	Interior under any Federal oil or gas lease or permit under section 36 of the Mineral Leasing Act
2	(30 U.S.C. 192) or section 27 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1353) or any
3	other mineral leasing law from the date of enactment of this Act through September 30, 2006.
4	(b) TERMS AND CONDITIONS All royalty accruing to the United States under any
5	Federal oil or gas lease or permit under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) or the
6	Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.) or any other mineral leasing law on
7	demand of the Secretary of the Interior shall be paid in oil or gas. If the Secretary of the Interior
8	elects to accept the royalty in kind-
9	(1) Delivery by, or on behalf of, the lessee of the royalty amount and quality due
10	at the lease satisfies the lessee's royalty obligation for the amount delivered, except that
11	transportation and processing reimbursements paid to, or deductions claimed by, the
12	lessee shall be subject to review and audit.
13	(2) Royalty production shall be placed in marketable condition at no cost to the
14	United States.
15	(3) The Secretary of the Interior may - (A) sell or otherwise dispose of any royalty
16	oil or gas taken in kind for not less than fair market value; and (B) transport or process any
17	oil or gas royalty taken in kind.
18	(4) The Secretary of the Interior may, notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31,
19	United States Code, retain and use a portion of the revenues from the sale of oil and gas
20	royalties taken in kind that otherwise would be deposited to miscellaneous receipts,
21	without regard to fiscal year limitation, or may use royalty production, to pay the cost of-
22	(A) transporting the oil or gas,

2

(B) processing the gas, or

(C) disposing of the oil or gas.

3 (5) The Secretary may not use revenues from the sale of oil and gas royalties taken
4 in kind to pay for personnel, travel or other administrative costs of the Federal
5 Government.

6 (c) REIMBURSEMENT OF COST. - If the lessee, pursuant to an agreement with the 7 United States or as provided in the lease, processes the gas or delivers the royalty oil or gas at a 8 point not on or adjacent to the lease area, the Secretary of the Interior shall reimburse the lessee 9 for the reasonable costs of transportation (not including gathering) from the lease to the point of 10 delivery or for processing costs, or, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, allow the 11 lessee to deduct such transportation or processing costs in reporting and paying royalties in value 12 for other Federal oil and gas leases.

(d) BENEFIT TO THE UNITED STATES. - The Secretary shall administer any program
taking royalty oil or gas in kind only if the Secretary determines that the program is providing
benefits to the United States greater than or equal to those which would be realized under a
comparable royalty in value program.

(e) REPORT TO CONGRESS. - For every fiscal year, beginning in 2002 through 2006, in
which the United States takes oil or gas royalties within any State or from the Outer Continental
Shelf in kind, excluding royalties taken in kind and sold to refineries under subsection (h) of this
section, the Secretary of the Interior shall provide a report to Congress describing:
1	(1) the methodology or methodologies used by the Secretary to determine
2	compliance with subsection (d), including performance standards for comparing to
3	amounts likely to have been received had royalties been taken in value;
4	(2) an explanation of the evaluation that led the Secretary to take royalties in kind
5	from a lease or group of leases, including the expected revenue effect of taking royalties in
6	kind;
7	(3) actual amounts realized from taking royalties in kind, and costs and savings
8	associated with taking royalties in kind; and
9	(4) an evaluation of other relevant public benefits or detriments associated with
10	taking royalties in kind.
11	(f) DEDUCTION OF EXPENSES. –
12	(1) Prior to making disbursements under section 35 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30
13	U.S.C. 191) or section 8 (g) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (30 U.S.C.
14	1337(g)) or other applicable provision of law, of revenues derived from the sale of
15	royalty production taken in kind from a lease, the Secretary of the Interior shall
16	deduct amounts paid or deducted under paragraphs (b)(3) and (c), and shall deposit
17	such amounts to miscellaneous receipts.
18	(2) If the Secretary of the Interior allows the lessee to deduct transportation or
19	processing costs under paragraph (c), the Secretary of the Interior may not reduce
20	any payments to recipients of revenues derived from any other Federal oil and gas
21	lease as a consequence of that deduction.

1	(g) CONSULTATION WITH STATES. The Secretary of the Interior will consult with a
2	State prior to conducting a royalty in kind program within the State and may delegate management
3	of any portion of the Federal royalty in kind program to such State except as otherwise prohibited
4	by Federal law. The Secretary shall also consult annually with any State from which Federal
5	royalty oil or gas is being taken in kind to ensure to the maximum extent practicable that the
6	royalty in kind program provides revenues to the State greater than or equal to those which would
7	be realized under a comparable royalty in value program.
8	(h) PROVISIONS FOR SMALL REFINERIES. —
9	(1) If the Secretary of the Interior determines that sufficient supplies of crude oil
10	are not available in the open market to refineries not having their own source of
11	supply for crude oil, the Secretary may grant preference to such refineries in the
12	sale of any royalty oil accruing or reserved to the United States under Federal oil
13	and gas leases issued under any mineral leasing law, for processing or use in such
14	refineries at private sale at not less than fair market value.
15	(2) In selling oil under this subsection, the Secretary of the Interior may at his
16	discretion prorate such oil among such refineries in the area in which the oil is
17	produced.
18	(i) DISPOSITION TO FEDERAL AGENCIES. –
19	(1) Any royalty oil or gas taken in kind from onshore oil and gas leases may be
20	sold at not less than the fair market value to any department or agency of the
21	United States.

1	(2) Any royalty oil or gas taken in kind from Federal oil and gas leases on the		
2	Outer Continental Shelf may be disposed of under 43 U.S.C. 1353(a)(3).		
3			
4	SUBTITLE C - USE OF ROYALTY IN KIND OIL TO FILL THE STRATEGIC		
5	PETROLEUM RESERVE		
6			
7	SEC. 320. USE OF ROYALTY IN KIND OIL TO FILL THE STRATEGIC PETROLEUM		
8	RESERVE . The Secretary of the Interior shall enter into an agreement with the Secretary of		
9	Energy to transfer title to the federal share of crude oil production from federal lands for use at the		
10	discretion of the Secretary of Energy in filling the Strategic Petroleum Reserve during periods of		
11	crude oil market stability. The Secretary of Energy may also use the federal share of crude oil		
12	produced from federal lands for other disposal within the Federal Government, as he may		
13	determine, to carry out the energy policy of the United States.		
14			
15	SUBTITLE D—IMPROVEMENTS TO FEDERAL OIL AND GAS LEASE		
16	MANAGEMENT		
17	SEC. 330. SHORT TITLE This Part may be cited as the "Federal Oil and Gas Lease		
18	Management Improvement Act of 2000".		
19	SEC. 331. DEFINITIONS In this Part—		
20	(a) APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO DRILL.—The term `application for a permit to drill' means		
21	a drilling plan including design, mechanical, and engineering aspects for drilling a well.		
22	(b) FEDERAL LAND.—		

1		(1)	IN GENERAL.—The term `Federal land' means all land and interests in land owned
2		by the	e United States that are subject to the mineral leasing laws, including mineral
3		resou	rces or mineral estates reserved to the United States in the conveyance of a surface or
4		non-n	nineral estate.
5		(2)	EXCLUSION.—The term `Federal land' does not include
6			(i) Indian land (as defined in section 3 of the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty
7			Management Act of 1982 (30 U.S.C. 1702)); or
8			(ii) submerged land on the Outer Continental Shelf (as defined in section 2 of
9			the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331)).
10	(c)	OIL A	ND GAS CONSERVATION AUTHORITY.—The term `oil and gas conservation authority'
11	mean	s the ag	ency or agencies in each State responsible for regulating for conservation purposes
12	opera	tions to	explore for and produce oil and natural gas.
13	(d)	Proje	ECT.—The term `project' means an activity by a lessee, an operator, or an operating
14	rights	sowner	to explore for, develop, produce, or transport oil or gas resources.
15	(e)	SECR	ETARY.—The term `Secretary' means
16		(1)	the Secretary of the Interior, with respect to land under the administrative
17		jurisd	iction of the Department of the Interior; and
18		(2)	the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to land under the administrative
19		jurisd	iction of the Department of Agriculture.
20	(f)	SURF	ACE USE PLAN OF OPERATIONS.—The term `surface use plan of operations' means a
21	plan f	for surfa	ce use, disturbance, and reclamation.

2

SEC. 332. NO PROPERTY RIGHT. – Nothing in this Part gives a State a property right or interest in any Federal lease or land.

3 SEC. 333. TRANSFER OF AUTHORITY.

(a) NOTIFICATION.—Not before the date that is 180 days after the date of enactment of this
Act, a State may notify the Secretary of its intent to accept authority for regulation of operations,
as described in subparagraphs (A) through (K) of subsection (b)(2), under oil and gas leases on
Federal land within the State.

8 (b) TRANSFER OF AUTHORITY.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Effective 180 days after the Secretary receives the State's notice,
10 authority for the regulation of oil and gas leasing operations is transferred from the
11 Secretary to the State.

- 12 (2) AUTHORITY INCLUDED.—The authority transferred under paragraph (1) includes—
- (A) processing and approving applications for permits to drill, subject to
 surface use agreements and other terms and conditions determined by the
 Secretary;
- 16 (B) production operations;
- 17 (C) well testing;
- 18 (D) well completion;
- 19 (E) well spacing;

- 20 (F) communization;
- 21 (G) conversion of a producing well to a water well;
 - (H) well abandonment procedures;

1		(I) inspections;
2		(J) enforcement activities; and
3		(K) site security.
4	(c)	RETAINED AUTHORITY.—The Secretary shall —
5		(1) retain authority over the issuance of leases and the approval of surface use plans of
6		operations and project-level environmental analyses; and
7		(2) spend appropriated funds to ensure that timely decisions are made respecting oil
8		and gas leasing, taking into consideration multiple uses of Federal land, socioeconomic
9		and environmental impacts, and the results of consultations with State and local
10		government officials.
11	SEC.	334. ACTIVITY FOLLOWING TRANSFER OF AUTHORITY.
11 12	SEC. (a)	334. ACTIVITY FOLLOWING TRANSFER OF AUTHORITY. FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Following the transfer of authority, no Federal agency shall
	(a)	
12	(a) exerc	FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Following the transfer of authority, no Federal agency shall
12 13	(a) exerc	FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Following the transfer of authority, no Federal agency shall ise the authority formerly held by the Secretary as to oil and gas lease operations and related
12 13 14	(a) exerc opera	FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Following the transfer of authority, no Federal agency shall ise the authority formerly held by the Secretary as to oil and gas lease operations and related tions on Federal land.
12 13 14 15	(a) exerc opera	FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Following the transfer of authority, no Federal agency shall ise the authority formerly held by the Secretary as to oil and gas lease operations and related tions on Federal land. STATE AUTHORITY.—
12 13 14 15 16	(a) exerc opera	 FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Following the transfer of authority, no Federal agency shall ise the authority formerly held by the Secretary as to oil and gas lease operations and related tions on Federal land. STATE AUTHORITY.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Following the transfer of authority, each State shall enforce its own
12 13 14 15 16 17	(a) exerc opera	 FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Following the transfer of authority, no Federal agency shall ise the authority formerly held by the Secretary as to oil and gas lease operations and related tions on Federal land. STATE AUTHORITY.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Following the transfer of authority, each State shall enforce its own oil and gas conservation laws and requirements pertaining to transferred oil and gas lease

1		(2) APPEALS.—Following a transfer of authority under section 333, an appeal of any
2		decision made by a State oil and gas conservation authority shall be made in accordance
3		with State administrative procedures.
4	(c)	PENDING ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.—The Secretary may continue to enforce any pending
5	actions	s respecting acts committed before the date on which authority is transferred to a State
6	under	section 333 until those proceedings are concluded.
7	(d)	PENDING APPLICATIONS.—
8		(1) TRANSFER TO STATE.—All applications respecting oil and gas lease operations and
9		related operations on Federal land pending before the Secretary on the date on which
10		authority is transferred under section 333 shall be immediately transferred to the oil and
11		gas conservation authority of the State in which the lease is located.
12		(2) ACTION BY THE STATE.—The oil and gas conservation authority shall act on the
13		application in accordance with State laws (including regulations) and requirements.
14	SEC.	335. COMPENSATION FOR COSTS.
15	(a)	IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall compensate
16	any St	ate for costs incurred to carry out the authorities transferred under section 333.
17	(b)	PAYMENT SCHEDULE.—Payments shall be made not less frequently than every quarter.
18	(c)	COST BREAKDOWN REPORT.—Each State seeking compensation shall report to the
19	Secret	ary a cost breakdown for the authorities transferred.
20	SEC.	336. APPLICATIONS.
21	(a)	LIMITATION ON COST RECOVERY.—Notwithstanding sections 304 and 504 of the
22	Federa	l Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1734, 1764) and section 9701 of

1 Title 31, United States Code, the Secretary shall not recover the Secretary's costs with respect to 2 applications and other documents relating to oil and gas leases.

- 3 (b) COMPLETION OF PLANNING DOCUMENTS AND ANALYSES.— 4 IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall complete any resource management planning (1)5 documents and analyses not later than 90 days after receiving any offer, application, or 6 request for which a planning document or analysis is required to be prepared. 7 (2)PREPARATION BY APPLICANT OR LESSEE.—If the Secretary is unable to 8 complete the document or analysis within the time prescribed by paragraph (1), the 9 Secretary shall notify the applicant or lessee of the opportunity to prepare the required 10 document or analysis for the agency's review and use in decisionmaking. 11 REIMBURSEMENT FOR COSTS OF NEPA ANALYSES, DOCUMENTATION, AND (c) 12 STUDIES. – If (1)13 adequate funding to enable the Secretary to timely prepare a project-level 14 analysis required under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et 15 seq.) with respect to an oil or gas lease is not appropriated; and 16 (2)the lessee, operator, or operating rights owner voluntarily pays for the cost 17 of the required analysis, documentation, or related study; 18 the Secretary shall reimburse the lessee, operator, or operating rights owner for its costs through 19 royalty credits attributable to the lease, unit agreement, or project area. 20 SEC. 337. TIMELY ISSUANCE OF DECISIONS.
- IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure the timely issuance of Federal agency
- 22 decisions respecting oil and gas leasing and operations on Federal land.

21

(a)

- 1 (b) OFFER TO LEASE.—
- 2 (1) DEADLINE.—The Secretary shall accept or reject an offer to lease not later than
 3 90 days after the filing of the offer.
- 4 (2) FAILURE TO MEET DEADLINE.— If an offer is not acted upon within that time,
 5 the offer shall be deemed to have been accepted.
- 6 (c) APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL.
- 7 (1) DEADLINE.—The Secretary and a State that has accepted a transfer of authority
 8 under section 610 shall approve or disapprove an application for permit to drill not later
 9 than 30 days after receiving a complete application.
- 10 (2) FAILURE TO MEET DEADLINE.—If the application is not acted on within the
 11 time prescribed by paragraph (1), the application shall be deemed to have been approved.
- 12 (d) SURFACE USE PLAN OF OPERATIONS.—The Secretary shall approve or disapprove a

13 surface use plan of operations not later than 30 days after receipt of a complete plan.

- 14 (e) ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.—
- 15 (1) DEADLINE.—From the time that a Federal oil and gas lessee or operator files a
 notice of administrative appeal of a decision or order of an officer or employee of the
 Department of the Interior or the Forest Service respecting a Federal oil and gas Federal
 lease, the Secretary shall have 2 years in which to issue a final decision in the appeal.
- 19 (2) FAILURE TO MEET DEADLINE.—If no final decision has been issued within
 20 the time prescribed by paragraph (1), the appeal shall be deemed to have been granted.
- 21 SEC. 338. ELIMINATION OF UNWARRANTED DENIALS AND STAYS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure that unwarranted denials and stays of lease
 issuance and unwarranted restrictions on lease operations are eliminated from the administration
 of oil and gas leasing on Federal land.

4

(b) LAND DESIGNATED FOR MULTIPLE USE.—

- 5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Land designated as available for multiple use under Bureau of 6 Land Management resource management plans and Forest Service leasing analyses shall 7 be available for oil and gas leasing without lease stipulations more stringent than 8 restrictions on surface use and operations imposed under the laws (including regulations) 9 of the State oil and gas conservation authority unless the Secretary includes in the decision 10 approving the management plan or leasing analysis a written explanation why more 11 stringent stipulations are warranted.
- 12 (2) APPEAL.—Any decision to require a more stringent stipulation shall be
 13 administratively appealable and, following a final agency decision, shall be subject to
 14 judicial review.
- 15 (c) REJECTION OF OFFER TO LEASE.—
- 16 (1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary rejects an offer to lease on the ground that the
 17 land is unavailable for leasing, the Secretary shall provide a written, detailed explanation
 18 of the reasons the land is unavailable for leasing.
- 19 (2) PREVIOUS RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DECISION.—If the determination of
 20 unavailability is based on a previous resource management decision, the explanation shall
 21 include a careful assessment of whether the reasons underlying the previous decision are
 22 still persuasive.

(3) SEGREGATION OF AVAILABLE LAND FROM UNAVAILABLE

- LAND.—The Secretary may not reject an offer to lease land available for leasing on the
 ground that the offer includes land unavailable for leasing, and the Secretary shall
 segregate available land from unavailable land, on the offeror's request following notice by
 the Secretary, before acting on the offer to lease.
- 6 (d) DISAPPROVAL OR REQUIRED MODIFICATION OF SURFACE USE PLANS OF
- 7 OPERATIONS AND APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL.—The Secretary shall provide a
- 8 written, detailed explanation of the reasons for disapproving or requiring modifications of any
- 9 surface use plan of operations or application for permit to drill.
- 10 (e) EFFECTIVENESS OF DECISION.—A decision of the Secretary respecting an oil and gas

11 lease shall be effective pending administrative appeal to the appropriate office within the

- 12 Department of the Interior or the Department of Agriculture unless that office grants a stay in
- response to a petition satisfying the criteria for a stay established by section 4.21(b) of title 43,
- 14 Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation).

15 **SEC. 339. REPORTS.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 31, 2002, the Secretaries shall jointly submit to the

17 Congress a report explaining the most efficient means of eliminating overlapping jurisdiction,

- 18 duplication of effort, and inconsistent policymaking and policy implementation as between the
- 19 Bureau of Land Management and the Forest Service.
- 20 (b) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The report shall include recommendations on statutory

21 changes needed to implement the report's conclusions.

SUBTITLE E-ROYALTY REINVESTMENT IN AMERICA

2

SEC. 351. ROYALTY INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

3	(a) IN GENERAL.—To encourage exploration and development expenditures on
4	Federal land and the Outer Continental Shelf for the development of oil and gas resources when
5	the cash price of West Texas Intermediate crude oil, as posted on the Dow Jones Commodities
6	Index chart is less than \$18 per barrel for 90 consecutive pricing days or when natural gas prices
7	as delivered at Henry Hub, Louisiana, are less than \$2.30 per million British thermal units for 90
8	consecutive days, the Secretary shall allow a credit against the payment of royalties on Federal oil
9	production and gas production, respectively, in an amount equal to 20 percent of the capital
10	expenditures made on exploration and development activities on Federal oil and gas leases.
11	(b) NO CREDITING AGAINST ONSHORE FEDERAL ROYALTY
12	OBLIGATIONS.—In no case shall such capital expenditures made on Outer Continental Shelf
13	leases be credited against onshore Federal royalty obligations.
14	
15	TITLE IV - NUCLEAR
16	SUBTITLE A - PRICE-ANDERSON AMENDMENTS
17	SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE. – This Subtitle may be cited as the "Price-Anderson Amendments
18	Act of 2001".
19	SEC. 402. INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY.
20	(a) INDEMNIFICATION OF NRC LICENSEES- Section 170 c. of the Atomic Energy
21	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(c)) is amended by striking "August 1, 2002" each place it appears
22	and inserting "August 1, 2012".

1	(b) INDEMNIFICATION OF DOE CONTRACTORS- Section 170 d.(1)(A) of the
2	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(d)(1)(A)) is amended by striking ", until August 1,
3	2002,".
4	(c) INDEMNIFICATION OF NONPROFIT EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS- Section
5	170 k. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(k)) is amended by striking "August 1,
6	2002" each place it appears and inserting "August 1, 2012".
7	SEC. 403. MAXIMUM ASSESSMENT. – Section 170 b.(1) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954
8	(42 U.S.C. 2210(b)(1)) is amended by striking "\$10,000,000" and inserting "\$20,000,000".
9	SEC. 404. DOE LIABILITY LIMIT.
10	(a) AGGREGATE LIABILITY LIMIT- Section 170 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954
11	(42 U.S.C. 2210(d)) is amended by striking subsection (2) and inserting the following:
12	"(2) In agreements of indemnification entered into under paragraph (1), the
13	Secretary
14	"(A) may require the contractor to provide and maintain financial
15	protection of such a type and in such amounts as the Secretary shall
16	determine to be appropriate to cover public liability arising out of or in
17	connection with the contractual activity, and
18	"(B) shall indemnify the persons indemnified against such claims above the
19	amount of the financial protection required, in the amount of
20	\$10,000,000,000 (subject to adjustment for inflation under subsection t.), in
21	the aggregate, for all persons indemnified in connection with such contract

1	and for each nuclear incident, including such legal costs of the contractor as
2	are approved by the Secretary.".
3	(b) CONTRACT AMENDMENTS- Section 170 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
4	U.S.C. 2210(d)) is further amended by striking subsection (3) and inserting the following:
5	"(3) All agreements of indemnification under which the Department of
6	Energy (or its predecessor agencies) may be required to indemnify any
7	person, shall be deemed to be amended, on the date of the enactment of the
8	Price-Anderson Amendments Act of 2001, to reflect the amount of
9	indemnity for public liability and any applicable financial protection
10	required of the contractor under this subsection on such date.".
11	SEC. 405. INCIDENTS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.
12	(a) AMOUNT OF INDEMNIFICATION- Section 170 d.(5) of the Atomic Energy Act of
13	1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(d)(5)) is amended by striking "\$100,000,000" and inserting
14	"\$500,000,000".
15	(b) LIABILITY LIMIT- Section 170e.(4) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
16	2210(e)(4)) is amended by striking "\$100,000,000" and inserting "\$500,000,000".
17	SEC. 406. REPORTS. – Section 170 p. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(p))
18	is amended by striking "August 1, 1998" and inserting "August 1, 2008".
19	SEC. 407. INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.
20	Section 170 t. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(t)) is amended
21	(1) by renumbering paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and
22	(2) by adding after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

1	"(2) The Secretary shall adjust the amount of indemnification provided under an
2	agreement of indemnification under subsection d. not less than once during each 5-
3	year period following the date of the enactment of the Price-Anderson
4	Amendments Act of 2001, in accordance with the aggregate percentage change in
5	the Consumer Price Index since
6	"(A) such date of enactment, in the case of the first adjustment under this
7	subsection; or
8	"(B) the previous adjustment under this subsection.".
9	SEC. 408. CIVIL PENALTIES.
10	(a) REPEAL OF AUTOMATIC REMISSION- Section 234A b.(2) of the Atomic Energy
11	of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2282a(b)(2)) is amended by striking the last sentence.
12	(b) LIMITATION FOR NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS- Section 234A of the Atomic
13	Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2282a) is further amended by striking subsection d. and
14	inserting the following:
15	"d. Notwithstanding subsection a., no contractor, subcontractor, or supplier
16	considered to be nonprofit under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall be
17	subject to a civil penalty under this section in excess of the amount of any
18	performance fee paid by the Secretary to such contractor, subcontractor, or supplier
19	under the contract under which the violation or violations; occur.".
20	SEC. 409. EFFECTIVE DATE.
21	(a) IN GENERAL- The amendments made by this Subtitle shall become effective on the
22	date of the enactment of this Subtitle.

(b) INDEMNIFICATION PROVISIONS- The amendments made by sections 703, 704,
 and 705 shall not apply to any nuclear incident occurring before the date of the enactment
 of this Subtitle.

- 4 (c) CIVIL PENALTY PROVISIONS- The amendments made by section 708 to section
 5 234A of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2282a(b)(2)) shall not apply to any
 6 violation occurring under a contract entered into before the date of the enactment of this
 7 Subtitle.
- 8

9

SUBTITLE B - FUNDING FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

10 SEC. 410. NUCLEAR ENERGY RESEARCH INITIATIVE. --- There are authorized to be

appropriated \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2002 and such sums as are necessary for each fiscal year

12 thereafter for a Nuclear Energy Research Initiative to be managed by the Director of the Office of

13 Nuclear Energy, for grants to be competitively awarded and subject to peer review for research

14 relating to nuclear energy. The Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committee on Science and

15 the Committee on Appropriations in the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on

16 Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, an annual

17 report on the activities of the Nuclear Energy Research Initiative.

18 SEC. 411. NUCLEAR ENERGY PLANT OPTIMIZATION PROGRAM. --- There are

authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2002 and such sums as are necessary for
each fiscal year thereafter for a Nuclear Energy Plant Optimization Program to be managed by the
Director of the Office of Nuclear Energy, for a joint program with industry cost-shared by at least
50 percent and subject to annual review by the Secretary of Energy's Nuclear Energy Research

1	Advisory Council. The Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committee on Science and the
2	Committee on Appropriations in the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Energy
3	and Natural Resources and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, an annual report on
4	the activities of the Nuclear Energy Plant Optimization Program.
5	SEC. 412. NUCLEAR ENERGY TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM There
6	are authorized to be appropriated \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2002 and such sums as are necessary
7	for each fiscal year thereafter for a Nuclear Energy Technology Development Program to be
8	managed by the Director of the Office of Nuclear Energy, for a roadmap to design and develop a
9	new nuclear energy facility in the United States and subject to annual review by the Secretary of
10	Energy's Nuclear Energy Research Advisory Council. The Secretary of Energy shall submit to
11	the Committee on Science and the Committee on Appropriations in the House of Representatives,
12	and to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Appropriations of
13	the Senate, an annual report on the activities of the Nuclear Technology Development Program.
14	
15	SUBTITLE C - GRANTS FOR INCENTIVE PAYMENTS FOR CAPITAL
16	IMPROVEMENTS TO INCREASE EFFICIENCY
17	SEC. 420. NUCLEAR ENERGY PRODUCTION INCENTIVES.
18	(a) INCENTIVE PAYMENTS For electric energy generated and sold by an existing nuclear
19	energy facility during the incentive period, the Secretary of Energy shall make, subject to the
20	availability of appropriations, incentive payments to the owner or operator of such facility. The
21	amount of such payment made to any such owner or operator shall be as determined under
22	subsection (e) of this section. Payments under this section may only be made upon receipt by the

1	Secretary of an incentive payment application, which establishes that the applicant is eligible to
2	receive such payment and which satisfies such other requirements as the Secretary deems
3	necessary. Such application shall be in such form, and shall be submitted at such time, as the
4	Secretary shall establish.
5	(b) DEFINITIONS. – For purposes of this section:
6	(1) QUALIFIED NUCLEAR ENERGY FACILITY. – The term "qualified nuclear energy
7	facility" means an existing reactor used to generate electricity for sale.
8	(2) EXISTING REACTOR The term "existing reactor" means any nuclear reactor the
9	construction of which was completed and licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission
10	before the date of enactment of this section.
11	(c) INCENTIVE PERIOD. – A qualified nuclear energy facility may receive payments under this
12	section for a period of 15 years (referred to in this section as the "incentive period.")
13	(d) AMOUNT OF PAYMENT
14	(1) Payments made by the Secretary under this section to the owner or operator of a
15	nuclear energy facility shall be based on the increased volume of kilowatt hours of
16	electricity generated by the qualified nuclear energy facility during the incentive period.
17	The amount of such payment shall be 1 mill for each kilowatt-hour produced in excess of
18	the total generation produced over the most recent calendar year prior to the first fiscal
19	year in which payment is sought. Such payment is subject to the availability of
20	appropriations under subsection (g), except that no facility may receive more than
21	\$2,000,000 in one calendar year.

1	(2) The amount of the payment made to any person under this section as provided in
2	paragraph (1) shall be adjusted for inflation for each fiscal year beginning after calendar
3	year 2001 in the same manner as provided in the provisions of section 29(d)(2)(B) of the
4	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, except that in applying such provisions, the calendar year
5	2001 shall be substituted for the calendar year 1979.
6	(e) SUNSET No payment may be made under this section to any nuclear energy facility after
7	the expiration of the period of 20 fiscal years beginning with fiscal year 2001, and no payment
8	may be made under this section to any such facility after a payment has been made with respect to
9	such facility for a period of 15 fiscal years.
10	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS There are authorized to be appropriated to the
11	Secretary to carry out the purposes of this section \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2001
12	through 2015.
13	SEC. 421. NUCLEAR ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENT.
14	(a) INCENTIVE PAYMENTS. – The Secretary of Energy shall make incentive payments to the
15	owners or operators of qualified nuclear energy facilities to be used to make capital improvements
16	in the facilities that are directly related to improving the electrical output efficiency of such
17	facilities by at least 1 percent.
18	(b) LIMITATIONS. –
19	(1) Incentive payments under this section shall not exceed 10 percent of the costs of the
20	capital improvement concerned and not more than one payment may be made with respect
21	to improvements at a single facility.

1	(2) No payment in excess of \$1,000,000 may be made with respect to improvements at a
2	single facility.
3	(3) Payments may be made by the Department or used by a facility to offset the costs of
4	NRC permitting fees for a capital improvement.
5	(4) Payments made by the Department to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission for
6	permitting an improvement that can impact multiple facilities are not subject to the
7	limitation in (b)(2).
8	(c) AUTHORIZATION There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section not
9	more than \$20,000,000 in each fiscal year after the fiscal year 2001.
10	
11	TITLE V–ARCTIC COASTAL PLAIN DOMESTIC ENERGY SECURITY ACT OF 2001
12	SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE.
13	This title may be cited as the "Arctic Coastal Plain Domestic Energy Security Act of
14	2001".
15	SEC. 502. DEFINITIONS.
16	When used in this title the term—
17	(1) "1002 Area" means that area identified as "Coastal Plain" in the map entitled
18	"Arctic National Wildlife Refuge", dated August 1980, as referenced in section 1002(b) of the
19	Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 3142(b)(1)) comprising
20	approximately 1,549,000 acres; and
21	(2) "Secretary", except as otherwise provided, means the Secretary of the Interior or
22	the Secretary's designee.

SEC. 503. LEASING PROGRAM FOR LANDS WITHIN THE ANWR 1002 AREA.

2 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Congress hereby authorizes and directs the Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Land Management in consultation with the Fish and Wildlife Service 3 4 and other appropriate Federal offices and agencies, to take such actions as are necessary to 5 establish and implement a competitive oil and gas leasing program that will result in an 6 environmentally sound program for the exploration, development, and production of the oil and 7 gas resources of the 1002 Area and to administer the provisions of this title through regulations, 8 lease terms, conditions, restrictions, prohibitions, stipulations and other provisions that ensure the 9 oil and gas exploration, development, and production activities on the 1002 Area will result in no 10 significant adverse effect on fish and wildlife, their habitat, subsistence resources, and the 11 environment, and shall require the application of the best commercially available technology for 12 oil and gas exploration, development, and production, on all new exploration, development, and 13 production operations, and whenever practicable, on existing operations, and in a manner to 14 ensure the receipt of fair market value by the public for the mineral resources to be leased. 15 (b) REPEAL.—The prohibitions and limitations contained in section 1003 of the Alaska 16 National Interest Lands Conservation Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 3143) are hereby repealed. 17 (c) COMPATIBILITY.—Congress hereby determines that the oil and gas leasing program 18 and activities authorized by this section in the 1002 Area are compatible with the purposes for 19 which the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge was established, and that no further findings or 20 decisions are required to implement this determination.

- (d) SOLE AUTHORITY.—This title shall be the sole authority for leasing on the 1002
 Area: *Provided*, That nothing in this title shall be deemed to expand or limit State and local
 regulatory authority.
- 4 (e) FEDERAL LAND.—The 1002 Area shall be considered "Federal land" for the
 5 purposes of the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act of 1982.

6 (f) SPECIAL AREAS.—The Secretary, after consultation with the State of Alaska, City 7 of Kaktovik, and the North Slope Borough, is authorized to designate up to a total of 45,000 acres 8 of the 1002 Area as Special Areas and close such areas to leasing if the Secretary determines that 9 these Special Areas are of such unique character and interest so as to require special management 10 and regulatory protection. The Secretary may, however, permit leasing of all or portions of any 11 Special Areas within the 1002 Area by setting lease terms that limit or condition surface use and 12 occupancy by lessees of such lands but permit the use of horizontal drilling technology from sites 13 on leases located outside the designated Special Areas.

(g) LIMITATION ON CLOSED AREAS.—The Secretary's sole authority to close lands
within the 1002 Area to oil and gas leasing and to exploration, development, and production is
that set forth in this title.

(h) CONVEYANCE.—In order to maximize Federal revenues by removing clouds on
title of lands and clarifying land ownership patterns within the 1002 Area, the Secretary,
notwithstanding the provisions of section 1302(h)(2) of the Alaska National Interest Lands
Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 3192(h)(2)), is authorized and directed to convey (1) to the Kaktovik
Inupiat Corporation the surface estate of the lands described in paragraph 2 of Public Land Order
6959, to the extent necessary to fulfill the Corporation's entitlement under section 12 of the

Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1611), and (2) to the Arctic Slope Regional
 Corporation the subsurface estate beneath such surface estate pursuant to the August 9, 1983,
 agreement between the Arctic Slope Regional Corporation and the United States of America.

4

SEC. 504. RULES AND REGULATIONS.

5 PROMULGATION.—The Secretary shall prescribe such rules and regulations as may (a) 6 be necessary to carry out the purposes and provisions of this title, including rules and regulations 7 relating to protection of the fish and wildlife, their habitat, subsistence resources, and the 8 environment of the 1002 Area. Such rules and regulations shall be promulgated no later than 9 fourteen months after the date of enactment of this title and shall, as of their effective date, apply 10 to all operations conducted under a lease issued or maintained under the provisions of this title 11 and all operations on the 1002 Area related to the leasing, exploration, development and 12 production of oil and gas.

(b) REVISION OF REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall periodically review and, if
 appropriate, revise the rules and regulations issued under subsection (a) of this section to reflect
 any significant biological, environmental, or engineering data which come to the Secretary's
 attention.

17 SEC. 505. ADEQUACY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR'S

18 LEGISLATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT.

The "Final Legislative Environmental Impact Statement" (April 1987) prepared pursuant
to section 1002 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 3142)
and section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C))
is hereby found by the Congress to be adequate to satisfy the legal and procedural requirements of

1	the National	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 with respect to actions authorized to be taken by
2	the Secretary	to develop and promulgate the regulations for the establishment of the leasing
3	program auth	norized by this title, to conduct the first lease sale and any subsequent lease sale
4	authorized by	y this title, and to grant rights-of-way and easements to carry out the purposes of this
5	title.	
6	SEC. 506.	LEASE SALES.
7	(a)	LEASE SALES.—Lands may be leased pursuant to the provisions of this title to any
8	person qualif	fied to obtain a lease for deposits of oil and gas under the Mineral Leasing Act, as
9	amended (30) U.S.C. 181).
10	(b)	PROCEDURES.—The Secretary shall, by regulation, establish procedures for-
11		(1) receipt and consideration of sealed nominations for any area in the 1002
12	Area	for inclusion in, or exclusion (as provided in subsection (c)) from, a lease sale; and
13		(2) public notice of and comment on designation of areas to be included in, or
14	exclu	ided from, a lease sale.
15	(c)	LEASE SALES ON 1002 AREAThe Secretary shall, by regulation, provide for
16	lease sales of	f lands on the 1002 Area. When lease sales are to be held, they shall occur after the
17	nomination p	process provided for in subsection (b) of this section. For the first lease sale, the
18	Secretary sha	all offer for lease those acres receiving the greatest number of nominations, but no
19	less than two	hundred thousand acres and no more than three hundred thousand acres shall be
20	offered. If th	e total acreage nominated is less than two hundred thousand acres, the Secretary shall
21	include in su	ch sale any other acreage which he believes has the highest resource potential, but in
22	no event sha	ll more than three hundred thousand acres be offered in such sale. With respect to

subsequent lease sales, the Secretary shall offer for lease no less than two hundred thousand acres
of the 1002 Area. The initial lease sale shall be held within twenty months of the date of
enactment of this title. The second lease sale shall be held no later than twenty-four months after
the initial sale, with additional sales conducted no later than twelve months thereafter so long as
sufficient interest in development exists to warrant, in the Secretary's judgment, the conduct of
such sales.

7

SEC. 507. GRANT OF LEASES BY THE SECRETARY.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to grant to the highest responsible 9 qualified bidder by sealed competitive cash bonus bid any lands to be leased on the 1002 Area 10 upon payment by the lessee of such bonus as may be accepted by the Secretary and of such royalty 11 as may be fixed in the lease, which shall be not less than 12 ½ per centum in amount or value of 12 the production removed or sold from the lease.

13 (b) ANTITRUST REVIEW.—Following each notice of a proposed lease sale and 14 before the acceptance of bids and the issuance of leases based on such bids, the Secretary shall 15 allow the Attorney General, in consultation with the Federal Trade Commission, thirty days to 16 perform an antitrust review of the results of such lease sale on the likely effects the issuance of 17 such leases would have on competition and the Attorney General shall advise the Secretary with 18 respect to such review, including any recommendation for the nonacceptance of any bid or the 19 imposition of terms or conditions on any lease, as may be appropriate to prevent any situation 20 inconsistent with the antitrust laws.

(c) SUBSEQUENT TRANSFERS.—No lease issued under this title may be sold,
 exchanged, assigned, sublet, or otherwise transferred except with the approval of the Secretary.

Prior to any such approval the Secretary shall consult with, and give due consideration to the
 views of, the Attorney General.

3	(d)	IMMUNITY.—Nothing in this title shall be deemed to convey to any person,
4	association, o	corporation, or other business organization immunity from civil or criminal liability,
5	or to create d	efenses to actions, under any antitrust law.
6	(e)	DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term—
7		(1) "antitrust review" shall be deemed an "antitrust investigation" for the
8	purpo	oses of the Antitrust Civil Process Act (15 U.S.C. 1311); and
9		(2) "antitrust laws" means those Acts set forth in section 1 of the Clayton Act
10	(15 U	S.C. 12) as amended.
11	SEC. 508.	LEASE TERMS AND CONDITIONS.
12	An oi	l or gas lease issued pursuant to this title shall—
13	(1)	be for a tract consisting of a compact area not to exceed five thousand seven
14	hundred sixty	y acres, or nine surveyed or protracted sections which shall be as compact in form as
15	possible;	
16	(2)	be for an initial period of ten years and shall be extended for so long thereafter as
17	oil or gas is p	produced in paying quantities from the lease or unit area to which the lease is
18	committed or	for so long as drilling or reworking operations, as approved by the Secretary, are
19	conducted or	the lease or unit area;
20	(3)	require the payment of royalty as provided for in section 507 of this title;

(4) require that exploration activities pursuant to any lease issued or maintained under
 this title shall be conducted in accordance with an exploration plan or a revision of such plan
 approved by the Secretary;

4 (5) require that all development and production pursuant to a lease issued or 5 maintained pursuant to this title shall be conducted in accordance with development and 6 production plans approved by the Secretary;

(6) require posting of bond as required by section 509 of this title;

7

8 (7) provide that the Secretary may close, on a seasonal basis, portions of the 1002 Area 9 to exploratory drilling activities as necessary to protect caribou calving areas and other species of 10 fish and wildlife;

(8) contain such provisions relating to rental and other fees as the Secretary may
prescribe at the time of offering the area for lease;

(9) provide that the Secretary may direct or assent to the suspension of operations and production under any lease granted under the terms of this title in the interest of conservation of the resource or where there is no available system to transport the resource. If such a suspension is directed or assented to by the Secretary, any payment of rental prescribed by such lease shall be suspended during such period of suspension of operations and production, and the term of the lease shall be extended by adding any such suspension period thereto;

(10) provide that whenever the owner of a nonproducing lease fails to comply with any
of the provisions of this Act, or of any applicable provision of Federal or State environmental law,
or of the lease, or of any regulation issued under this title, such lease may be canceled by the

1 Secretary if such default continues for more than thirty days after mailing of notice by registered 2 letter to the lease owner at the lease owner's post office address of record; 3 (11)provide that whenever the owner of any producing lease fails to comply with any 4 of the provisions of this title, or of any applicable provision of Federal or State environmental law, 5 or of the lease, or of any regulation issued under this title, such lease may be forfeited and 6 canceled by any appropriate proceeding brought by the Secretary in any United States district 7 court having jurisdiction under the provisions of this title; 8 (12)provide that cancellation of a lease under this title shall in no way release the 9 owner of the lease from the obligation to provide for reclamation of the lease site; 10 (13)allow the lessee, at the discretion of the Secretary, to make written relinquishment 11 of all rights under any lease issued pursuant to this title. The Secretary shall accept such 12 relinquishment by the lessee of any lease issued under this title where there has not been surface 13 disturbance on the lands covered by the lease; 14 (14)provide that for the purpose of conserving the natural resources of any oil or gas 15 pool, field, or like area, or any part thereof, and in order to avoid the unnecessary duplication of 16 facilities, to protect the environment of the 1002 Area, and to protect correlative rights, the 17 Secretary shall require that, to the greatest extent practicable, lessees unite with each other in 18 collectively adopting and operating under a cooperative or unit plan of development for operation 19 of such pool, field, or like area, or any part thereof, and the Secretary is also authorized and 20 directed to enter into such agreements as are necessary or appropriate for the protection of the 21 United States against drainage;

1	(15) require that the holder of a lease or leases on lands within the 1002 Area shall be
2	fully responsible and liable for the reclamation of those lands within and any other Federal lands
3	adversely affected in connection with exploration, development, production or transportation
4	activities on a lease within the 1002 Area by the holder of a lease or as a result of activities
5	conducted on the lease by any of the leaseholder's subcontractors or agents;
6	(16) provide that the holder of a lease may not delegate or convey, by contract or
7	otherwise, the reclamation responsibility and liability to another party without the express written
8	approval of the Secretary;
9	(17) provide that the standard of reclamation for lands required to be reclaimed under
10	this title be, as nearly as practicable, a condition capable of supporting the uses which the lands
11	were capable of supporting prior to any exploration, development, or production activities, or
12	upon application by the lessee, to a higher or better use as approved by the Secretary;
13	(18) contain the terms and conditions relating to protection of fish and wildlife, their
14	habitat, and the environment, as required by section 503(a) of this title;
15	(19) provide that the holder of a lease, its agents, and contractors use best efforts to
16	provide a fair share, as determined by the level of obligation previously agreed to in the 1974
17	agreement implementing Section 29 of the Federal Agreement and Grant of Right of Way for the
18	Operation of the Trans-Alaska Pipeline, of employment and contracting for Alaska Natives and
19	Alaska Native Corporations from throughout the State;
20	(20) require project agreements to the extent feasible that will ensure productivity and
21	consistency recognizing a national interest in both labor stability and the ability of construction

labor and management to meet the particular needs and conditions of projects to be developed
 under leases issued pursuant to this Act; and

3 (21) contain such other provisions as the Secretary determines necessary to ensure
4 compliance with the provisions of this title and the regulations issued under this title.

5 SEC. 509. BONDING REQUIREMENTS TO ENSURE FINANCIAL

6 **RESPONSIBILITY OF LESSEE AND AVOID FEDERAL LIABILITY.**

7 (a) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall, by rule or regulation, establish such 8 standards as may be necessary to ensure that an adequate bond, surety, or other financial 9 arrangement will be established prior to the commencement of surface disturbing activities on any 10 lease, to ensure the complete and timely reclamation of the lease tract, and the restoration of any 11 lands or surface waters adversely affected by lease operations after the abandonment or cessation 12 of oil and gas operations on the lease. Such bond, surety, or financial arrangement is in addition 13 to, and not in lieu, of any bond, surety, or financial arrangement required by any other regulatory 14 authority or required by any other provision of law.

15

(b) AMOUNT.—The bond, surety, or financial arrangement shall be in an amount–

- 16 (1) to be determined by the Secretary to provide for reclamation of the lease
 17 site in accordance with an approved or revised exploration or development and production
 18 plan; plus
- 19 (2) set by the Secretary consistent with the type of operations proposed, to
 20 provide the means for rapid and effective cleanup, and to minimize damages resulting
 21 from an oil spill, the escape of gas, refuse, domestic wastewater, hazardous or toxic
 22 substances, or fire caused by oil and gas activities.

1	(c) ADJUSTMENT.—In the event that an approved exploration or development and
2	production plan is revised, the Secretary may adjust the amount of the bond, surety, or other
3	financial arrangement to conform to such modified plan.
4	(d) DURATION.—The responsibility and liability of the lessee and its surety under
5	the bond, surety, or other financial arrangement shall continue until such time as the Secretary
6	determines that there has been compliance with the terms and conditions of the lease and all
7	applicable law.
8	(e) TERMINATION.—Within sixty days after determining that there has been
9	compliance with the terms and conditions of the lease and all applicable laws, the Secretary, after
10	consultation with affected Federal and State agencies, shall notify the lessee that the period of
11	liability under the bond, surety, or other financial arrangement has been terminated.
12	SEC. 510. OIL AND GAS INFORMATION.
13	(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Any lessee or permittee conducting any exploration for, or
14	development or production of, oil or gas pursuant to this title shall provide the Secretary access to
15	all data and information from any lease granted pursuant to this title (including processed and
16	analyzed) obtained from such activity and shall provide copies of such data and information as the
17	Secretary may request. Such data and information shall be provided in accordance with
18	regulations which the Secretary shall prescribe.
19	(2) If processed and analyzed information provided pursuant to paragraph (1) is
20	provided in good faith by the lessee or permittee, such lessee or permittee shall not be
21	responsible for any consequence of the use or of reliance upon such processed and
22	analyzed information.

(3) Whenever any data or information is provided to the Secretary, pursuant to
 paragraph (1)—

3	(A) by a lessee or permittee, in the form and manner of
4	processing which is utilized by such lessee or permittee in the normal
5	conduct of business, the Secretary shall pay the reasonable cost of
6	reproducing such data and information; or
7	(B) by a lessee or permittee, in such other form and manner of
8	processing as the Secretary may request, the Secretary shall pay the
9	reasonable cost of processing and reproducing such data and information.
10	(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to: (1) assure that the
11	confidentiality of privileged or proprietary information received by the Secretary under this
12	section will be maintained; and (2) set forth the time periods and conditions which shall be
13	applicable to the release of such information.

14

SEC. 511.

EXPEDITED JUDICIAL REVIEW.

(a) Any complaint seeking judicial review of any provision in this title, or any other
action of the Secretary under this title may be filed in any appropriate district court of the United
States, and such complaint must be filed within ninety days from the date of the action being
challenged, or after such date if such complaint is based solely on grounds arising after such
ninetieth day, in which case the complaint must be filed within ninety days after the complainant
knew or reasonably should have known of the grounds for the complaint: *Provided*, That any
complaint seeking judicial review of an action of the Secretary in promulgating any regulation

under this title may be filed only in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of
 Columbia.

3 (b) Actions of the Secretary with respect to which review could have been obtained 4 under this section shall not be subject to judicial review in any civil or criminal proceeding for 5 enforcement.

6 **SE**

SEC. 512. RIGHTS-OF-WAY ACROSS THE 1002 AREA.

7 Notwithstanding Title XI of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act of 1980 8 (16 U.S.C. 3161 et seq.), the Secretary is authorized and directed to grant, in accordance with the 9 provisions of Section 28(c) through (t) and (v) through (y) of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 (30 10 U.S.C. 185), rights-of-way and easements across the 1002 Area for the transportation of oil and 11 gas under such terms and conditions as may be necessary so as not to result in a significant 12 adverse effect on the fish and wildlife, subsistence resources, their habitat, and the environment of 13 the 1002 Area. Such terms and conditions shall include requirements that facilities be sited or 14 modified so as to avoid unnecessary duplication of roads and pipelines. The regulations issued as 15 required by section 504 of this title shall include provisions granting rights-of-way and easements 16 across the 1002 Area. 17 SEC. 513. ENFORCEMENT OF SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

18 TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF LEASE.

(a) RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SECRETARY.-The Secretary shall diligently
 enforce all regulations, lease terms, conditions, restrictions, prohibitions, and stipulations
 promulgated pursuant to this title.

- (b) RESPONSIBILITY OF HOLDERS OF LEASE.—It shall be the responsibility of
 any holder of a lease under this title to—
- 3 (1) maintain all operations within such lease area in compliance with
 4 regulations intended to protect persons and property on, and fish and wildlife, their habitat,
 5 subsistence resources, and the environment of, the 1002 Area; and
- 6 (2) allow prompt access at the site of any operations subject to regulation under 7 this title to any appropriate Federal or State inspector, and to provide such documents and 8 records which are pertinent to occupational or public health, safety, or environmental 9 protection, as may be requested.
- 10
 (c)
 ON-SITE INSPECTION.—The Secretary shall promulgate regulations to provide

 11
 for—
- 12 (1) scheduled onsite inspection by the Secretary, at least twice a year, of each
 13 facility on the 1002 Area which is subject to any environmental or safety regulation
 14 promulgated pursuant to this title or conditions contained in any lease issued pursuant to
 15 this title to assure compliance with such environmental or safety regulations or conditions;
 16 and
- 17 (2) periodic onsite inspection by the Secretary at least once a year without
 18 advance notice to the operator of such facility to assure compliance with all environmental
 19 or safety regulations.
- 20 SEC. 514. NEW REVENUES.
- (a) DEPOSIT INTO TREASURY. -- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all
 revenues received by the Federal Government from competitive bids, sales, bonuses, royalties,

1	rents, fees, or interest derived from the leasing of oil and gas within the 1002 Area shall be
2	deposited into the Treasury of the United States, solely as provided in this section. The Secretary
3	of the Treasury shall pay to the State of Alaska the same percentage of such revenues as is set
4	forth under the heading "EXPLORATION OF NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE IN
5	ALASKA" in Public Law 96-514 (94 Stat. 2957, 2964) semiannually to the State of Alaska, on
6	March 30 and September 30 of each year and shall deposit the balance of all such revenues as
7	miscellaneous receipts in the Treasury. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
8	Secretary of the Treasury shall monitor the total revenue deposited into the Treasury as
9	miscellaneous receipts from oil and gas leases issued under the authority of this subtitle and shall
10	deposit amounts received as bonus bids into a special fund established in the Treasury of the
11	United States known as the Renewable Energy Research and Development Fund (in this section
12	referred to as the "Renewable Energy Fund").
12 13	referred to as the "Renewable Energy Fund"). (b) USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FUNDOf the amounts in the Renewable Energy
13	(b) USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FUNDOf the amounts in the Renewable Energy
13 14	(b) USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FUNDOf the amounts in the Renewable Energy Fund, an amount equal to ten percent of the total deposits shall be made available to the Secretary
13 14 15	(b) USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FUNDOf the amounts in the Renewable Energy Fund, an amount equal to ten percent of the total deposits shall be made available to the Secretary of Energy, without further appropriation, at the beginning of each fiscal year in which amounts are
13 14 15 16	(b) USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FUNDOf the amounts in the Renewable Energy Fund, an amount equal to ten percent of the total deposits shall be made available to the Secretary of Energy, without further appropriation, at the beginning of each fiscal year in which amounts are available, and may be expended by the Secretary of Energy for research and development of
13 14 15 16 17	(b) USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FUNDOf the amounts in the Renewable Energy Fund, an amount equal to ten percent of the total deposits shall be made available to the Secretary of Energy, without further appropriation, at the beginning of each fiscal year in which amounts are available, and may be expended by the Secretary of Energy for research and development of renewable domestic energy resources of wind, solar, biomass, geothermal and hydroelectric. Such
13 14 15 16 17 18	(b) USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FUNDOf the amounts in the Renewable Energy Fund, an amount equal to ten percent of the total deposits shall be made available to the Secretary of Energy, without further appropriation, at the beginning of each fiscal year in which amounts are available, and may be expended by the Secretary of Energy for research and development of renewable domestic energy resources of wind, solar, biomass, geothermal and hydroelectric. Such amounts shall remain available until expended and shall be in addition to funds appropriated in
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	(b) USE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY FUNDOf the amounts in the Renewable Energy Fund, an amount equal to ten percent of the total deposits shall be made available to the Secretary of Energy, without further appropriation, at the beginning of each fiscal year in which amounts are available, and may be expended by the Secretary of Energy for research and development of renewable domestic energy resources of wind, solar, biomass, geothermal and hydroelectric. Such amounts shall remain available until expended and shall be in addition to funds appropriated in the preceding fiscal year to the Secretary of Energy for renewable energy research, development

1	year after deposits are made into the Renewable Energy Fund, the Secretary of Energy shall
2	submit an annual report to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the United States
3	Senate and the appropriate Committees of the United States House of Representatives detailing
4	the use of any expenditures.
5	
6	TITLE VI - ENERGY EFFICIENCY, CONSERVATION, AND ASSISTANCE
7	TO LOW-INCOME FAMILIES
8	SEC. 601. EXTENSION OF LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE
9	PROGRAM
10	(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS - Section 2602(b) of the Omnibus
11	Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621), is amended by striking "such sums as may
12	be necessary for each of fiscal years 2000 and 2001, and \$2,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years
13	2002 through 2004" and inserting "\$3,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2000 through 2010".
14	(b) PAYMENTS TO STATES - Section 2602(d)(2) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation
15	Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting "2010".
16	(c) EMERGENCY FUNDS - Section 2602(e) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act
17	of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621), is amended by striking "\$600,000,000" and inserting "\$1,000,000,000".
18	SEC. 602. ENERGY EFFICIENT SCHOOLS PROGRAM
19	(a) ESTABLISHMENT- There is established in the Department of Energy the Energy
20	Efficient Schools Program (hereafter in this section referred to as the "Program").
21	(b) IN GENERAL- The Secretary of Energy may, through the Program, make grants to —
22	(1) be provided to school districts to implement the purpose of this section;
1	(2) administer the program of assistance to school districts pursuant to this section;
----	---
2	and,
3	(3) promote participation by school districts in the program established by this
4	section.
5	(c) GRANTS TO ASSIST SCHOOL DISTRICTS- Grants under paragraph (b)(1) shall be
6	used to achieve energy efficiency performance not less than 30 percent beyond the levels
7	prescribed in the 1998 International Energy Conservation Code as it is in effect for new
8	construction and existing buildings. Grants under such subsection shall be made to school
9	districts that have
10	(1) demonstrated a need for such grants in order to respond appropriately to
11	increasing elementary and secondary school enrollments or to make major
12	investments in renovation of school facilities;
13	(2) demonstrated that the districts do not have adequate funds to respond
14	appropriately to such enrollments or achieve such investments without assistance;
15	and
16	(3) made a commitment to use the grant funds to develop energy efficient school
17	buildings in accordance with the plan developed and approved pursuant to
18	paragraph (e)(1).
19	(d) OTHER GRANTS-
20	(1) GRANTS FOR ADMINISTRATION- Grants under paragraph (b)(2) shall be
21	used to evaluate compliance by school districts with the requirements of this
22	section and in addition may be used for

1	(A) distributing information and materials to clearly define and promote the
2	development of energy efficient school buildings for both new and existing
3	facilities;
4	(B) organizing and conducting programs for school board members, school
5	district personnel, architects, engineers, and others to advance the concepts
6	of energy efficient school buildings;
7	(C) obtaining technical services and assistance in planning and designing
8	energy efficient school buildings; and
9	(D) collecting and monitoring data and information pertaining to the energy
10	efficient school building projects.
11	(2) GRANTS TO PROMOTE PARTICIPATION- Grants under paragraph (b)(3)
12	may be used for promotional and marketing activities, including facilitating private
13	and public financing, promoting the use of energy service companies, working with
14	school administrations, students, and communities, and coordinating public benefit
15	programs.
16	(e) IMPLEMENTATION-
17	(1) PLANS- Grants under subsection (b) shall be provided only to school districts
18	that, in consultation with State offices of energy and education, have developed
19	plans that the State energy office determines to be feasible and appropriate in order
20	to achieve the purposes for which such grants were made.

1	(2) SUPPLEMENTING GRANT FUNDS- The State agency referred to in
2	paragraph (1) shall encourage qualifying school districts to supplement their grant
3	funds with funds from other sources in the implementation of their plans.
4	(f) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS -
5	(1) IN GENERAL- Except as provided in subsection (c), funds appropriated for the
6	implementation of this section shall be provided to State energy offices to
7	administer the program of assistance to school districts under this section.
8	(g) PURPOSES- Except as provided in subsection (c), funds appropriated under this
9	section shall be allocated as follows:
10	(1) Seventy percent shall be used to make grants under paragraph (b)(1).
11	(2) Fifteen percent shall be used to make grants under paragraph (b)(2).
12	(3) Fifteen percent shall be used to make grants under paragraph (b)(3).
13	(h) OTHER FUNDS- The Secretary of Energy may, through the Program established
14	under subsection (a), retain an amount, not to exceed \$300,000 per year, to assist State
15	energy offices in coordinating and implementing such Program. Such funds may be used
16	to develop reference materials to further define the principles and criteria to achieve
17	energy efficient school buildings.
18	(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS- For this section, there are authorized to
19	be appropriated \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2002 through 2005, and such sums
20	as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2006 through 2011.
21	(i) DEFINITIONS-

21 (j) DEFINITIONS-

1	(1) ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL- The terms "elementary
2	school" and "secondary school" shall have the same meaning given such terms in
3	paragraphs (14) and (25) of section 14101 of the Elementary and Secondary
4	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 8801(14),(25)).
5	(2) ENERGY EFFICIENT SCHOOL BUILDING- The term "energy efficient
6	school building" refers to a school building which, in its design, construction,
7	operation, and maintenance maximizes use of renewable energy and efficient
8	energy practices, is cost-effective on a life-cycle basis, uses affordable,
9	environmentally preferable, durable materials, enhances indoor environmental
10	quality, protects and conserves water, and optimizes site potential.
11	(3) RENEWABLE ENERGY- The term "renewable energy" means energy
12	produced by solar, wind, geothermal, hydroelectric power, and biomass power.
13	SEC. 603. AMENDMENTS TO WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.
14	(a) ELIGIBILITY- Section 412 of the Energy Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C.
15	6862) is amended by–
16	(1) in definition (7)(A), striking "125" and inserting "150", and
17	(2) in definition (7)(C), striking "125" and inserting "150".
	(2) in definition $(7)(2)$, straining 125 and inserting 155.
18	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS - Section 422(a) of the Energy
18 19	
	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS - Section 422(a) of the Energy
19	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS - Section 422(a) of the Energy Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6872) is amended by –

1	(3) striking "1992, 1993 and 1994" and inserting "for each fiscal year thereafter".
2	SEC. 604. AMENDMENTS TO STATE ENERGY PROGRAM.
3	(a) STATE ENERGY CONSERVATION PLANS - Section 362 of the Energy Policy and
4	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6322) is amended by -
5	(1) redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g), and
6	(2) inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection (f) –
7	"(f) The Secretary shall, at least once every three years, invite the Governor
8	of each State to review and, if necessary, revise the energy conservation
9	plan of such State submitted under section 362(b) or (e). Such reviews
10	should consider the energy conservation plans of other States within the
11	region, and identify opportunities and actions carried out in pursuit of
12	common energy conservation goals.".
13	(b) STATE ENERGY EFFICIENCY GOALS - Section 364 of the Energy Policy and
14	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6324) is amended by -
15	(1) striking "October 1, 1991" and inserting "January 1, 2001",
16	(2) striking "10" and inserting "25", and
17	(3) striking "2000" and inserting "2010".
18	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS - Section 365(f)(1) of the Energy Policy
19	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6325) is amended by -
20	(1) striking "and",

1	(2) striking the period and inserting ",\$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2002,
2	\$100,000,000 for fiscal years 2003 and 2004, \$125,000,000 for fiscal year 2005
3	and such sums as are necessary for each fiscal year thereafter.".
4	SEC. 605. ENHANCEMENT AND EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY RELATING TO
5	FEDERAL ENERGY SAVINGS PERFORMANCE CONTRACTS.
6	(a) ENERGY SAVINGS THROUGH CONSTRUCTION OF REPLACEMENT
7	FACILITIES- Section 804 of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C.
8	8287c) is amended
9	(1) in paragraph (2)
10	(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii),
11	respectively;
12	(B) by inserting "(A)" after "(2)"; and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
14	"(B) The term "energy savings" also means a reduction in the cost
15	of energy, from such a base cost established through a methodology
16	set forth in the contract, that would otherwise be utilized in one or
17	more existing federally owned buildings or other federally owned
18	facilities by reason of the construction and operation of one or more
19	new buildings or facilities."; and

1	(2) in paragraph (3), by inserting after the first sentence the following new
2	sentence: "The terms also mean a contract that provides for energy savings through
3	the construction and/or operation of one or more new buildings or facilities.".
4	(b) COST SAVINGS FROM OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EFFICIENCIES IN
5	REPLACEMENT FACILITIES- Section 801(a) of the National Energy Conservation
6	Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new
7	paragraph:

8 "(3)(A) In the case of an energy savings contract or energy savings performance 9 contract providing for energy savings through the construction and operation of 10 one or more buildings or facilities to replace one or more existing buildings or 11 facilities, benefits ancillary to the purpose of such contract under paragraph (1) 12 may include savings resulting from reduced costs of operation and maintenance at 13 new and/or additional buildings or facilities, from a base cost of operation and maintenance established through a methodology set forth in the contract. 14 15 "(B) Notwithstanding paragraph (2)(B), aggregate annual payments by an agency 16 under an energy savings contract or energy savings performance contract referred 17 to in subparagraph (A) may take into account (through the procedures developed 18 pursuant to this section) savings resulting from reduced costs of operation and 19 maintenance as described in that subparagraph.".

1	(c) FIVE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY- Section 801(c) of the National Energy
2	Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287(c)) is amended by striking `October 1, 2003' and
3	inserting `October 1, 2008'.
4	(d) UTILITY INCENTIVE PROGRAMS – Section 546 of the National Energy
5	Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8256(c)) is amended by -
6	(1) in paragraph (3) by adding at the end the following two new sentences: "Such a
7	utility incentive program may include a contract or contract term designed
8	to provide for cost-effective electricity demand management, energy
9	efficiency, and/or water conservation. Notwithstanding section 201(a)(3) of
10	63 Stat. 383 (40 U.S.C. 481(a)(3)), such contracts or contract terms may be
11	made for periods not exceeding 25 years."
12	(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
13	"(6) A utility incentive program may include a contract or contract term for
14	a reduction in the cost of energy, from a base cost established through a
15	methodology set forth in such a contract, that would otherwise be utilized
16	in one or more federally owned buildings or other federally owned facilities
17	by reason of the construction and/or operation of one or more buildings or
18	facilities, as well as benefits ancillary to the purpose of such contract or
19	contract term, including savings resulting from reduced costs of operation
20	and maintenance at new and/or additional buildings or facilities when

1	compared with the costs of operation and maintenance at existing buildings
2	or facilities.".
3	SEC. 606. FEDERAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENT
4	(a) IN GENERAL – Through cost-effective measures, each agency shall reduce energy
5	consumption per gross square foot of its facilities by 30 percent by 2010 and 50 percent by
6	2020 relative to 1990.
7	(b) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN – Not later than one year after date of enactment of this
8	section, each agency shall develop and submit to Congress and the President an
9	implementation plan for fulfilling the requirements of this section.
10	(c) ANNUAL REPORT –
11	(1) IN GENERAL – Each agency shall measure and report annually to Congress
12	and the President its progress in meeting the requirements of this section.
13	(2) GUIDELINES – The Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the
14	Administrator of the Energy Information Administration, shall develop and issue
15	guidelines for agencies' preparation of their annual report, including guidance on
16	how to measure energy consumption in federal facilities.
17	(d) EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN FACILITIES – A facility may be deemed exempt when
18	the Secretary determines that compliance with the Energy Policy Act of 1992 is not
19	practical for that particular facility. No later than one year from date of enactment, the
20	Secretary shall, in consultation with the Administrator of the Energy Information

- Administration, set guidelines for agencies to use in excluding certain kinds of facilities to
 meet the requirements of this section.
- 3 (e) APPLICABILITY The Department of Defense (DOD) is subject to this order only to
 4 the extent that it does not impair or adversely affect military operations and training
 5 (including tactical aircraft, ships, weapons systems, combat training, and border security).
- 6 (f) DEFINITIONS For the purposes of this section,
- 7 (1) "agency" means an executive agency as defined in 5 U.S.C. 105. Military
 8 departments, as defined in 5 U.S.C. 102, are covered under the auspices of the
 9 Department of Defense.
- (2) "facility" means any individual building or collection of buildings, grounds, or 10 11 structure, as well as any fixture or part thereof, including the associated energy or 12 water-consuming support systems, which is constructed, renovated, or purchased in 13 whole or in part for use by the Federal Government. It includes leased facilities 14 where the Federal Government has a purchase option or facilities planned for 15 purchase. In any provision of this order, the term "facility" also includes any 16 building 100 percent leased for use by the Federal Government where the Federal 17 Government pays directly or indirectly for the utility costs associated with its 18 leased space, and Government-owned contractor-operated facilities.

SEC. 607. ENERGY EFFICIENCY SCIENCE INITIATIVE. ---- There are authorized to be appropriated \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2001 and such sums as are necessary for each fiscal year thereafter, but not to exceed \$50,000,000 in any fiscal year, for an Energy Efficiency Science

1	Initiative to be managed by the Assistant Secretary for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
2	in consultation with the Director of the Office of Science, for grants to be competitively awarded
3	and subject to peer review for research relating to energy efficiency. The Secretary of Energy shall
4	submit to the Committee on Science and the Committee on Appropriations of the United States
5	House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the
6	Committee on Appropriations of the United States Senate, an annual report on the activities of the
7	Energy Efficiency Science Initiative, including a description of the process used to award the
8	funds and an explanation of how the research relates to energy efficiency.
9	
10	TITLE VII – ALTERNATIVE FUELS AND RENEWABLE ENERGY
11	SUBTITLE A – ALTERNATIVE FUELS
12	SEC. 701. EXCEPTION TO HOV PASSENGER REQUIREMENTS FOR ALTERNATIVE
12 13	SEC. 701. EXCEPTION TO HOV PASSENGER REQUIREMENTS FOR ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES – Section 102(a) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting
13	FUEL VEHICLES – Section 102(a) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting
13 14	FUEL VEHICLES – Section 102(a) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(unless, at the discretion of the State highway department, the vehicle operates on, or is fueled
13 14 15	FUEL VEHICLES – Section 102(a) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(unless, at the discretion of the State highway department, the vehicle operates on, or is fueled by, an alternative fuel (as defined in section 301 of Public Law 102-486 (42 U.S.C. 13211(2)))"
13 14 15 16	FUEL VEHICLES – Section 102(a) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(unless, at the discretion of the State highway department, the vehicle operates on, or is fueled by, an alternative fuel (as defined in section 301 of Public Law 102-486 (42 U.S.C. 13211(2)))" after "required".
13 14 15 16 17	 FUEL VEHICLES – Section 102(a) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(unless, at the discretion of the State highway department, the vehicle operates on, or is fueled by, an alternative fuel (as defined in section 301 of Public Law 102-486 (42 U.S.C. 13211(2)))" after "required". SEC. 702. ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE CREDITS FOR INSTALLATION OF
 13 14 15 16 17 18 	 FUEL VEHICLES – Section 102(a) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(unless, at the discretion of the State highway department, the vehicle operates on, or is fueled by, an alternative fuel (as defined in section 301 of Public Law 102-486 (42 U.S.C. 13211(2)))" after "required". SEC. 702. ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE CREDITS FOR INSTALLATION OF QUALIFYING INFRASTRUCTURE – Section 508 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	 FUEL VEHICLES – Section 102(a) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(unless, at the discretion of the State highway department, the vehicle operates on, or is fueled by, an alternative fuel (as defined in section 301 of Public Law 102-486 (42 U.S.C. 13211(2)))" after "required". SEC. 702. ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE CREDITS FOR INSTALLATION OF QUALIFYING INFRASTRUCTURE – Section 508 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13258) is amended by adding the following at the end:

1	covered person that is required to acquire an alternative fueled vehicle under this title, or
2	to a Federal fleet as defined by section 303(b)(3) of Title III of this Act, for the acquisition
3	or installation of the fuel or the needed infrastructure, including the supply and delivery
4	systems, necessary to operate or maintain the alternative fueled vehicle. Such necessary
5	infrastructure shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
6	"(A) equipment required to refuel of recharge the alternative fueled vehicle;
7	"(B) facilities or equipment required to maintain, repair or operate the alternative
8	fueled vehicle;
9	"(C) training programs, educational materials or other activities necessary to
10	provide information regarding the operation, maintenance or benefits associated
11	with the alternative fueled vehicle; and
12	"(D) such other activity as the Secretary deems an appropriate expenditure in
13	support of the operation, maintenance or further wide spread adoption or
14	utilization of the alternative fueled vehicle.
15	"(f) QUALIFYING INFRASTRUCTURE CREDIT The term "infrastructure credit"
16	shall mean –
17	"(A) that equipment or activity defined in subsection (e) above; and
18	"(B) be equivalent in cost to the acquisition of an alternative fueled vehicle for
19	which the expenditure on the infrastructure is made.
20	"(g) LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF INFRASTRUCTURE CREDITS ISSUED Each
21	fleet or covered person that is required to acquire an alternative fueled vehicle under this

1	title, or each Federal fleet as defined by section 303(b)(3) of Title III of this Act, shall be
2	limited in the number of infrastructure credits that may be acquired and used to meet the
3	alternative fueled vehicle requirements of this Act to no more than the equivalent of one
4	half of the alternative fueled vehicles required per annum."
5	SEC. 703. STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT USE OF FEDERAL ALTERNATIVE
6	FUEL REFUELING FACILITIES – Section 304 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C.
7	13213) is amended by adding the following at the end:
8	"(c) STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT OWNED VEHICLES. – Federal agencies
9	may include any alternative fuel vehicles owned by States or local governments in any
10	commercial arrangements for the purpose of fueling Federal alternative fueled vehicles as
11	authorized under subsection (a) of this section. The Secretary may allocate equivalent
12	infrastructure credits to a Federal fleet as defined by section 303(b)(3) of Title III of this
13	Act, for the inclusion of such vehicles in any such commercial fueling arrangements.".
14	SEC. 704. FEDERAL FLEET FUEL ECONOMY AND USE OF ALTERNATIVE FUELS
15	(A) FUEL ECONOMY – Through cost-effective measures, each agency shall increase the
16	average EPA fuel economy rating of passenger cars and light trucks acquired by at least 3
17	miles per gallon (mpg) by the end of fiscal year 2005 compared to acquisitions in fiscal
18	year 2000.
19	(b) USE OF ALTERNATIVE FUELS – Through cost-effective measures, each agency
20	shall, by the end of fiscal year 2005, use alternative fuels for at least 50 percent of the total
21	annual volume of fuel used by the agency. No more than 25 percent of fuel purchased by

1	State and local governments at Federally-owned refueling facilities as described under
2	Section 403 may be included by an agency in meeting the requirement of this section.
3	(c) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN – No later than one year after date of enactment of this
4	section, each agency shall develop and submit to Congress and the President an
5	implementation plan for fulfilling the requirements of this section. Each agency should
6	develop an implementation plan that meets its unique fleet configuration and fleet
7	requirements.
8	(d) ANNUAL REPORT –
9	(1) IN GENERAL – Each agency shall measure and report annually to Congress
10	and the President its progress in meeting the requirements of this section.
11	(2) GUIDELINES – The Secretary of Energy, through the Federal Energy
12	Management Program and in consultation with the Administrator of the Energy
13	Information Administration, shall develop and issue guidelines for agencies'
14	preparation of their annual report, including guidance on how to measure fuel
15	economy for the collection and annual reporting of data to demonstrate compliance
16	with the requirements of this section.
17	(e) APPLICABILITY – This order applies to each federal agency operating 20 or more
18	motor vehicles within the United States.
19	(f) EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN VEHICLES – Department of Defense military tactical
20	vehicles are exempt from this order. Law enforcement, emergency, and any other vehicle
21	class or type determined by the Secretary, in consultation with the Federal Energy

1	Management Program, are exempted from the requirements of this section. No later than
2	one year from date of enactment, the Secretary shall, in consultation with the Federal
3	Energy Management Program, set guidelines for agencies to use in the determination of
4	exemptions.
5	(g) DEFINITIONS – For the purposes of this section,
6	(1) "agency" means an executive agency as defined in 5 U.S.C. 105. Military
7	departments, as defined in 5 U.S.C. 102, are covered under the auspices of the
8	Department of Defense.
9	(2) "alternative fuel" means any fuel defined as an alternative fuel pursuant to
10	Section 301 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (P.L. 102-486).
11	(h) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS – Section 400AA of the Energy Policy and
12	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6374) is amended as follows:
13	(1) in subsection (a)(3)(E), insert the following sentence at the end, "Except that,
14	no later than fiscal year 2005 at least 50 percent of the total annual volume of fuel
15	used must be from alternative fuels.", and
16	(2) in subsection (g)(4)(B), after the words, "solely on alternative fuel", insert the
17	words ", including a three wheeled enclosed electric vehicle having a VIN
18	number".
19	SEC. 705. LOCAL GOVERNMENT GRANT PROGRAM
20	(a) ESTABLISHMENT – Within one year of date of enactment of this section, the
21	Secretary of Energy shall establish a program for making grants to local governments for

1	covering the incremental cost of qualified alternative fuel motor vehicles.
2	(b) CRITERIA – In deciding to whom grants shall be made under this subsection, the
3	Secretary of Energy shall consider the goal of assisting the greatest number of applicants,
4	provided that no grant award shall exceed \$1,000,000.
5	(c) PRIORITIES – Priority shall be given under this section to those local government
6	fleets where the use of alternative fuels would have a significant beneficial effect on
7	energy security and the environment.
8	(d) QUALIFIED ALTERNATIVE FUEL MOTOR VEHICLE DEFINED – For purposes
9	of this section, the term "qualified motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle which is
10	capable of operating only on an alternative fuel.
11	(e) INCREMENTAL COST – For purposes of this section, the incremental cost of any
12	qualified alternative fuel motor vehicle is equal to the amount of the excess of the
13	manufacturer's suggested retail price for such vehicle over such price for a gasoline or
14	diesel motor vehicle of the same model.
15	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS – For the purposes of this section, there
16	are authorized to be appropriated \$100,000,000 annually for each of the fiscal years 2002
17	through 2006.
18	
19	SUBTITLE B – RENEWABLE ENERGY
20	SEC. 710. RESIDENTIAL RENEWABLE ENERGY GRANT PROGRAM

1	(a) IN GENERAL – The Secretary of Energy shall develop and implement a grant program
2	that to offset a portion of the total cost of certain eligible residential renewable energy systems.
3	(b) ELIGIBILITY – Grants may be awarded for any of the following:
4	(1) new installation of an eligible residential renewable energy system for an
5	existing dwelling unit,
6	(2) purchase of an existing dwelling unit with an eligible residential renewable
7	energy system that was installed prior to the date of enactment of this section,
8	(3) addition to or augmentation of an existing eligible residential renewable energy
9	system installed on a dwelling unit prior to the date of enactment of this section,
10	provided that any such addition or augmentation results in additional electricity,
11	heat, or other useful energy, or
12	(4) construction of a new home or rental property which includes an eligible
13	residential renewable energy system.
14	(c) TOTAL COST –
15	(1) IN GENERAL – For purposes of this section, `total cost' means expenditure of
16	funds for the following:
17	(A) any equipment whose primary purpose is to provide for the collection,
18	conversion, transfer, distribution, storage or control of electricity or heat
19	generated from renewable energy,
20	(B) installation charges,

1	(C) labor costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, assembly, or
2	original installation of the system, and
3	(D) piping or wiring to interconnect such system to the dwelling unit.
4	(2) LEASED SYSTEMS – In the case of a system that is leased, `total cost' means
5	the principal recovery portion of all lease payments scheduled to be made during
6	the full term of the lease, excluding interest charges and maintenance expenses.
7	(3) EXISTING SYSTEMS – In the case of addition to or augmentation of an
8	existing system, `total cost' shall include only those expenditures related to the
9	incremental cost of the addition or augmentation, and not the full cost of the
10	system.
11	(d) COST BUY-DOWN – Grants provided under this section shall not exceed \$3,000 per
12	eligible residential renewable energy system, and shall be limited further as follows:
13	(1) For fiscal years 2002 and 2003, grants provided under this section shall be
14	limited to the smaller of -
15	(A) 50% of the total cost of the energy system, or
16	(B) \$3.00 per watt of system electricity output or equivalent.
17	(2) For fiscal years 2004 and 2005, grants provided under this section shall be
18	limited to the smaller of -
19	(A) 40% of the total cost of the energy system, or
20	(B) \$2.50 per watt of system electricity output.

1	(3) For fiscal years 2006 and 2007, grants provided under this section shall be
2	limited to the smaller of -
3	(A) 30% of the total cost of the energy system, or
4	(B) \$2.00 per watt of system electricity output.
5	(4) For fiscal years 2008 and 2009, grants provided under this section shall be
6	limited to the smaller of -
7	(A) 20% of the total cost of the energy system, or
8	(B) \$1.50 per watt of system electricity output.
9	(5) For fiscal years 2010 and 2011, grants provided under this section shall be
10	limited to the smaller of -
11	(A) 10% of the total cost of the energy system, or
12	(B) \$1.00 per watt of system electricity output.
13	(e) LIMITATIONS – No grant shall be allowed under this section for an eligible
14	residential renewable energy system unless –
15	(1) such expenditure is made for property installed on or in connection with a
16	dwelling unit which is located in the United States and which is used as a
17	residence,
18	(2) in the case of solar water heating equipment, such equipment is certified for
19	performance and safety by the non-profit Solar Rating Certification Corporation or
20	a comparable entity endorsed by the government of the State in which such

1	property is installed, and
2	(3) such system meets appropriate fire and electric code requirements.
3	(f) DEFINITIONS- For purposes of this section
4	(1) RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEM – The term 'renewable energy system'
5	means property that uses any of the following renewable energy forms to create
6	electricity, heat, or other forms of useful energy:
7	(A) solar thermal,
8	(B) solar photovoltaic,
9	(C) wind,
10	(D) biomass,
11	(E) hydroelectric, or
12	(F) geothermal.
13	(2) SOLAR PANELS- No expenditure relating to a solar panel or other property
14	installed as a roof (or portion thereof) shall fail to be treated as property described
15	in paragraph (1) solely because it constitutes a structural component of the
16	structure on which it is installed.
17	(3) ENERGY STORAGE MEDIUM- Expenditures which are properly allocable to
18	a swimming pool, hot tub, or any other energy storage medium which has a
19	function other than the function of such storage shall not be taken into account for
20	purposes of this section.

(g) SPECIAL RULES- For purposes of this section –

2	(1) TENANT-STOCKHOLDER IN COOPERATIVE HOUSING
3	CORPORATION- In the case of an individual who is a tenant-stockholder (as
4	defined in 26 U.S.C. 216) in a cooperative housing corporation (as defined in such
5	section), such individual shall be treated as having made his tenant-stockholder's
6	proportionate share (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216(b)(3)) of any expenditures of such
7	corporation.
8	(2) CONDOMINIUMS-
9	(A) IN GENERAL- In the case of an individual who is a member of a
10	condominium management association with respect to a condominium
11	which he owns, such individual shall be treated as having made his
12	proportionate share of any expenditures of such association.
13	(B) CONDOMINIUM MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION- For purposes of
14	this paragraph, the term `condominium management association' means an
15	organization which meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of 26 U.S.C.
16	528(c) (other than subparagraph (E) thereof) with respect to a condominium
17	project substantially all of the units of which are used as residences.
18	(3) RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS FOR MULTIPLE DWELLINGS-
19	(A) IN GENERAL- Any expenditure otherwise qualifying as an
20	expenditure described in paragraph (1) of subsection (c) shall not be treated
21	as failing to so qualify merely because such expenditure was made with

1	respect to 2 or more dwelling units.
2	(B) LIMITS APPLIED SEPARATELY- In the case of any expenditure
3	described in subparagraph (A), the amount of the grant available under
4	subsection (d) shall be computed separately with respect to the amount of
5	the expenditure made for each dwelling unit.
6	(h) ANNUAL REPORT – The Secretary shall submit to Congress and the President an
7	annual report on grants distributed pursuant to this section. The report shall include, at minimum,
8	the following:
9	(1) a summary of the eligible residential renewable energy systems receiving grants
10	in the year just concluded,
11	(2) an estimate of new renewable energy generation installed as a result of grants
12	awarded, and its distribution by renewable energy source and geographic location,
13	(3) evidence that the program is contributing to declining costs for renewable
14	energy technologies, and
15	(4) description of the methods used to award such grants.
16	(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS – For the purposes of this section, there
17	are authorized to be appropriated \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2002 and such sums as are necessary
18	for each fiscal year thereafter, but not to exceed \$150,000,000 in any fiscal year.
19	SEC. 711. ASSESSMENT OF RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES
20	(a) IN GENERAL – No later than twelve months after the date of enactment of this

section, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Congress an assessment of all renewable
 energy resources available within the United States.

3	(b) RESOURCE ASSESSMENT – Such report shall include a detailed inventory
4	describing the available amount and characteristics of solar, wind, biomass, geothermal,
5	hydroelectric and other renewable energy sources, and an estimate of the costs needed to develop
6	each resource. The report shall also include such other information as the Secretary of Energy
7	believes would be useful in siting renewable energy generation, such as appropriate terrain,
8	population and load centers, nearby energy infrastructure, and location of energy and water
9	resources.
10	(c) AVAILABILITY – The information and cost estimates in this report shall be updated
11	annually and made available to the public, along with the data used to create the report.
12	(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS – For the purposes of carrying out this
13	section, there are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for fiscal years 2002 through 2006.
14	
15	SUBTITLE C – HYDROELECTRIC LICENSING REFORM
16	SEC. 721. SHORT TITLE. – This Act may be cited as the `Hydroelectric Licensing Process
17	Improvement Act of 2001'.
18	SEC. 722. FINDINGS. – Congress finds that
19	(1) hydroelectric power is an irreplaceable source of clean, economic, renewable energy
20	with the unique capability of supporting reliable electric service while maintaining environmental
21	quality;

1	(2) hydroelectric power is the leading renewable energy resource of the United States;
2	(3) hydroelectric power projects provide multiple benefits to the United States, including
3	recreation, irrigation, flood control, water supply, and fish and wildlife benefits;
4	(4) in the next 15 years, the bulk of all non-Federal hydroelectric power capacity in the
5	United States is due to be relicensed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission;
6	(5) the process of licensing hydroelectric projects by the Commission
7	(A) does not produce optimal decisions, because the agencies that participate in the
8	process are not required to consider the full effects of their mandatory and
9	recommended conditions on a license;
10	(B) is inefficient, in part because agencies do not always submit their mandatory
11	and recommended conditions by a time certain;
12	(C) is burdened by uncoordinated environmental reviews and duplicative
13	permitting authority; and
14	(D) is burdensome for all participants and too often results in litigation; and
15	(6) while the alternative licensing procedures available to applicants for hydroelectric
16	project licenses provide important opportunities for the collaborative resolution of many of the
17	issues in hydroelectric project licensing, those procedures are not appropriate in every case and
18	cannot substitute for statutory reforms of the hydroelectric licensing process.
19	SEC. 723. PURPOSE. – The purpose of this Act is to achieve the objective of relicensing
20	hydroelectric power projects to maintain high environmental standards while preserving low cost

1 power by --

2	(1) requiring agencies to consider the full effects of their mandatory and recommended
3	conditions on a hydroelectric power license and to document the consideration of a broad
4	range of factors;
5	(2) requiring the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to impose deadlines by which
6	Federal agencies must submit proposed mandatory and recommended conditions to a
7	license; and
8	(3) making other improvements in the licensing process.
9	SEC. 724. PROCESS FOR CONSIDERATION BY FEDERAL AGENCIES OF
10	CONDITIONS TO LICENSES.
11	(a) IN GENERAL Part I of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a et seq.) is amended by
12	adding at the end the following:
13	`SEC. 32. PROCESS FOR CONSIDERATION BY FEDERAL AGENCIES OF
14	CONDITIONS TO LICENSES.
15	`(a) DEFINITIONS - In this section:
16	`(1) CONDITION - The term `condition' means
17	`(A) a condition to a license for a project on a Federal reservation
18	determined by a consulting agency for the purpose of the first
19	proviso of section 4(e); and
20	(B) a prescription relating to the construction, maintenance, or

1	operation of a fishway determined by a consulting agency for the
2	purpose of the first sentence of section 18.
3	`(2) CONSULTING AGENCY- The term `consulting agency' means
4	`(A) in relation to a condition described in paragraph (1)(A), the
5	Federal agency with responsibility for supervising the reservation;
6	and
7	(B) in relation to a condition described in paragraph (1)(B), the
8	Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Commerce, as
9	appropriate.
10	`(b) FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED-
11	`(1) IN GENERAL- In determining a condition, a consulting agency shall
12	take into consideration
13	`(A) the impacts of the condition on
14	`(i) economic and power values;
15	`(ii) electric generation capacity and system reliability;
16	`(iii) air quality (including consideration of the impacts on
17	greenhouse gas emissions); and
18	`(iv) drinking, flood control, irrigation, navigation, or
19	recreation water supply;
20	(B) compatibility with other conditions to be included in the

1	license, including mandatory conditions of other agencies, when
2	available; and
3	(C) means to ensure that the condition addresses only direct project
4	environmental impacts, and does so at the lowest project cost.
5	`(2) DOCUMENTATION-
6	`(A) IN GENERAL- In the course of the consideration of factors
7	under paragraph (1) and before any review under subsection (e), a
8	consulting agency shall create written documentation detailing,
9	among other pertinent matters, all proposals made, comments
10	received, facts considered, and analyses made regarding each of
11	those factors sufficient to demonstrate that each of the factors was
12	given full consideration in determining the condition to be
13	submitted to the Commission.
14	`(B) SUBMISSION TO THE COMMISSION- A consulting agency
15	shall include the documentation under subparagraph (A) in its
16	submission of a condition to the Commission.
17	`(c) SCIENTIFIC REVIEW-
18	`(1) IN GENERAL- Each condition determined by a consulting agency
19	shall be subjected to appropriately substantiated scientific review.
20	(2) DATA- For the purpose of paragraph (1), a condition shall be
21	considered to have been subjected to appropriately substantiated scientific

1	review if the review
2	`(A) was based on current empirical data or field-tested data; and
3	`(B) was subjected to peer review.
4	`(d) RELATIONSHIP TO IMPACTS ON FEDERAL RESERVATION- In the
5	case of a condition for the purpose of the first proviso of section 4(e), each
6	condition determined by a consulting agency shall be directly and reasonably
7	related to the impacts of the project within the Federal reservation.
8	`(e) ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW-
9	`(1) OPPORTUNITY FOR REVIEW- Before submitting to the
10	Commission a proposed condition, and at least 90 days before a license
11	applicant is required to file a license application with the Commission, a
12	consulting agency shall provide the proposed condition to the license
13	applicant and offer the license applicant an opportunity to obtain expedited
14	review before an administrative law judge or other independent reviewing
15	body of
16	`(A) the reasonableness of the proposed condition in light of the
17	effect that implementation of the condition will have on the energy
18	and economic values of a project; and
19	(B) compliance by the consulting agency with the requirements of
20	this section, including the requirement to consider the factors
21	described in subsection (b)(1).

`(2) COMPLETION OF REVIEW-

2	`(A) IN GENERAL- A review under paragraph (1) shall be
3	completed not more than 180 days after the license applicant
4	notifies the consulting agency of the request for review.
5	`(B) FAILURE TO MAKE TIMELY COMPLETION OF
6	REVIEW- If review of a proposed condition is not completed
7	within the time specified by subparagraph (A), the Commission may
8	treat a condition submitted by the consulting agency as a
9	recommendation is treated under section 10(j).
10	(3) REMAND- If the administrative law judge or reviewing body finds
11	that a proposed condition is unreasonable or that the consulting agency
12	failed to comply with any of the requirements of this section, the
13	administrative law judge or reviewing body shall
14	`(A) render a decision that
15	`(i) explains the reasons for a finding that the condition is
16	unreasonable and may make recommendations that the
17	administrative law judge or reviewing body may have for the
18	formulation of a condition that would not be found
19	unreasonable; or
20	`(ii) explains the reasons for a finding that a requirement
21	was not met and may describe any action that the consulting

1	agency should take to meet the requirement; and
2	(B) remand the matter to the consulting agency for further action.
3	`(4) SUBMISSION TO THE COMMISSION- Following administrative
4	review under this subsection, a consulting agency shall
5	`(A) take such action as is necessary to
6	`(i) withdraw the condition;
7	`(ii) formulate a condition that follows the recommendation
8	of the administrative law judge or reviewing body; or
9	`(iii) otherwise comply with this section; and
10	(B) include with its submission to the Commission of a proposed
11	condition
12	`(i) the record on administrative review; and
13	`(ii) documentation of any action taken following
14	administrative review.
15	`(f) SUBMISSION OF FINAL CONDITION-
16	`(1) IN GENERAL- After an applicant files with the Commission an
17	application for a license, the Commission shall set a date by which a
18	consulting agency shall submit to the Commission a final condition.
19	(2) LIMITATION- Except as provided in paragraph (3), the date for
20	submission of a final condition shall be not later than 1 year after the date

1	on which the Commission gives the consulting agency notice that a license
2	application is ready for environmental review.
3	(3) DEFAULT- If a consulting agency does not submit a final condition to
4	a license by the date set under paragraph (1)
5	`(A) the consulting agency shall not thereafter have authority to
6	recommend or establish a condition to the license; and
7	(B) the Commission may, but shall not be required to, recommend
8	or establish an appropriate condition to the license that
9	`(i) furthers the interest sought to be protected by the
10	provision of law that authorizes the consulting agency to
11	propose or establish a condition to the license; and
12	`(ii) conforms to the requirements of this Act.
13	`(4) EXTENSION- The Commission may make 1 extension, of not more
14	than 30 days, of a deadline set under paragraph (1).
15	`(g) ANALYSIS BY THE COMMISSION-
16	`(1) ECONOMIC ANALYSIS- The Commission shall conduct an
17	economic analysis of each condition submitted by a consulting agency to
18	determine whether the condition would render the project uneconomic.
19	(2) CONSISTENCY WITH THIS SECTION- In exercising authority
20	under section 10(j)(2), the Commission shall consider whether any

1	recommendation submitted under section $10(j)(1)$ is consistent with the
2	purposes and requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
3	`(h) COMMISSION DETERMINATION ON EFFECT OF CONDITIONS-
4	When requested by a license applicant in a request for rehearing, the
5	Commission shall make a written determination on whether a condition
6	submitted by a consulting agency-
7	`(1) is in the public interest, as measured by the impact of the
8	condition on the factors described in subsection (b)(1);
9	(2) was subjected to scientific review in accordance with
10	subsection (c);
11	(3) relates to direct project impacts within the reservation, in the
12	case of a condition for the first proviso of section 4(e);
13	`(4) is reasonable;
14	`(5) is supported by substantial evidence; and
15	(6) is consistent with this Act and other terms and conditions to be
16	included in the license.'.
17	(b) CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS-
18	(1) SECTION 4- Section 4(e) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 797(e)) is amended
19	(A) in the first proviso of the first sentence by inserting after `conditions' the
20	following: `, determined in accordance with section 32,'; and

1	(B) in the last sentence, by striking the period and inserting `(including	
2	consideration of the impacts on greenhouse gas emissions)'.	
3	(2) SECTION 18- Section 18 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 811) is amended in the	
4	first sentence by striking `prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce' and inserting `prescribed, in	
5	accordance with section 32, by the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Commerce, as	
6	appropriate'.	
7	SEC. 725. COORDINATED ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PROCESS. – Part I of the	
8	Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a et seq.) (as amended by section 4) is amended by adding at the	
9	end the following:	
10	`SEC. 33. COORDINATED ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PROCESS.	
11	`(a) LEAD AGENCY RESPONSIBILITY- The Commission, as the lead agency	
12	for environmental reviews under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969	
13	(42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) for projects licensed under this part, shall conduct a single	
14	consolidated environmental review	
15	`(1) for each such project; or	
16	`(2) if appropriate, for multiple projects located in the same area.	
17	`(b) CONSULTING AGENCIES- In connection with the formulation of a	
18	condition in accordance with section 32, a consulting agency shall not perform any	
19	environmental review in addition to any environmental review performed by the	
20	Commission in connection with the action to which the condition relates.	
21	`(c) DEADLINES-	

1	`(1) IN GENERAL- The Commission shall set a deadline for the submission of comments	
2	by Federal, State, and local government agencies in connection with the preparation of any	
3	environmental impact statement or environmental assessment required for a project.	
4	(2) CONSIDERATIONS- In setting a deadline under paragraph (1), the Commission shall	
5	take into consideration	
6	`(A) the need of the license applicant for a prompt and reasonable decision;	
7	`(B) the resources of interested Federal, State, and local government agencies; and	
8	`(C) applicable statutory requirements.'.	
9	SEC. 726. STUDY OF SMALL HYDROELECTRIC PROJECTS.	
10	(a) IN GENERAL- Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal	
11	Energy Regulatory Commission shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources	
12	of the Senate and the Committee on Commerce of the House of Representatives a study of the	
13	feasibility of establishing a separate licensing procedure for small hydroelectric projects.	
14	(b) DEFINITION OF SMALL HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT- The Commission may by	
15	regulation define the term `small hydroelectric project' for the purpose of subsection (a), except	
16	that the term shall include at a minimum a hydroelectric project that has a generating capacity of 5	
17	megawatts or less.	
18		
19	TITLE VIII – ELECTRIC SUPPLY RELIABILITY; PURPA REPEAL; PUHCA REPEAL	
20	SUBTITLE A – ELECTRIC ENERGY TRANSMISSION RELIABILTY	

1	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE. – This Subtitle may be cited as the "National Electric Reliability	
2	Act".	
3	SEC. 802. ELECTRIC ENERGY TRANSMISSION RELIABILITY.	
4	(a) ELECTRIC RELIABILITY ORGANIZATION AND OVERSIGHT –	
5	(1) IN GENERAL. – The Federal Power Act is amended by adding the following new	
6	section after section 214:	
7	"SEC. 215. ELECTRIC RELIABILITY ORGANIZATION AND OVERSIGHT.	
8	"(a) DEFINITIONS. – As used in this section:	
9	"(1) AFFILIATED REGIONAL RELIABILITY ENTITY. – The term	
10	"affiliated regional reliability entity" means an entity delegated authority	
11	under the provisions of subsection (h).	
12	"(2) BULK POWER SYSTEM. – The term "bulk power system" means all	
13	facilities and control systems necessary for operating an interconnected	
14	transmission grid (or any portion thereof), including high-voltage	
15	transmission lines; substations; control centers; communications; data, and	
16	operations planning facilities; and the output of generating units necessary	
17	to maintain transmission system reliability.	
18	"(3) ELECTRIC RELIABILITY ORGANIZATION, OR	
19	ORGANIZATION. – The term "Electric Reliability Organization" or	
20	"Organization" means the organization approved by the Commission under	
21	subsection (d)(4).	

1	"(4) ENTITY RULE. – The term "entity rule" means a rule adopted by an
2	affiliated regional reliability entity for a specific region and designed to
3	implement or enforce one or more Organization Standards. An entity rule
4	shall be approved by the organization and once approved, shall be treated as
5	an Organization Standard.
б	"(5) INDUSTRY SECTOR. – The term "industry sector" means a group of
7	users of the bulk power system with substantially similar commercial
8	interests, as determined by the Board of the Electric Reliability
9	Organization.
10	"(6) INTERCONNECTION. – The term "interconnection" means a
11	geographic area in which the operation of bulk power system components is
12	synchronized such that the failure of one or more of such components may
13	adversely affect the ability of the operators of other components within the
14	interconnection to maintain safe and reliable operation of the facilities
15	within their control.
16	"(7) ORGANIZATION STANDARD. – The term "Organization Standard"
17	means a policy or standard duly adopted by the Electric Reliability
18	Organization to provide for the reliable operation of a bulk power system.
19	"(8) PUBLIC INTEREST GROUP. – The term "public interest group"
20	means any nonprofit private or public organization that has an interest in
21	the activities of the Electric Reliability Organization, including, but not
limited to, ratepayer advocates, environmental groups, and State and local
 government organizations that regulate market participants and promulgate
 government policy.

4 "(9) VARIANCE. – The term "variance" means an exception or variance
5 from the requirements of an Organization Standard (including a proposal
6 for an Organization Standard where there is no Organization Standard) that
7 is adopted by an affiliated regional reliability entity and applicable to all or
8 a part of the region for which the affiliated regional reliability entity is
9 responsible. A variance shall be approved by the organization and once
10 approved, shall be treated as an Organization Standard.

"(10) SYSTEM OPERATOR. – The term "system operator" means any
entity that operates or is responsible for the operation of a bulk power
system, including but not limited to a control area operator, an independent
system operator, a regional transmission organization, a transmission
company, a transmission system operator, or a regional security
coordinator.

"(11) USER OF THE BULK POWER SYSTEM. – The term "user of the
bulk power system" means any entity that sells, purchases, or transmits
electric power over a bulk power system, or that owns, operates, or
maintains facilities or control systems that are part of a bulk power system,
or that is a system operator.

1 "(b) COMMISSION AUTHORITY -

2	"(1) Within the United States, the Commission shall have jurisdiction over
3	the Electric Reliability Organization, all affiliated regional reliability
4	entities, all system operators, and all users of the bulk-power system, for
5	purposes of approving and enforcing compliance with the requirements of
6	this section.
7	"(2) The Commission may, by rule, define any other term used in this
8	section, provided such definition is consistent with the definitions in, and
9	the purpose and intent of, this Act.
10	"(3) Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section, the
11	Commission shall issue a proposed rule for implementing the requirements
12	of this section. The Commission shall provide notice and opportunity for
13	comment on the proposed rule. The Commission shall issue a final rule
14	under this subsection within 180 days after the date of enactment of this
15	section.
16	"(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or impairing any
17	authority of the Commission under any other provision of this Act,
18	including its exclusive authority to determine rates, terms, and conditions

of transmission services subject to its jurisdiction.

20 "(c) EXISTING RELIABILITY STANDARDS – Following enactment of this
21 section, and prior to the approval of an organization under subsection (d), any

entity, including the North American Electric Reliability Council and its member 1 2 regional reliability councils, may file any reliability standard, guidance, or practice 3 that such entity would propose to be made mandatory and enforceable. The Commission, after allowing an opportunity to submit comments, may approve any 4 5 such proposed mandatory standard, guidance, or practice, or any amendment 6 thereto, if it finds that the standard, guidance, or practice, or amendment is just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest. 7 8 The Commission may, without further proceeding or finding, grant its approval to 9 any standard, guidance, or practice for which no substantive objections are filed in 10 the comment period. Filed standards, guidances, or practices, including any 11 amendments thereto, shall be mandatory and applicable according to their terms 12 following approval by the Commission and shall remain in effect until: 13 (1) withdrawn, disapproved, or superseded by an Organization Standard, 14 issued or approved by the Electric Reliability Organization and made 15 effective by the Commission under subsection (e); or 16 (2) disapproved by the Commission if, upon complaint or upon its own motion and after notice and an opportunity for comment, the Commission 17 18 finds the standard, guidance, or practice unjust, unreasonable, unduly 19 discriminatory, or preferential or not in the public interest. 20 Standards, guidances, or practices in effect pursuant to the provisions of this 21 subsection shall be enforceable by the Commission.

"(d) ORGANIZATION APPROVAL –

2	"(1) Following the issuance of a final Commission rule under subsection
3	(b)(3), an entity may submit an application to the Commission for approval
4	as the Electric Reliability Organization. The applicant shall specify in its
5	application its governance and procedures, as well as its funding
6	mechanism and initial funding requirements.
7	"(2) The Commission shall provide public notice of the application and
8	afford interested parties an opportunity to comment.
9	"(3) The Commission shall approve the application if the Commission
10	determines that the applicant –
11	"(A) has the ability to develop, implement, and enforce standards
12	that provide for an adequate level of reliability of the bulk power
13	system;
14	"(B) permits voluntary membership to any user of the bulk power
15	system or public interest group;
16	"(C) assures fair representation of its members in the selection of its
17	directors and fair management of its affairs, taking into account the
18	need for efficiency and effectiveness in decisionmaking and
19	operations and the requirements for technical competency in the
20	development of Organization Standards and the exercise of
21	oversight of bulk power system reliability;

1		"(D) assures that no two industry sectors have the ability to control,
2	4	and no one industry sector has the ability to veto, the Electric
3	J	Reliability Organization's discharge of its responsibilities
4	((including actions by committees recommending standards to the
5	1	board or other board actions to implement and enforce standards);
6		"(E) provides for governance by a board wholly comprised of
7	i	independent directors;
8		"(F) provides a funding mechanism and requirements that are just,
9	1	reasonable, and not unduly discriminatory or preferential and are in
10	t	the public interest, and which satisfy the requirements of subsection
11	((1);
12		"(G) establishes procedures for development of Organization
13	\$	Standards that provide reasonable notice and opportunity for public
14	(comment, taking into account the need for efficiency and
15	6	effectiveness in decisionmaking and operations and the
16	1	requirements for technical competency in the development of
17	(Organization Standards, and which standards development process
18	I	has the following attributes:
19		"(i) openness,
20		"(ii) balance of interests, and

1	alternative procedures for emergencies;
2	"(H) establishes fair and impartial procedures for implementation
3	and enforcement of Organization Standards, either directly or
4	through delegation to an affiliated regional reliability entity,
5	including the imposition of penalties, limitations on activities,
6	functions, or operations, or other appropriate sanctions;
7	"(I) establishes procedures for notice and opportunity for public
8	observation of all meetings, except that the procedures for public
9	observation may include alternative procedures for emergencies or
10	for the discussion of information the directors determine should
11	take place in closed session, such as litigation, personnel actions, or
12	commercially sensitive information;
13	"(J) provides for the consideration of recommendations of States
14	and State commissions; and
15	"(K) addresses other matters that the Commission may deem
16	necessary or appropriate to ensure that the procedures, governance,
17	and funding of the Electric Reliability Organization are just,
18	reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and are in the
19	public interest.
20	"(4) The Commission shall approve only one Electric Reliability
21	Organization. If the Commission receives two or more timely applications

1	that satisfy the requirements of this subsection, the Commission shall
2	approve only the application it concludes will best implement the
3	provisions of this section.
4	"(e) ESTABLISHMENT OF AND MODIFICATIONS TO ORGANIZATION
5	STANDARDS. –
6	"(1) The Electric Reliability Organization shall file with the Commission
7	any new or modified organization standards, including any variances or
8	entity rules, and the Commission shall follow the procedures under
9	paragraph (2) for review of that filing.
10	"(2) Submissions under paragraph (1) shall include:
11	"(A) a concise statement of the purpose of the proposal, and
12	"(B) a record of any proceedings conducted with respect to such
13	proposal.
14	The Commission shall provide notice of the filing of such proposal and
15	afford interested entities 30 days to submit comments. The Commission,
16	after taking into consideration any submitted comments, shall approve or
17	disapprove such proposal not later than 60 days after the deadline for the
18	submission of comments, except that the Commission may extend the 60
19	day period for an additional 90 days for good cause, and except further that
20	if the Commission does not act to approve or disapprove a proposal within
21	the foregoing periods, the proposal shall go into effect subject to its terms,

1	without prejudice to the authority of the Commission thereafter to modify
2	the proposal in accordance with the standards and requirements of this
3	section. Proposals approved by the Commission shall take effect according
4	to their terms but not earlier than 30 days after the effective date of the
5	Commission's order, except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection.
6	"(3)(A) In the exercise of its review responsibilities under this subsection,
7	the Commission shall give due weight to the technical expertise of the
8	Electric Reliability Organization with respect to the content of a new or
9	modified organization standard, but shall not defer to the organization with
10	respect to the effect of the standard on competition. The Commission shall
11	approve a proposed new or modified organization standard if it determines
12	the proposal to be just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or
13	preferential, and in the public interest.
14	"(B) An existing or proposed organization standard which is disapproved in
15	whole or in part by the Commission shall be remanded to the Electric
16	Reliability Organization for further consideration.
17	"(C) The Commission, on its own motion or upon complaint, may direct
18	the Electric Reliability Organization to develop an organization standard,
19	including modification to an existing organization standard, addressing a
20	specific matter by a date certain if the Commission considers such new or
21	modified organization standard necessary or appropriate to further the

purposes of this section. The Electric Reliability Organization shall file any
 such new or modified organization standard in accordance with this
 subsection.

"(D) An affiliated regional reliability entity may propose a variance or 4 entity rule to the Electric Reliability Organization. The affiliated regional 5 reliability entity may request that the Electric Reliability Organization 6 7 expedite consideration of the proposal, and may file a notice of such request with the Commission, if expedited consideration is necessary to 8 9 provide for bulk-power system reliability. If the Electric Reliability Organization fails to adopt the variance or entity rule, either in whole or in 10 11 part, the affiliated regional reliability entity may request that the 12 Commission review such action. If the Commission determines, after its 13 review of such a request, that the action of the Electric Reliability 14 Organization did not conform to the applicable standards and procedures 15 approved by the Commission, or if the Commission determines that the 16 variance or entity rule is just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or 17 preferential, and in the public interest, and that the Electric Reliability 18 Organization has unreasonably rejected the proposed variance or entity rule, 19 then the Commission may remand the proposed variance or entity rule for 20 further consideration by the Electric Reliability Organization or may direct 21 the Electric Reliability Organization or the affiliated regional reliability 22 entity to develop a variance or entity rule consistent with that requested by

the affiliated regional reliability entity. Any such variance or entity rule 1 2 proposed by an affiliated regional reliability entity shall be submitted to the 3 Electric Reliability Organization for review and filing with the Commission in accordance with the procedures specified in this subsection. 4 "(E) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a proposed 5 organization standard or amendment shall take effect according to its terms 6 7 if the Electric Reliability Organization determines that an emergency exists requiring that such proposed organization standard or amendment take 8 9 effect without notice or comment. The Electric Reliability Organization 10 shall notify the Commission immediately following such determination and 11 shall file such emergency organization standard or amendment with the 12 Commission not later than 5 days following such determination and shall 13 include in such filing an explanation of the need for such emergency 14 standard. Subsequently, the Commission shall provide notice of the 15 organization standard or amendment for comment, and shall follow the 16 procedures set out in paragraphs (2) and (3) for review of the new or 17 modified organization standard. Any such organization standard that has 18 gone into effect shall remain in effect unless and until suspended or 19 disapproved by the Commission. If the Commission determines at any time 20 that the emergency organization standard or amendment is not necessary, 21 the Commission may suspend such emergency organization standard or amendment. 22

1	"(4) All users of the bulk power system shall comply with any organization
2	standard that takes effect under this section.
3	"(f) COORDINATION WITH CANADA AND MEXICO- The Electric Reliability
4	Organization shall take all appropriate steps to gain recognition in Canada and
5	Mexico. The United States shall use its best efforts to enter into international
6	agreements with the appropriate governments of Canada and Mexico to provide for
7	effective compliance with organization standards and to provide for the
8	effectiveness of the Electric Reliability Organization in carrying out its mission and
9	responsibilities. All actions taken by the Electric Reliability Organization, any
10	affiliated regional reliability entity, and the Commission shall be consistent with
11	the provisions of such international agreements.
12	"(g) CHANGES IN PROCEDURES, GOVERNANCE, OR FUNDING –
13	"(1) The Electric Reliability Organization shall file with the Commission
14	any proposed change in its procedures, governance, or funding, or any
15	changes in the affiliated regional reliability entity's procedures, governance,
16	or funding relating to delegated functions, and shall include with the filing
17	an explanation of the basis and purpose for the change.
18	"(2) A proposed procedural change may take effect 90 days after filing with
19	the Commission if the change constitutes a statement of policy, practice, or
20	interpretation with respect to the meaning or enforcement of an existing
21	procedure. Otherwise, a proposed procedural change shall take effect only

1	upon a finding by the Commission, after notice and opportunity for
2	comments, that the change is just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or
3	preferential, is in the public interest, and satisfies the requirements of
4	subsection (d)(4).
5	"(3) A change in governance or funding shall not take effect unless the
6	Commission finds that the change is just, reasonable, not unduly
7	discriminatory or preferential, in the public interest, and satisfies the
8	requirements of subsection (d)(4).
9	"(4) The Commission, upon complaint or upon its own motion, may require
10	the Electric Reliability Organization to amend the procedures, governance,
11	or funding if the Commission determines that the amendment is necessary
12	to meet the requirements of this section. The Electric Reliability
13	Organization shall file the amendment in accordance with paragraph (1) of
14	this subsection.
15	"(h) DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY
16	"(1) The Electric Reliability Organization shall, upon request by an entity,
17	enter into an agreement with such entity for the delegation of authority to
18	implement and enforce compliance with organization standards in a
19	specified geographic area if the organization finds that the entity requesting
20	the delegation satisfies the requirements of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C),
21	(D), (F), (J), and (K) of subsection (d)(4), and if the delegation promotes

the effective and efficient implementation and administration of bulk power 1 2 system reliability. The Electric Reliability Organization may enter into an 3 agreement to delegate to the entity any other authority, except that the Electric Reliability Organization shall reserve the right to set and approve 4 5 standards for bulk power system reliability. "(2) The Electric Reliability Organization shall file with the Commission 6 7 any agreement entered into under this subsection and any information the Commission requires with respect to the affiliated regional reliability entity 8 9 to which authority is to be delegated. The Commission shall approve the 10 agreement, following public notice and an opportunity for comment, if it 11 finds that the agreement meets the requirements of paragraph (1), and is 12 just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and is in the 13 public interest. A proposed delegation agreement with an affiliated regional 14 reliability entity organized on an interconnection-wide basis shall be 15 rebuttably presumed by the Commission to promote the effective and 16 efficient implementation and administration of bulk power system 17 reliability. No delegation by the Electric Reliability Organization shall be 18 valid unless approved by the Commission. 19 "(3)(A) A delegation agreement entered into under this subsection shall 20 specify the procedures for an affiliated regional reliability entity to propose 21 entity rules or variances for review by the Electric Reliability Organization.

With respect to any such proposal that would apply on an interconnection-

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1	wide basis, the Electric Reliability Organization shall presume such
2	proposal valid if made by an interconnection-wide affiliated regional
3	reliability entity unless the Electric Reliability Organization makes a
4	written finding that the proposal –
5	"(i) was not developed in a fair and open process that provided an
6	opportunity for all interested parties to participate;
7	"(ii) has a significant adverse impact on reliability or commerce in
8	other interconnections;
9	"(iii) fails to provide a level of reliability of the bulk-power system
10	within the interconnection such that it would constitute a serious
11	and substantial threat to public health, safety, welfare, or national
12	security; or
13	"(iv) creates a serious and substantial burden on competitive
14	markets within the interconnection that is not necessary for
15	reliability.
16	"(B) With respect to any such proposal that would apply only to part of an
17	interconnection, the Electric Reliability Organization shall find such
18	proposal valid if the affiliated regional reliability entity or entities making
19	the proposal demonstrate that it –
20	"(i) was developed in a fair and open process that provided an
21	opportunity for all interested parties to participate;

1	"(ii) would not have an adverse impact on commerce that is not
2	necessary for reliability;
3	"(iii) provides a level of bulk power system reliability adequate to
4	protect public health, safety, welfare, and national security, and
5	would not have a significant adverse impact on reliability; and
б	"(iv) in the case of a variance, is based on legitimate differences
7	between regions or between subregions within the affiliated regional
8	reliability entity's geographic area.
9	The Electric Reliability Organization shall approve or disapprove such
10	proposal within 120 days, or the proposal shall be deemed approved.
11	Following approval of any such proposal under this paragraph, the Electric
12	Reliability Organization shall seek Commission approval pursuant to the
13	procedures prescribed under subsection (e)(3). Affiliated regional reliability
14	entities may not make requests for approval directly to the Commission
15	except pursuant to subsection $(e)(3)(D)$.
16	"(4) If an affiliated regional reliability entity requests, consistent with
17	paragraph (1) of this subsection, that the Electric Reliability Organization
18	delegate authority to it, but is unable within 180 days to reach agreement
19	with the Electric Reliability Organization with respect to such requested
20	delegation, such entity may seek relief from the Commission. If, following
21	notice and opportunity for comment, the Commission determines that a

1	delegation to the entity would meet the requirements of paragraph (1)
2	above, and that the delegation would be just, reasonable, not unduly
3	discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest, and that the
4	Electric Reliability Organization has unreasonably withheld such
5	delegation, the Commission may, by order, direct the Electric Reliability
6	Organization to make such delegation.
7	"(5)(A) The Commission may, upon its own motion or upon complaint, and
8	with notice to the appropriate affiliated regional reliability entity or entities,
9	direct the Electric Reliability Organization to propose a modification to an
10	agreement entered into under this subsection if the Commission determines
11	that –
12	"(i) the affiliated regional reliability entity no longer has the
13	capacity to carry out effectively or efficiently its implementation or
14	enforcement responsibilities under that agreement, has failed to
15	meet its obligations under that agreement, or has violated any
16	provision of this section;
17	"(ii) the rules, practices, or procedures of the affiliated regional
18	reliability entity no longer provide for fair and impartial discharge
19	of its implementation or enforcement responsibilities under the
20	agreement;
21	"(iii) the geographic boundary of a transmission entity approved by

1	the Commission is not wholly within the boundary of an affiliated
2	regional reliability entity and such difference is inconsistent with the
3	effective and efficient implementation and administration of bulk
4	power system reliability; or
5	"(iv) the agreement is inconsistent with another delegation
6	agreement as a result of actions taken under paragraph (4) of this
7	subsection.
8	"(B) Following an order of the Commission issued under subparagraph (A),
9	the Commission may suspend the affected agreement if the Electric
10	Reliability Organization or the affiliated regional reliability entity does not
11	propose an appropriate and timely modification. If the agreement is
12	suspended, the Electric Reliability Organization shall assume the
13	previously delegated responsibilities. The Commission shall allow the
14	Electric Reliability Organization and the affiliated regional reliability entity
15	an opportunity to appeal the suspension.
16	"(i) ORGANIZATION MEMBERSHIP. – Every system operator shall be required
17	to be a member of the Electric Reliability Organization and shall be required also
18	to be a member of any affiliated regional reliability entity operating under an
19	agreement effective pursuant to subsection (h) applicable to the region in which the
20	system operator operates or is responsible for the operation of bulkpower system
21	facilities.

"(j) INJUNCTIONS AND DISCIPLINARY ACTION. -

2 (1) Consistent with the range of actions approved by the Commission under 3 subsection (d)(4)(H), the Electric Reliability Organization may impose a 4 penalty, limitation of activities, functions, operations, or other disciplinary action the Electric Reliability Organization finds appropriate against a user 5 of the bulk power system if the Electric Reliability Organization, after 6 7 notice and an opportunity for interested parties to be heard, issues a finding in writing that the user of the bulk-power system has violated an 8 9 organization standard. The Electric Reliability Organization shall 10 immediately notify the Commission of any disciplinary action imposed 11 with respect to an act or failure to act of a user of the bulk-power system 12 that affected or threatened to affect bulk power system facilities located in 13 the United States, and the sanctioned party shall have the right to seek 14 modification or rescission of such disciplinary action by the Commission. If 15 the organization finds it necessary to prevent a serious threat to reliability, 16 the organization may seek injunctive relief in a Federal court in the district 17 in which the affected facilities are located. 18 "(2) A disciplinary action taken under paragraph (1) may take effect not 19 earlier than the 30th day after the Electric Reliability Organization files

with the Commission its written finding and record of proceedings before
the Electric Reliability Organization and the Commission posts its written
finding, unless the Commission, on its own motion or upon application by

1	the user of the bulk power system which is the subject of the action,
2	suspends the action. The action shall remain in effect or remain suspended
3	unless and until the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing,
4	affirms, sets aside, modifies, or reinstates the action, but the Commission
5	shall conduct such hearing under procedures established to ensure
6	expedited consideration of the action taken.
7	"(3) The Commission, on its own motion or on complaint, may order
8	compliance with an organization standard and may impose a penalty,
9	limitation of activities, functions, or operations, or take such other
10	disciplinary action as the Commission finds appropriate, against a user of
11	the bulk power system with respect to actions affecting or threatening to
12	affect bulk power system facilities located in the United States if the
13	Commission finds, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that the user
14	of the bulk power system has violated or threatens to violate an
15	organization standard.
16	"(4) The Commission may take such action as is necessary against the
17	Electric Reliability Organization or an affiliated regional reliability entity to
18	assure compliance with an organization standard, or any Commission order
19	affecting the Electric Reliability Organization or an affiliated regional
20	reliability entity.
21	"(k) RELIABILITY REPORTS. – The Electric Reliability Organization shall

1	conduct periodic assessments of the reliability and adequacy of the interconnected
2	bulk power system in North America and shall report annually to the Secretary of
3	Energy and the Commission its findings and recommendations for monitoring or
4	improving system reliability and adequacy.
5	"(1) ASSESSMENT AND RECOVERY OF CERTAIN COSTS. – The reasonable
6	costs of the Electric Reliability Organization, and the reasonable costs of each
7	affiliated regional reliability entity that are related to implementation and
8	enforcement of organization standards or other requirements contained in a
9	delegation agreement approved under subsection (h), shall be assessed by the
10	Electric Reliability Organization and each affiliated regional reliability entity,
11	respectively, taking into account the relationship of costs to each region and based
12	on an allocation that reflects an equitable sharing of the costs among all end users.
13	The Commission shall provide by rule for the review of such costs and allocations,
14	pursuant to the standards in this subsection and subsection (d)(4)(F).
15	"(m) SAVINGS PROVISIONS. –
16	"(1) The Electric Reliability Organization shall have authority to develop,
17	implement and enforce compliance with standards for the reliable operation
18	of only the bulk power system.
19	"(2) This section does not provide the Electric Reliability Organization or
20	the Commission with the authority to set and enforce compliance with
21	standards for adequacy or safety of electric facilities or services.

1	"(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to preempt any authority of
2	any State to take action to ensure the safety, adequacy, and reliability of
3	electric service within that State, as long as such action is not inconsistent
4	with any Organization Standard.
5	"(4) Within 90 days of the application of the Electric Reliability
6	Organization or other affected party, the Commission shall issue a final
7	order determining whether a state action is inconsistent with an
8	Organization Standard, after notice and opportunity for comment, taking
9	into consideration any recommendations of the Electric Reliability
10	Organization.
11	"(5) The Commission, after consultation with the Electric Reliability
12	Organization, may stay the effectiveness of any state action, pending the
13	Commission's issuance of a final order.
14	"(n) REGIONAL ADVISORY BODIES. – The Commission shall establish a
15	regional advisory body on the petition of at least two-thirds of the States within a
16	region that have more than one-half of their electric loan served within the region.
17	A regional advisory body shall be composed of one member from each
18	participating State in the region, appointed by the Governor of each State, and may
19	include representatives of agencies, States, and provinces outside the United States,
20	upon execution of an international agreement or agreements described in
21	subsection (f). A regional advisory body may provide advice to the electric

1	reliability organization, an affiliated regional reliability entity, or the Commission
2	regarding the governance of an existing or proposed affiliated regional reliability
3	entity within the same region, whether an organization standard, entity rule, or
4	variance proposed to apply within the region is just, reasonable, not unduly
5	discriminatory or preferential, and in the public interest, and whether fees proposed
6	to be assessed within the region are just, reasonable, not unduly discriminatory or
7	preferential, in the public interest, and consistent with the requirements of
8	subsection (1). The Commission may give deference to the advice of any such
9	regional advisory body if that body is organized on an interconnection-wide basis.
10	"(o) COORDINATION WITH REGIONAL TRANSMISSION
11	ORGANIZATIONS. –
12	"(1) Each regional transmission organization authorized by the
13	Commission shall be responsible for maintaining the short-term reliability
14	of the bulk power system that it operates, consistent with organization
15	standards.
16	"(2) Except as provided in paragraph (5), in connection with a proceeding
17	under subsection (e) to consider a proposed organization standard, each
18	regional transmission organization authorized by the Commission shall
19	report to the Commission, and notify the electric reliability organization
20	and any applicable affiliated regional reliability entity, regarding whether
21	the proposed organization standard hinders or conflicts with that regional

transmission organization's ability to fulfill the requirements of any rule, 1 2 regulation, order, tariff, rate schedule, or agreement accepted, approved or 3 ordered by the Commission. Where such hindrance or conflict is identified, 4 the Commission shall address such hindrance or conflict, and the need for 5 any changes to such rule, order, tariff, rate schedule, or agreement accepted, 6 approved or ordered by the Commission in its order under subsection (e) regarding the proposed standard. Where such hindrance or conflict is 7 8 identified between a proposed organization standard and a provision of any 9 rule, order, tariff, rate schedule or agreement accepted, approved or ordered 10 by the Commission applicable to a regional transmission organization, 11 nothing in this section shall require a change in the regional transmission 12 organization's obligation to comply with such provision unless the 13 Commission orders such a change and the change becomes effective. If the 14 Commission finds that the tariff, rate schedule, or agreement needs to be changed, the regional transmission organization must expeditiously make a 15 16 section 205 filing to reflect the change. If the Commission finds that the 17 proposed organization standard needs to be changed, it shall remand the proposed organization standard to the electric reliability organization under 18 19 subsection (e)(3)(B). 20 "(3) Except as provided in paragraph (5), to the extent hindrances and

conflicts arise after approval of a reliability standard under subsection (c) or
 organization standard under subsection (e), each regional transmission

1 organization authorized by the Commission shall report to the Commission, 2 and notify the electric reliability organization and any applicable affiliated 3 regional reliability entity, regarding any reliability standard approved under subsection (c) or organization standard that hinders or conflicts with that 4 5 regional transmission organization"s ability to fulfill the requirements of 6 any rule, regulation, order, tariff, rate schedule, or agreement accepted, approved or ordered by the Commission. The Commission shall seek to 7 8 assure that such hindrances or conflicts are resolved promptly. Where a 9 hindrance or conflict is identified between a reliability standard or an 10 organization standard and a provision of any rule, order, tariff, rate 11 schedule or agreement accepted, approved or ordered by the Commission 12 applicable to a regional reliability organization, nothing in this section shall 13 require a change in the regional transmission organization's obligation to 14 comply with such provision unless the Commission orders such a change 15 and the change becomes effective. If the Commission finds that the tariff, 16 rate schedule or agreement needs to be changed, the regional transmission 17 organization must expeditiously make a section 205 filing to reflect the 18 change. If the Commission finds that an organization standard needs to be 19 changed, it shall order the electric reliability organization to develop and 20 submit a modified organization standard under subsection (e)(3)(C). 21 "(4) An affiliated regional reliability entity and a regional transmission

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organization operating in the same geographic area shall cooperate to avoid

1	conflicts between implementation and enforcement of organization
2	standards by the affiliated regional reliability entity and implementation and
3	enforcement by the regional transmission organization of tariffs, rate
4	schedules, and agreements accepted, approved or ordered by the
5	Commission. In areas without an affiliated regional reliability entity, the
6	electric reliability organization shall act as the affiliated regional reliability
7	entity for purposes of this paragraph.
8	"(5) Until 6 months after approval of applicable subsection (h)(3)
9	procedures, any reliability standard, guidance, or practice contained in
10	Commission-accepted tariffs, rate schedules, or agreements in effect of any
11	Commission-authorized independent system operator or regional
12	transmission organization shall continue to apply unless the Commission
13	accepts an amendment thereto by the applicable operator or organization, or
14	upon complaint finds them to be unjust, unreasonable, unduly
15	discriminatory or preferential, or not in the public interest. At the
16	conclusion of such transition period, any such reliability standard,
17	guidance, practice, or amendment thereto that the Commission determines
18	is inconsistent with organization standards shall no longer apply.".
19	(2) ENFORCEMENT. – Sections 316 and 316A of the Federal Power Act are each
20	amended by striking "or 214" each place it appears and inserting "214, or 215".
21	(b) APPLICATION OF ANTITRUST LAWS. – Notwithstanding any other provision of law,

1	each of the following activities are rebuttably presumed to be in compliance with the antitrust
2	laws of the United States:
3	(1) Activities undertaken by the Electric Reliability Organization under section 215 of the
4	Federal Power Act or affiliated regional reliability entity operating under an agreement in
5	effect under section 215(h) of such Act.
6	(2) Activities of a member of the Electric Reliability Organization or affiliated regional
7	reliability entity in pursuit of organization objectives under section 215 of the Federal
8	Power Act undertaken in good faith under the rules of the organization.
9	Primary jurisdiction, and immunities and other affirmative defenses, shall be available to the
10	extent otherwise applicable.
11	
12	SUBTITLE B – PURPA MANDATORY PURCHASE AND SALE REQUIREMENTS
13	SEC. 803. PURPA MANDATORY PURCHASE AND SALE REQUIREMENTS Section
14	210 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 is amended by adding the following:
15	"(m) TERMINATION OF MANDATORY PURCHASE AND SALE
16	REQUIREMENTS
17	"(1) IN GENERALAfter the date of enactment of this subsection, no electric
17 18	"(1) IN GENERALAfter the date of enactment of this subsection, no electric utility shall be required to enter into a new contract or obligation to purchase electric

1	subsection affects the rights or remedies of any party with respect to the purchase or sale
2	of electric energy or capacity from or to a facility under this section under any contract or
3	obligation to purchase or to sell electric energy or capacity on the date of enactment of this
4	subsection, including
5	"(A) the right to recover costs of purchasing such electric energy or
6	capacity; and
7	"(B) in States without competition for retail electric supply, the obligation
8	of a utility to provide, at just and reasonable rates for consumption by a qualifying
9	small power production facility or a qualifying cogeneration facility, backup,
10	standby, and maintenance power.
11	"(3) RECOVERY OF COSTS
12	"(A) REGULATIONTo ensure recovery, by an electric utility that
13	purchases electricity or capacity from a qualifying facility pursuant to any legally
14	enforceable obligation entered into or imposed under this section before the date of
15	enactment of this subsection, of all costs associated with the purchases, the
16	Commission shall issue and enforce such regulations as are required to ensure that
17	no electric utility shall be required directly or indirectly to absorb the costs
18	associated with such purchases.
19	"(B) ENFORCEMENTA regulation under subparagraph (A) shall be
20	enforceable in accordance with the provisions of law applicable to enforcement of
21	regulations under the Federal Power Act.".

2	SUBTITLE C – REPEAL OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF
3	1935 AND ENACTMENT OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF
4	2001
5	SEC. 810. SHORT TITLE This Subtitle may be cited as the "Public Utility Holding
6	Company Act of 2001".
7	SEC. 811. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
8	(a) FINDINGSThe Congress finds that
9	(1) the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 was intended to facilitate the work of
10	Federal and State regulators by placing certain constraints on the activities of holding
11	company systems;
12	(2) developments since 1935, including changes in other regulation and in the electric and
13	gas industries, have called into question the continued relevance of the model of regulation
14	established by that Act;
15	(3) there is a continuing need for State regulation in order to ensure the rate protection of
16	utility customers; and
17	(4) limited Federal regulation is necessary to supplement the work of State commissions
18	for the continued rate protection of electric and gas utility customers.
19	(b) PURPOSESThe purposes of this Title are
20	(1) to eliminate unnecessary regulation, yet continue to provide for consumer protection by

1	facilitating existing rate regulatory authority through improved Federal and State
2	commission access to books and records of all companies in a holding company system, to
3	the extent that such information is relevant to rates paid by utility customers, while
4	affording companies the flexibility required to compete in the energy markets; and
5	(2) to address protection of electric and gas utility customers by providing for Federal and
6	State access to books and records of all companies in a holding company system that are
7	relevant to utility rates.
8	SEC. 812. DEFINITIONS For the purposes of this Subtitle
9	(1) the term "affiliate" of a company means any company 5 percent or more of the
10	outstanding voting securities of which are owned, controlled, or held with power to vote,
11	directly or indirectly, by such company;
12	(2) the term "associate company" of a company means any company in the same holding
13	company system with such company;
14	(3) the term "Commission" means the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission;
15	(4) the term "company" means a corporation, partnership, association, joint stock
16	company, business trust, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not,
17	or a receiver, trustee, or other liquidating agent of any of the foregoing;
18	(5) the term "electric utility company" means any company that owns or operates facilities
19	used for the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric energy for sale;
20	(6) the terms "exempt wholesale generator" and "foreign utility company" have the same
21	meanings as in sections 32 and 33, respectively, of the Public Utility Holding Company

Act of 1935, as those sections existed on the day before the effective date of this Act; 1 2 (7) the term "gas utility company" means any company that owns or operates facilities 3 used for distribution at retail (other than the distribution only in enclosed portable 4 containers or distribution to tenants or employees of the company operating such facilities 5 for their own use and not for resale) of natural or manufactured gas for heat, light, or 6 power; 7 (8) the term "holding company" means--8 (A) any company that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to 9 vote, 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of a public utility 10 company or of a holding company of any public utility company; and 11 (B) any person, determined by the Commission, after notice and opportunity for 12 hearing, to exercise directly or indirectly (either alone or pursuant to an 13 arrangement or understanding with one or more persons) such a controlling 14 influence over the management or policies of any public utility company or holding 15 company as to make it necessary or appropriate for the rate protection of utility 16 customers with respect to rates that such person be subject to the obligations,

duties, and liabilities imposed by this Title upon holding companies;

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18 (9) the term" holding company system" means a holding company, together with its19 subsidiary companies;

(10) the term "jurisdictional rates" means rates established by the Commission for the
transmission of electric energy in interstate commerce, the sale of electric energy at

1	wholesale in interstate commerce, the transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce,
2	and the sale in interstate commerce of natural gas for resale for ultimate public
3	consumption for domestic, commercial, industrial, or any other use;
4	(11) the term "natural gas company" means a person engaged in the transportation of
5	natural gas in interstate commerce or the sale of such gas in interstate commerce for resale;
6	(12) the term "person" means an individual or company;
7	(13) the term "public utility" means any person who owns or operates facilities used for
8	transmission of electric energy in interstate commerce or sales of electric energy at
9	wholesale in interstate commerce;
10	(14) the term "public utility company" means an electric utility company or a gas utility
11	company;
12	(15) the term "State commission" means any commission, board, agency, or officer, by
13	whatever name designated, of a State, municipality, or other political subdivision of a
14	State that, under the laws of such State, has jurisdiction to regulate public utility
15	companies;
16	(16) the term "subsidiary company" of a holding company means
17	(A) any company, 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of which
18	are directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or held with power to vote, by such
19	holding company; and
20	(B) any person, the management or policies of which the Commission, after notice
21	and opportunity for hearing, determines to be subject to a controlling influence,

1	directly or indirectly, by such holding company (either alone or pursuant to an
2	arrangement or understanding with one or more other persons) so as to make it
3	necessary for the rate protection of utility customers with respect to rates that such
4	person be subject to the obligations, duties, and liabilities imposed by this Title
5	upon subsidiary companies of holding companies; and
6	(17) the term "voting security" means any security presently entitling the owner or holder
7	thereof to vote in the direction or management of the affairs of a company.
8	SEC. 813. REPEAL OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1935.
9	The Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (15 U.S.C. 79a et seq.) is repealed, effective
10	one year after the date of enactment of this Subtitle.
11	SEC. 814. FEDERAL ACCESS TO BOOKS AND RECORDS.
11 12	SEC. 814. FEDERAL ACCESS TO BOOKS AND RECORDS. (a) IN GENERALEach holding company and each associate company thereof shall maintain,
12	(a) IN GENERALEach holding company and each associate company thereof shall maintain,
12 13	(a) IN GENERALEach holding company and each associate company thereof shall maintain, and shall make available to the Commission, such books, accounts, memoranda, and other records
12 13 14	(a) IN GENERALEach holding company and each associate company thereof shall maintain, and shall make available to the Commission, such books, accounts, memoranda, and other records as the Commission deems to be relevant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural gas
12 13 14 15	(a) IN GENERALEach holding company and each associate company thereof shall maintain, and shall make available to the Commission, such books, accounts, memoranda, and other records as the Commission deems to be relevant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural gas company that is an associate company of such holding company and necessary or appropriate for
12 13 14 15 16	(a) IN GENERALEach holding company and each associate company thereof shall maintain, and shall make available to the Commission, such books, accounts, memoranda, and other records as the Commission deems to be relevant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural gas company that is an associate company of such holding company and necessary or appropriate for the protection of utility customers with respect to jurisdictional rates for the transmission of
12 13 14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERALEach holding company and each associate company thereof shall maintain, and shall make available to the Commission, such books, accounts, memoranda, and other records as the Commission deems to be relevant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural gas company that is an associate company of such holding company and necessary or appropriate for the protection of utility customers with respect to jurisdictional rates for the transmission of electric energy in interstate commerce, the sale of electric energy at wholesale in interstate
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERALEach holding company and each associate company thereof shall maintain, and shall make available to the Commission, such books, accounts, memoranda, and other records as the Commission deems to be relevant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural gas company that is an associate company of such holding company and necessary or appropriate for the protection of utility customers with respect to jurisdictional rates for the transmission of electric energy in interstate commerce, the sale of electric energy at wholesale in interstate commerce, the transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce, and the sale in interstate

21 (b) AFFILIATE COMPANIES.--Each affiliate of a holding company or of any subsidiary

1 company of a holding company shall maintain, and make available to the Commission, such 2 books, accounts, memoranda, and other records with respect to any transaction with another 3 affiliate, as the Commission deems to be relevant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural 4 gas company that is an associate company of such holding company and necessary or appropriate 5

- for the protection of utility customers with respect to jurisdictional rates.
- 6 (c) HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEMS.--The Commission may examine the books, accounts,

7 memoranda, and other records of any company in a holding company system, or any affiliate

8 thereof, as the Commission deems to be relevant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural gas

- 9 company within such holding company system and necessary or appropriate for the protection of
- 10 utility customers with respect to jurisdictional rates.
- 11 (d) CONFIDENTIALITY.--No member, officer, or employee of the Commission shall divulge 12 any fact or information that may come to his or her knowledge during the course of examination 13 of books, accounts, memoranda, or other records as provided in this section, except as may be 14 directed by the Commission or by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 15 SEC. 815. STATE ACCESS TO BOOKS AND RECORDS.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.--Upon the written request of a State commission having jurisdiction to

17 regulate a public utility company in a holding company system, the holding company or any

- 18 associate company or affiliate thereof, other than such public utility company, wherever located,
- 19 shall produce for inspection books, accounts, memoranda, and other records that--
- 20 (1) have been identified in reasonable detail in a proceeding before the State commission;
- 21

(2) the State commission deems are relevant to costs incurred by such public utility

1	

company; and

2	(3) are necessary for the effective discharge of the responsibilities of the State commission
3	with respect to such proceeding.

4 (b) LIMITATION.--Subsection (a) does not apply to any person that is a holding company solely
5 by reason of ownership of one or more qualifying facilities under the Public Utility Regulatory
6 Policies Act.

7 (c) CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION.--The production of books, accounts, memoranda,

8 and other records under subsection (a) shall be subject to such terms and conditions as may be

9 necessary and appropriate to safeguard against unwarranted disclosure to the public of any trade

10 secrets or sensitive commercial information.

11 (d) EFFECT ON STATE LAW.--Nothing in this section shall preempt applicable State law

12 concerning the provision of books, records, or any other information, or in any way limit the rights

13 of any State to obtain books, records, or any other information under any other Federal law,

14 contract, or otherwise.

15 (e) COURT JURISDICTION.--Any United States district court located in the State in which the

16 State commission referred to in subsection (a) is located shall have jurisdiction to enforce

17 compliance with this section.

18 SEC. 816. EXEMPTION AUTHORITY.

19 (a) RULEMAKING.--Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this Subtitle, the

20 Commission shall promulgate a final rule to exempt from the requirements of section 815 any

21 person that is a holding company, solely with respect to one or more--

1	(1) qualifying facilities under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978;	
2	(2) exempt wholesale generators; or	
3	(3) foreign utility companies.	
4	(b) OTHER AUTHORITYIf, upon application or upon its own motion, the Commission finds	
5	that the books, records, accounts, memoranda, and other records of any person are not relevant to	
6	the jurisdictional rates of a public utility or natural gas company, or if the Commission finds that	
7	any class of transactions is not relevant to the jurisdictional rates of a public utility or natural gas	
8	company, the Commission shall exempt such person or transaction from the requirements of	
9	section 815.	
10	SEC. 817. AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS Nothing in this Subtitle shall preclude the	
11	Commission or a State commission from exercising its jurisdiction under otherwise applicable	
12	law to determine whether a public utility company, public utility, or natural gas company may	
13	recover in rates any costs of an activity performed by an associate company, or any costs of goods	
14	or services acquired by such public utility company from an associate company.	
15	SEC. 818. APPLICABILITY No provision of this Subtitle shall apply to, or be deemed to	
16	include	
17	(1) the United States;	
18	(2) a State or any political subdivision of a State;	
19	(3) any foreign governmental authority not operating in the United States;	
20	(4) any agency, authority, or instrumentality of any entity referred to in paragraph (1), (2),	

1	or (3); or

- 2 (5) any officer, agent, or employee of any entity referred to in paragraph (1), (2), or (3)
 3 acting as such in the course of his or her official duty.
- SEC. 819. EFFECT ON OTHER REGULATIONS. --- Nothing in this Subtitle precludes the
 Commission or a State commission from exercising its jurisdiction under otherwise applicable
 law to protect utility customers.
- 7 SEC. 820. ENFORCEMENT. --- The Commission shall have the same powers as set forth in
- 8 sections 306 through 317 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 825d--825p) to enforce the
- 9 provisions of this Subtitle.
- 10 SEC. 821. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.--Nothing in this Subtitle prohibits a person from engaging in or continuing to
engage in activities or transactions in which it is legally engaged or authorized to engage on the
effective date of this Subtitle.

- 14 (b) EFFECT ON OTHER COMMISSION AUTHORITY.--Nothing in this Subtitle limits the
- 15 authority of the Commission under the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a et seq.) (including
- 16 section 301 of that Act) or the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717 et seq.) (including section 8 of that
- 17 Act).
- SEC. 822. IMPLEMENTATION. --- Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this
 Subtitle, the Commission shall--
- (1) promulgate such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to implement this Title
 (other than section 815); and
| 1 | (2) submit to Congress detailed recommendations on technical and conforming |
|----|---|
| 2 | amendments to Federal law necessary to carry out this Subtitle and the amendments made |
| 3 | by this Subtitle. |
| 4 | SEC. 823. TRANSFER OF RESOURCES All books and records that relate primarily to the |
| 5 | functions transferred to the Commission under this Subtitle shall be transferred from the |
| 6 | Securities and Exchange Commission to the Commission. |
| 7 | SEC. 824. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS There are authorized to be |
| 8 | appropriated such funds as may be necessary to carry out this Subtitle. |
| 9 | SEC. 825. CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO THE FEDERAL POWER ACT. |
| 10 | Section 318 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 825q) is repealed. |
| 11 | |
| 12 | SUBTITLE D – EMISSION FREE CONTROL MEASURES UNDER STATE |
| 13 | IMPLEMENTATION PLANS |
| 14 | SEC. 830. EMISSION-FREE CONTROL MEASURES UNDER A STATE |
| 15 | IMPLEMENTATION PLAN Actions taken by a State to support the continued operation of |
| 16 | existing emission-free electricity sources, or the construction or operation of new emission-free |
| 17 | electricity sources, shall be considered control measures necessary or appropriate to meet |
| 18 | applicable requirements under section 110(a) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7410(a)) and shall |
| 19 | be included in a State Implementation Plan. |

1**TITLE IX—TAX INCENTIVES FOR**2**ENERGY PRODUCTION AND**3**CONSERVATION**

4 SEC. 900. SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE; TABLE

5 **OF CONTENTS.**

6 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This title may be cited as the7 "Energy Security Tax Policy Act of 2001".

8 (b) AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE.—Except as other-9 wise expressly provided, whenever in this title an amend-10 ment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment 11 to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference 12 shall be considered to be made to a section or other provi-13 sion of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

14 (c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of

15 this title is as follows:

TITLE IX—TAX INCENTIVES FOR ENERGY PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION

Sec. 900. Short title; amendment of 1986 Code; table of contents.

Subtitle A—Enhancement of Domestic Oil and Gas Production

PART I—TAX CREDITS

- Sec. 901. Tax credit for marginal domestic oil and natural gas well production.
- Sec. 902. Enhanced oil recovery credit extended to certain nontertiary recovery methods.
- Sec. 903. Extension of credit for producing fuel from a nonconventional source.

PART II—PERCENTAGE DEPLETION

- Sec. 911. 10-year carryback for percentage depletion for oil and gas property.
- Sec. 912. Net income limitation on percentage depletion repealed for oil and gas properties.
- Sec. 913. Determination of small refiner exception to oil depletion deduction.

PART III—EXPENSING

Sec. 916. Election to expense geological and geophysical expenditures and delay rental payments.

PART IV—DEPRECIATION

Sec. 921. Oil and gas pipelines treated as 7-year property.

- Sec. 922. Class life for petroleum storage facilities.
- Sec. 923. Class life for petroleum refineries.

PART V—OFFSHORE OIL AND GAS VESSELS AND STRUCTURES

- Sec. 931. Accelerated depreciation.
- Sec. 932. Tax credit.
- Sec. 933. Capital construction funds for United States-built drilling vessels.

Subtitle B—Provisions Relating to Coal

PART I—CREDIT FOR EMISSION REDUCTIONS AND EFFICIENCY IMPROVE-MENTS IN EXISTING COAL-BASED ELECTRICITY GENERATION FACILITIES

Sec. 941. Credit for investment in qualifying clean coal technology.

Sec. 942. Credit for production from a qualifying clean coal technology unit.

Part II—Incentives for Early Commercial Applications of Advanced Clean Coal Technologies

Sec. 946. Credit for investment in qualifying advanced clean coal technology.

Sec. 947. Credit for production from qualifying advanced clean coal technology.

Subtitle C—Provisions Relating to Natural Gas

- Sec. 951. Arbitrage rules not to apply to prepayments for natural gas and other commodities.
- Sec. 952. Private loan financing test not to apply to prepayments for natural gas and other commodities.

Subtitle D—Provisions Relating to Electric Power

- Sec. 956. Depreciation of property used in the generation or transmission of electricity.
- Sec. 957. Tax-exempt bond financing of certain electric facilities.
- Sec. 958. Independent transmission companies.
- Sec. 959. Certain amounts received by energy, natural gas, or steam utilities excluded from gross income as contributions to capital.

Subtitle E—Provisions Relating to Nuclear Energy

- Sec. 961. Expensing of costs incurred for temporary storage of spent nuclear fuel.
- Sec. 962. Nuclear decommissioning reserve fund.

Subtitle F—Tax Incentives for Energy Efficiency

- Sec. 971. Credit for certain distributed power and combined heat and power system property used in business.
- Sec. 972. Credit for energy efficiency improvements to existing homes.
- Sec. 973. Business credit for construction of new energy efficient home.
- Sec. 974. Tax credit for energy efficient appliances.
- Sec. 975. Credit for certain energy efficient motor vehicles.

Subtitle G—Alternative Fuels

Sec.	981.	Credit fo	r alternative	fuel	vehicles.

- Sec. 982. Modification of credit for qualified electric vehicles.
- Sec. 983. Credit for retail sale of alternative fuels as motor vehicle fuel.
- Sec. 984. Extension of deduction for certain refueling property.
- Sec. 985. Additional deduction for cost of installation of alternative fueling stations.

Subtitle H—Renewable Energy

- Sec. 991. Modifications to credit for electricity produced from renewable resources and extension to waste energy.
- Sec. 992. Credit for residential solar and wind energy property.
- Sec. 993. Treatment of facilities using bagasse to produce energy as solid waste disposal facilities eligible for tax-exempt financing.

Subtitle A—Enhancement of Domestic Oil and Gas Production

PART I—TAX CREDITS

4 SEC. 901. TAX CREDIT FOR MARGINAL DOMESTIC OIL AND

5 NATURAL GAS WELL PRODUCTION.

6 (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to pre7 vent the abandonment of marginal oil and gas wells re8 sponsible for half of the domestic production of oil and
9 gas in the United States.

(b) CREDIT FOR PRODUCING OIL AND GAS FROM
MARGINAL WELLS.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
A of chapter 1 (relating to business credits) is amended
by adding at the end the following new section:

14 "SEC. 45E. CREDIT FOR PRODUCING OIL AND GAS FROM 15 MARGINAL WELLS.

16 "(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38,
17 the marginal well production credit for any taxable year
18 is an amount equal to the product of—

1	"(1) the credit amount, and
2	((2) the qualified crude oil production and the
3	qualified natural gas production which is attrib-
4	utable to the taxpayer.
5	"(b) Credit Amount.—For purposes of this
6	section—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The credit amount is—
8	"(A) \$3 per barrel of qualified crude oil
9	production, and
10	"(B) 50 cents per 1,000 cubic feet of
11	qualified natural gas production.
12	"(2) Reduction as oil and gas prices in-
13	CREASE.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The \$3 and 50 cents
15	amounts under paragraph (1) shall each be re-
16	duced (but not below zero) by an amount which
17	bears the same ratio to such amount (deter-
18	mined without regard to this paragraph) as—
19	"(i) the excess (if any) of the applica-
20	ble reference price over $$15$ ($$1.67$ for
21	qualified natural gas production), bears to
22	"(ii) \$3 (\$0.33 for qualified natural
23	gas production).
24	The applicable reference price for a taxable
25	year is the reference price for the calendar year

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preceding the calendar year in which the taxable year begins.

3 "(B) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—In the 4 case of any taxable year beginning in a calendar 5 year after 2001, each of the dollar amounts 6 contained in subparagraph (A) shall be in-7 creased to an amount equal to such dollar 8 amount multiplied by the inflation adjustment 9 factor for such calendar year (determined under 10 section 43(b)(3)(B) by substituting '2000' for 11 **'1990'**).

12 "(C) REFERENCE PRICE.—For purposes of
13 this paragraph, the term 'reference price'
14 means, with respect to any calendar year—

15 "(i) in the case of qualified crude oil
16 production, the reference price determined
17 under section 29(d)(2)(C), and

18 "(ii) in the case of qualified natural
19 gas production, the Secretary's estimate of
20 the annual average wellhead price per
21 1,000 cubic feet for all domestic natural
22 gas.

23 "(c) QUALIFIED CRUDE OIL AND NATURAL GAS
24 PRODUCTION.—For purposes of this section—

	0
1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The terms 'qualified crude
2	oil production' and 'qualified natural gas production'
3	mean domestic crude oil or natural gas which is pro-
4	duced from a marginal well.
5	"(2) Limitation on amount of production
6	WHICH MAY QUALIFY.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Crude oil or natural
8	gas produced during any taxable year from any
9	well shall not be treated as qualified crude oil
10	production or qualified natural gas production
11	to the extent production from the well during
12	the taxable year exceeds 1,095 barrels or barrel
13	equivalents.
14	"(B) Proportionate reductions.—
15	"(i) Short taxable years.—In the
16	case of a short taxable year, the limitations
17	under this paragraph shall be proportion-
18	ately reduced to reflect the ratio which the
19	number of days in such taxable year bears
20	to 365.
21	"(ii) Wells not in production en-
22	TIRE YEAR.—In the case of a well which is
23	not capable of production during each day
24	of a taxable year, the limitations under
25	this paragraph applicable to the well shall

1	be proportionately reduced to reflect the
2	ratio which the number of days of produc-
3	tion bears to the total number of days in
4	the taxable year.
5	"(3) Definitions.—
6	"(A) MARGINAL WELL.—The term 'mar-
7	ginal well' means a domestic well—
8	"(i) the production from which during
9	the taxable year is treated as marginal
10	production under section $613A(c)(6)$, ex-
11	cept that '22 degrees' shall be substituted
12	for '20 degrees' in applying subparagraph
13	(F) thereof, or
14	"(ii) which, during the taxable year—
15	"(I) has average daily production
16	of not more than 25 barrel equiva-
17	lents, and
18	"(II) produces water at a rate
19	not less than 95 percent of total well
20	effluent.
21	"(B) CRUDE OIL, ETC.—The terms 'crude
22	oil', 'natural gas', 'domestic', and 'barrel' have
23	the meanings given such terms by section
24	613A(e).

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"(C) BARREL EQUIVALENT.—The term 2 'barrel equivalent' means, with respect to nat-3 ural gas, a conversion ratio of 6,000 cubic feet 4 of natural gas to 1 barrel of crude oil.

5 "(d) OTHER RULES.—

6 "(1) PRODUCTION ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE TAX-7 PAYER.—In the case of a marginal well in which 8 there is more than one owner of operating interests 9 in the well and the crude oil or natural gas produc-10 tion exceeds the limitation under subsection (c)(2), 11 qualifying crude oil production or qualifying natural 12 gas production attributable to the taxpayer shall be 13 determined on the basis of the ratio which the tax-14 payer's revenue interest in the production bears to 15 the aggregate of the revenue interests of all oper-16 ating interest owners in the production.

17 "(2) Operating interest required.—Any 18 credit under this section may be claimed only on 19 production which is attributable to the holder of an 20 operating interest.

21 "(3) PRODUCTION FROM NONCONVENTIONAL 22 SOURCES EXCLUDED.—In the case of production 23 from a marginal well which is eligible for the credit 24 allowed under section 29 for the taxable year, no 25 credit shall be allowable under this section unless

1	the taxpayer elects not to claim the credit under sec-
2	tion 29 with respect to the well."
3	(c) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Sec-
4	tion 38(b) is amended by striking "plus" at the end of
5	paragraph (12), by striking the period at the end of para-
6	graph (13) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the
7	end the following new paragraph:
8	"(14) the marginal oil and gas well production
9	credit determined under section 45E(a)."
10	(d) Credit Allowed Against Regular and Min-
11	IMUM TAX.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 38
13	(relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is
14	amended by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
15	graph (4) and by inserting after paragraph (2) the
16	following new paragraph:
17	"(3) Special rules for marginal oil and
18	GAS WELL PRODUCTION CREDIT.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of the
20	marginal oil and gas well production credit—
21	"(i) this section and section 39 shall
22	be applied separately with respect to the
23	credit, and
24	"(ii) in applying paragraph (1) to the
25	credit—

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1	((I) subparagraphs (A) and (B)
2	thereof shall not apply, and
3	"(II) the limitation under para-
4	graph (1) (as modified by subclause
5	(I)) shall be reduced by the credit al-
6	lowed under subsection (a) for the
7	taxable year (other than the marginal
8	oil and gas well production credit).
9	"(B) MARGINAL OIL AND GAS WELL PRO-
10	DUCTION CREDIT.—For purposes of this sub-
11	section, the term 'marginal oil and gas well pro-
12	duction credit' means the credit allowable under
13	subsection (a) by reason of section 45E(a)."
14	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Subclause (II)
15	of section $38(c)(2)(A)(ii)$ is amended by inserting
16	"or the marginal oil and gas well production credit"
17	after "employment credit".
18	(e) CARRYBACK.—Subsection (a) of section 39 (relat-
19	ing to carryback and carryforward of unused credits gen-
20	erally) is amended by adding at the end the following new
21	paragraph:
22	"(3) 10-year carryback for marginal oil
23	AND GAS WELL PRODUCTION CREDIT.—In the case
24	of the marginal oil and gas well production credit
25	(as defined in section $38(c)(3)$)—

1	"(A) this section shall be applied sepa-
2	rately from the business credit (other than the
3	marginal oil and gas well production credit),
4	"(B) paragraph (1) shall be applied by
5	substituting '10 taxable years' for '1 taxable
6	years' in subparagraph (A) thereof, and
7	"(C) paragraph (2) shall be applied—
8	"(i) by substituting '31 taxable years'
9	for '21 taxable years' in subparagraph (A)
10	thereof, and
11	"(ii) by substituting '30 taxable years'
12	for '20 taxable years' in subparagraph (B)
13	thereof."
14	(f) COORDINATION WITH SECTION 29.—Section
15	29(a) is amended by striking "There" and inserting "At
16	the election of the taxpayer, there".
17	(g) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
18	for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
19	is amended by adding at the end the following item:
	"45E. Credit for producing oil and gas from marginal wells."
20	(h) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
21	this section shall apply to production in taxable years be-
22	ginning after December 31, 2000.

SEC. 902. ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY CREDIT EXTENDED TO CERTAIN NONTERTIARY RECOVERY METH ODS. (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to ex tend the productive lives of existing domestic oil and gas

6 wells in order to recover the 75 percent of the oil and gas7 that is not recoverable using primary oil and gas recovery8 techniques.

9 (b) QUALIFIED PROJECTS.—Clause (i) of section
10 43(c)(2)(A) (defining qualified enhanced oil recovery
11 project) is amended to read as follows:

12 "(i) which involves the application (in
13 accordance with sound engineering prin14 ciples) of—

"(I) one or more tertiary recovery methods (as defined in section
17 193(b)(3)) which can reasonably be
expected to result in more than an insignificant increase in the amount of
crude oil which will ultimately be recovered, or

22 "(II) one or more qualified non23 tertiary recovery methods which are
24 required to recover oil with tradition25 ally immobile characteristics or from
26 formations which have proven to be

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1	uneconomical or noncommercial under
2	conventional recovery methods,"
3	(c) Qualified Nontertiary Recovery Meth-
4	ODS.—Section $43(c)(2)$ is amended by adding at the end
5	the following new subparagraphs:
6	"(C) QUALIFIED NONTERTIARY RECOVERY
7	METHOD.—For purposes of this paragraph—
8	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The term 'quali-
9	fied nontertiary recovery method' means
10	any recovery method described in clause
11	(ii), (iii), or (iv), or any combination there-
12	of.
13	"(ii) Enhanced gravity drainage
14	(EGD) METHODS.—The methods described
15	in this clause are as follows:
16	"(I) HORIZONTAL DRILLING.—
17	The drilling of horizontal, rather than
18	vertical, wells to penetrate any hydro-
19	carbon-bearing formation which has
20	an average in situ calculated perme-
21	ability to fluid flow of less than or
22	equal to 12 or less millidarcies and
23	which has been demonstrated by use
24	of a vertical wellbore to be uneco-

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1 nomical unless drilled with lateral hor
2 izontal lengths in excess of 1,000 feet
3 "(II) GRAVITY DRAINAGE.—Th
4 production of oil by gravity flow from
5 drainholes which are drilled from a
6 shaft or tunnel dug within or below
7 the oil-bearing zone.
8 "(iii) Marginally economic res
9 ERVOIR REPRESSURIZATION (MERR) METH
10 ODS.—The methods described in thi
11 clause are as follows, except that thi
12 clause shall only apply to the firs
13 1,000,000 barrels produced in any project
14 "(I) Cyclic gas injection.—
15 The increase or maintenance of pres
16 sure by injection of hydrocarbon ga
17 into the reservoir from which it wa
18 originally produced.
19 "(II) FLOODING.—The injection
20 of water into an oil reservoir to dis
21 place oil from the reservoir rock and
22 into the bore of a producing well.
23 "(iv) Other Methods.—Any method
24 used to recover oil having an average lab
25 oratory measured air permeability les

1	than or equal to 100 millidarcies when
2	averaged over the productive interval being
3	completed, or an in situ calculated perme-
4	ability to fluid flow less than or equal to
5	12 millidarcies or oil defined by the De-
6	partment of Energy as being immobile.
7	"(D) Authority to add other nonter-
8	TIARY RECOVERY METHODS.—The Secretary
9	shall provide procedures under which—
10	"(i) the Secretary may treat methods
11	not described in clause (ii), (iii), or (iv) of
12	subparagraph (C) as qualified nontertiary
13	recovery methods, and
14	"(ii) a taxpayer may request the Sec-
15	retary to treat any method not so de-
16	scribed as a qualified nontertiary recovery
17	method.
18	The Secretary may only specify methods as
19	qualified nontertiary recovery methods under
20	this subparagraph if the Secretary determines
21	that such specification is consistent with the
22	purposes of subparagraph (C) and will result in
23	greater production of oil and natural gas."
24	(d) Conforming Amendment.—Clause (iii) of sec-
25	tion $43(c)(2)(A)$ is amended to read as follows:

16
"(iii) with respect to which—
"(I) in the case of a tertiary re-
covery method, the first injection of
liquids, gases, or other matter com-
mences after December 31, 1990, and
"(II) in the case of a qualified
nontertiary recovery method, the im-
plementation of the method begins
after December 31, 2000."
(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to taxable years ending after De-
cember 31, 2000.
cember 31, 2000. SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL
SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL
SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCE.
 SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCE. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.—Subsection (f) of sec-
 SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCE. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.—Subsection (f) of section 29 (relating to credit for producing fuel from a non-
 SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCE. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.—Subsection (f) of section 29 (relating to credit for producing fuel from a non-conventional source) is amended—
 SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCE. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.—Subsection (f) of section 29 (relating to credit for producing fuel from a non-conventional source) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting before
 SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCE. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.—Subsection (f) of section 29 (relating to credit for producing fuel from a non-conventional source) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting before "or" the following: "or from a well drilled after the
 SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCE. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.—Subsection (f) of section 29 (relating to credit for producing fuel from a nonconventional source) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting before "or" the following: "or from a well drilled after the date of the enactment of the Energy Security Tax
 SEC. 903. EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCE. (a) EXTENSION OF CREDIT.—Subsection (f) of section 29 (relating to credit for producing fuel from a nonconventional source) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting before "or" the following: "or from a well drilled after the date of the enactment of the Energy Security Tax Policy Act of 2001, and before January 1, 2011,",

1	rity Tax Policy Act of 2001, and before January 1,
2	2011,", and
3	(3) in paragraph (2), by striking "2003" and
4	inserting "2013".
5	(b) Reduction in Amount of Credit Starting
6	IN 2007.—Subsection (a) of section 29 is amended to read
7	as follows:
8	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There shall be allowed as a
10	credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for
11	the taxable year an amount equal to—
12	"(A) the applicable amount, multiplied by
13	"(B) the barrel-of-oil equivalent of quali-
14	fied fuels—
15	"(i) sold by the taxpayer to an unre-
16	lated person during the taxable year, and
17	"(ii) the production of which is attrib-
18	utable to the taxpayer.
19	"(2) Applicable amount.—For purposes of
20	paragraph (1), the applicable amount is the amount
21	determined in accordance with the following table:
	"In the case of taxable The applicable amount years beginning in calendar year: is:
	2001 to 2008
	2009
	2010 \$2.00 2011 \$1.40
	2011
	2013 and thereafter

1	(c) Qualified Fuels To Include Heavy Oil.—
2	Subsection (c) of section 29 (defining qualified fuels) is
3	amended—
4	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at the
5	end of subparagraph (B), by striking the period at
6	the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting ", and",
7	and by adding at the end the following new subpara-
8	graph:
9	"(D) heavy oil, as defined in section
10	613A(c)(6), except that '22 degrees' shall be
11	substituted for '20 degrees' in applying sub-
12	paragraph (F) thereof.", and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraph:
15	"(4) Special rules for heavy oil.—
16	"(A) TERMINATION.—Heavy oil shall be
17	considered to be a qualified fuel only if it is
18	produced from a well drilled, or in a facility
19	placed in service, after the date of the enact-
20	ment of the Energy Security Tax Policy Act of
21	2001, and before January 1, 2011.
22	"(B) WAIVER OF UNRELATED PERSON RE-
23	QUIREMENT.—In the case of heavy oil, the re-
24	quirement under subsection $(a)(1)(B)(i)$ of a
25	sale to an unrelated person shall not apply to

any sale to the extent that the heavy oil is not
 consumed in the immediate vicinity of the well head."

4 (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 29(g) (re5 lating to extension for certain facilities) is amended to
6 read as follows:

7 "(g) EXTENSION FOR CERTAIN FACILITIES.—In the 8 case of a facility for producing qualified fuels described 9 in subparagraph (B)(ii) or (C) of subsection (c)(1), such 10 facility shall, for purposes of subsection (f)(1)(B), be 11 treated as being placed in service before January 1, 1993, 12 if such facility is placed in service before July 1, 1998, 13 pursuant to a binding written contract in effect before January 1, 1997." 14

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
December 31, 2000.

18 **PART II—PERCENTAGE DEPLETION**

19 SEC. 911. 10-YEAR CARRYBACK FOR PERCENTAGE DEPLE-

20

TION FOR OIL AND GAS PROPERTY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (d)(1) of section 613A
(relating to limitations on percentage depletion in case of
oil and gas wells) is amended to read as follows:

24 "(1) LIMITATION BASED ON TAXABLE IN25 COME.—

	20
1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The deduction for the
2	taxable year attributable to the application of
3	subsection (c) shall not exceed so much of the
4	taxpayer's taxable income for the year as the
5	taxpayer elects, computed without regard to—
6	"(i) any depletion on production from
7	an oil or gas property which is subject to
8	the provisions of subsection (c),
9	"(ii) any net operating loss carryback
10	to the taxable year under section 172,
11	"(iii) any capital loss carryback to the
12	taxable year under section 1212, and
13	"(iv) in the case of a trust, any dis-
14	tributions to its beneficiary, except in the
15	case of any trust where any beneficiary of
16	such trust is a member of the family (as
17	defined in section $267(c)(4)$) of a settlor
18	who created inter vivos and testamentary
19	trusts for members of the family and such
20	settlor died within the last six days of the
21	fifth month in 1970, and the law in the ju-
22	risdiction in which such trust was created
23	requires all or a portion of the gross or net
24	proceeds of any royalty or other interest in
25	oil, gas, or other mineral representing any

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1	percentage depletion allowance to be allo-
2	cated to the principal of the trust.
3	"(B) CARRYBACKS AND
4	CARRYFORWARDS.—
5	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If any amount is
6	disallowed as a deduction for the taxable
7	year (in this subparagraph referred to as
8	the 'unused depletion year') by reason of
9	application of subparagraph (A), the dis-
10	allowed amount shall be treated as an
11	amount allowable as a deduction under
12	subsection (c) for—
13	"(I) each of the 10 taxable years
14	preceding the unused depletion year,
15	and
16	"(II) the taxable year following
17	the unused depletion year,
18	subject to the application of subparagraph
19	(A) to such taxable year.
20	"(ii) Election to waive
21	CARRYBACK.—Any taxpayer may elect to
22	waive any carryback under clause (i) to
23	any of the taxable years to which the
24	carryback may otherwise be carried. A tax-
25	payer making an election under this clause

22

	22
1	with respect to any taxable year may re-
2	voke such election in any succeeding tax-
3	able year in such manner as the Secretary
4	may prescribe.
5	"(C) Allocation of disallowed
6	AMOUNTS.—For purposes of basis adjustments
7	and determining whether cost depletion exceeds
8	percentage depletion with respect to the produc-
9	tion from a property, any amount disallowed as
10	a deduction on the application of this para-
11	graph shall be allocated to the respective prop-
12	erties from which the oil or gas was produced
13	in proportion to the percentage depletion other-
14	wise allowable to such properties under sub-
15	section (c)."

16 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by
this section shall apply to taxable years beginning
after December 31, 2000, and to any taxable year
beginning on or before such date to the extent necessary to apply section 613A(d)(1) of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986 (as amended by subsection
(a)).

24 (2) WAIVER OF LIMITATIONS.—If refund or25 credit of any overpayment of tax resulting from the

1	application of the amendment made by this section
2	is prevented at any time before the close of the 1-
3	year period beginning on the date of the enactment
4	of this Act by the operation of any law or rule of
5	law (including res judicata), such refund or credit
6	may nevertheless be made or allowed if claimed
7	therefor is filed before the close of such period.
8	SEC. 912. NET INCOME LIMITATION ON PERCENTAGE DE-
9	PLETION REPEALED FOR OIL AND GAS PROP-
10	ERTIES.
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 613(a) (relating to per-
12	centage depletion) is amended by striking the second sen-
13	tence and inserting: "Except in the case of oil and gas
14	properties, such allowance shall not exceed 50 percent of
15	the taxpayer's taxable income from the property (com-
16	puted without allowances for depletion)."
17	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
18	(1) Section $613A(c)(7)$ (relating to special
19	rules) is amended by striking subparagraph (C) and
20	redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph
21	(C).
22	(2) Section $613A(c)(6)$ (relating to oil and nat-
23	ural gas produced from marginal properties) is
24	amended by striking subparagraph (H).

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
 December 31, 2000.

4 SEC. 913. DETERMINATION OF SMALL REFINER EXCEPTION 5 TO OIL DEPLETION DEDUCTION.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (4) of section 613A(d)
7 (relating to certain refiners excluded) is amended to read
8 as follows:

9 "(4) CERTAIN REFINERS EXCLUDED.—If the 10 taxpayer or related person engages in the refining of 11 crude oil, subsection (c) shall not apply to the tax-12 payer for a taxable year if the average daily refinery 13 runs of the taxpayer and the related person for the 14 taxable year exceed 50,000 barrels. For purposes of 15 this paragraph, the average daily refinery runs for 16 any taxable year shall be determined by dividing the 17 aggregate refinery runs for the taxable year by the 18 number of days in the taxable year."

19 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by20 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after21 December 31, 2000.

1 PART III—EXPENSING 2 SEC. 916. ELECTION TO EXPENSE GEOLOGICAL AND GEO 3 PHYSICAL EXPENDITURES AND DELAY RENT 4 AL PAYMENTS.

5 (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to rec-6 ognize that geological and geophysical expenditures and 7 delay rentals are ordinary and necessary business expenses 8 that should be deducted in the year the expense is in-9 curred.

10 (b) ELECTION TO EXPENSE GEOLOGICAL AND GEO11 PHYSICAL EXPENDITURES.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 263 (relating to cap13 ital expenditures) is amended by adding at the end
14 the following new subsection:

15 "(j) GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL EXPENDI-16 TURES FOR DOMESTIC OIL AND GAS WELLS.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), a taxpayer may elect to treat geo-17 18 logical and geophysical expenses incurred in connection with the exploration for, or development of, oil or gas with-19 20 in the United States (as defined in section 638) as ex-21 penses which are not chargeable to capital account. Any 22 expenses so treated shall be allowed as a deduction in the taxable year in which paid or incurred." 23

24 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section
25 263A(c)(3) is amended by inserting "263(j)," after
26 "263(i),".

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(3) Effective date.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by this subsection shall apply to expenses paid or incurred after the date of the enactment of this Act.

6 (B) TRANSITION RULE.—In the case of 7 any expenses described in section 263(j) of the 8 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by 9 this subsection, which were paid or incurred on 10 or before the date of the enactment of this Act, 11 the taxpayer may elect, at such time and in 12 such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury 13 may prescribe, to amortize the suspended por-14 tion of such expenses over the 36-month period 15 beginning with the month in which the date of 16 the enactment of this Act occurs. For purposes 17 of this subparagraph, the suspended portion of 18 any expense is that portion of such expense 19 which, as of the first day of the 36-month pe-20 riod, has not been included in the cost of a 21 property or otherwise deducted.

22 (c) ELECTION TO EXPENSE DELAY RENTAL PAY-23 MENTS.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 263 (relating to cap25 ital expenditures), as amended by subsection (b)(1),

1	is amended by adding at the end the following new
2	subsection:
3	"(k) Delay Rental Payments for Domestic Oil
4	AND GAS WELLS.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection
6	(a), a taxpayer may elect to treat delay rental pay-
7	ments incurred in connection with the development
8	of oil or gas within the United States (as defined in
9	section 638) as payments which are not chargeable
10	to capital account. Any payments so treated shall be
11	allowed as a deduction in the taxable year in which
12	paid or incurred.
13	"(2) Delay rental payments.—For purposes
14	of paragraph (1), the term 'delay rental payment'
15	means an amount paid for the privilege of deferring
16	the drilling of an oil or gas well under an oil or gas
17	lease."
18	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section
19	263A(c)(3), as amended by subsection (b)(2), is
20	amended by inserting "263(k)," after "263(j),".
21	(3) Effective date.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made
23	by this subsection shall apply to payments made
24	or incurred after the date of the enactment of

this Act.

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1 (B) TRANSITION RULE.—In the case of 2 any expenses described in section 263(k) of the 3 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by this subsection, which were paid or incurred on 4 5 or before the date of the enactment of this Act, 6 the taxpayer may elect, at such time and in 7 such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury 8 may prescribe, to amortize the suspended por-9 tion of such expenses over the 36-month period 10 beginning with the month in which the date of 11 the enactment of this Act occurs. For purposes 12 of this subparagraph, the suspended portion of 13 any expense is that portion of such expense 14 which, as of the first day of the 36-month pe-15 riod, has not been included in the cost of a 16 property or otherwise deducted. 17 PART IV—DEPRECIATION 18 SEC. 921. OIL AND GAS PIPELINES TREATED AS 7-YEAR 19 **PROPERTY.** 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (C) of section 21 168(e)(3) (relating to classification of certain property) is 22 amended by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii) and 23 by inserting after clause (i) the following new clause: 24 "(ii) any oil and gas pipeline, and".

1 (b) OIL AND GAS PIPELINE.—Subsection (i) of sec2 tion 168 is amended by adding at the end the following
3 new paragraph:

4 "(15) OIL AND GAS PIPELINE.—The term 'oil
5 and gas pipeline' means the pipe, storage facilities,
6 equipment, distribution infrastructure, and appur7 tenances used to deliver oil, natural gas, crude oil,
8 or crude oil products."

9 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by
11 this section shall apply to property placed in service
12 on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

13 (2) GAS GATHERING LINES.—In the case of gas 14 gathering lines, such amendments shall, at the elec-15 tion of the taxpayer, also apply to property placed 16 in service before such date. For purposes of the pre-17 ceding sentence, a gas gathering line includes the 18 pipe, storage facilities, equipment, and appur-19 tenances used to deliver natural gas from the well-20 head or a common point to the point at which such 21 gas first reaches a gas processing plant, an inter-22 connection with a transmission pipeline, or a direct 23 interconnection with a local distribution company, a 24 gas storage facility, or an industrial consumer.

1	(3) Accounting rule for public utility
2	PROPERTY.—If any oil and gas pipeline is public
3	utility property (as defined in section $46(f)(5)$ of the
4	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect on the
5	day before the date of the enactment of the Revenue
6	Reconciliation Act of 1990), the amendments made
7	by this section shall only apply to such property if,
8	with respect to such property, the taxpayer uses a
9	normalization method of accounting.
10	SEC. 922. CLASS LIFE FOR PETROLEUM STORAGE FACILI-
11	TIES.
12	(a) 7-Year Property.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (C) of section
14	168(e)(3), as amended by this Act, is amended by
15	striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by redesig-
16	nating clause (iii) as clause (iv), and by adding after
17	clause (ii) the following:
18	"(iii) any section 1245 property de-
19	scribed in section $1245(a)(3)(E)$ other
20	than property to which section $179(b)(5)$
21	applies, and".
22	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Subparagraph
23	(B) of section $168(g)(3)$ (relating to special rules for
24	
24	determining class life) is amended by inserting after

1	the item relating to subparagraph (C)(i) in the table
2	contained therein the following new item:

"(C)(iii) 10".

3 (b) FULL EXPENSING OF HEATING OIL, NATURAL
4 GAS, AND PROPANE STORAGE FACILITY.—Section 179(b)
5 (relating to limitations) is amended by adding at the end
6 the following new paragraph:

"(5) FULL EXPENSING OF HEATING OIL, NATURAL GAS, AND PROPANE STORAGE FACILITY.—
Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply to section
179 property which is any storage facility (not including a building or its structural components) used
in connection with the distribution of heating oil,
natural gas, or liquefied petroleum gas."

14 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by 15 this section shall apply to property which is placed in serv-16 ice on or after the date of enactment of this Act. A tax-17 payer may elect (in such form and manner as the Sec-18 retary of the Treasury may prescribe) to have such 19 amendments apply with respect to any property placed in 20 service before such date.

21 SEC. 923. CLASS LIFE FOR PETROLEUM REFINERIES.

- 22 (a) 7-YEAR PROPERTY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (C) of section
 168(e)(3) (relating to classification of certain property), as amended by this Act, is amended by strik-

1	ing "and" at the end of clause (iii), by redesignating
2	clause (iv) as clause (v), and by adding at the end
3	the following new clause:
4	"(iv) any petroleum refining assets, and".
5	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Subparagraph
6	(B) of section $168(g)(3)$ (relating to special rules for
7	determining class life) is amended by inserting after
8	the item relating to subparagraph (C)(iii) in the
9	table contained therein the following new item:
	"(C)(iv) 10".
10	(b) Assets Used in Petroleum Refining.—Sub-
11	section (i) of section 168 is amended by adding at the end
12	the following new paragraph:
13	"(16) Assets used in petroleum refin-
14	ING.—The term 'petroleum refining assets' means
15	assets used for the distillation, fractionation, and
16	catalytic cracking of crude petroleum into gasoline
16 17	
17	catalytic cracking of crude petroleum into gasoline
17 18	catalytic cracking of crude petroleum into gasoline and other petroleum products."
	catalytic cracking of crude petroleum into gasolineand other petroleum products."(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
17 18 19	catalytic cracking of crude petroleum into gasoline and other petroleum products."(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to property which is placed in serv-
17 18 19 20	 catalytic cracking of crude petroleum into gasoline and other petroleum products." (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to property which is placed in service on or after the date of enactment of this Act.
17 18 19 20 21	 catalytic cracking of crude petroleum into gasoline and other petroleum products." (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to property which is placed in service on or after the date of enactment of this Act. PART V—OFFSHORE OIL AND GAS VESSELS AND
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	catalytic cracking of crude petroleum into gasoline and other petroleum products." (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to property which is placed in serv- ice on or after the date of enactment of this Act. PART V—OFFSHORE OIL AND GAS VESSELS AND STRUCTURES

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (C) of section
2	168(e)(3) (relating to classification of certain prop-
3	erty), as amended by this Act, is amended by strik-
4	ing "and" at the end of clause (iv), by redesignating
5	clause (v) as clause (vi), and by adding at the end
6	the following new clause:
7	"(v) a vessel of at least 10,000 gross tons, or
8	any type of structure of at least 10,000 tons, that
9	is owned by a drilling company and used to explore
10	for, drill for, or produce offshore oil and gas, if that
11	vessel or structure was constructed or reconstructed
12	in the United States, and".
13	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Subparagraph
14	(B) of section $168(g)(3)$ (relating to special rules for
15	determining class life) is amended by inserting after
16	the item relating to subparagraph (C)(iv) in the
17	table contained therein the following new item:
	"(C)(v) 10".
18	(3) DRILLING COMPANY DEFINED.—Section
19	168(i) is amended by adding at the end the following
20	new paragraph:
21	"(17) Drilling Company.—The term 'drilling
22	company' means a person engaged in the business of
23	exploration, development, or production of oil and
24	gas.''

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 this section shall apply to vessels and structures placed
 in service after December 31, 2000, and constructed or
 reconstructed under a contract executed before January
 1, 2007.

6 SEC. 932. TAX CREDIT.

7	(a) Amendments.—
8	(1) Credit for certain vessels and struc-
9	TURES.—Section 48(a)(3)(A) (relating to the energy
10	tax credit) is amended—
11	(A) by striking "or" at the end of clause
12	(i);
13	(B) by adding "or" at the end of clause
14	(ii); and
15	(C) by adding at the end the following new
16	clause:
17	"(iii) a vessel of at least 10,000 gross
18	tons, or any type of structure of at least
19	10,000 tons, that is owned by a drilling
20	company and used to explore for, drill for,
21	or produce oil and gas, if that vessel or
22	structure was constructed or reconstructed
23	in the United States,".
24	(2) DRILLING COMPANY DEFINED.—Section

48(a)(3) is amended by adding at the end the fol-

1	lowing new sentence: "The term 'drilling company'
2	means a person engaged in the business of explo-
3	ration, development, or production of oil and gas."
4	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
5	this section shall apply to vessels and structures placed
6	in service after December 31, 2000, and constructed or
7	reconstructed under a contract executed before January
8	1, 2007.
9	SEC. 933. CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUNDS FOR UNITED
10	STATES-BUILT DRILLING VESSELS.
11	(a) Amendments to Merchant Marine Act,
12	1936.—
13	(1) Changes in vessels to which capital
14	CONSTRUCTION FUNDS APPLY.—
15	(A) The second sentence of section 607(a)
16	of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C.
17	App. 1177(a)), is amended by striking "for op-
18	eration in the United States foreign, Great
19	Lakes, or noncontiguous domestic trade or in
20	the fisheries of the United States" and insert-
21	ing "for the operation in the fisheries of the
22	United States, or in the United States foreign,
23	Great Lakes, or noncontiguous domestic trade,
24	or for operation as an oil and gas drilling vessel
1	in the United States foreign or domestic com-
----	--
2	merce,".
3	(B) Section $607(k)(1)$ of that Act (46)
4	U.S.C. App. 1177(k)(1)) is amended by insert-
5	ing ", including an oil and gas drilling vessel"
6	after "means any vessel".
7	(C) Subparagraph (C) of section $607(k)(2)$
8	of that Act (46 U.S.C. App. $1177(k)(2)$) is
9	amended to read as follows:
10	"(C) which the person maintaining the
11	fund agrees with the Secretary will be operated
12	in the fisheries of the United States, in the
13	United States foreign, Great Lakes, or non-con-
14	tiguous domestic trade, or, in the case of an oil
15	and gas drilling vessel, in the foreign or domes-
16	tic commerce of the United States."
17	(D) Section $607(k)$ of that Act (46 U.S.C.
18	App. 1177(k)) is amended by adding at the end
19	the following new paragraph:
20	"(10) The term 'oil and gas drilling vessel'
21	means a vessel constructed or reconstructed that is
22	at least 10,000 gross tons and is used to explore for,
23	drill for, or produce oil and gas."
24	(2) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN LEASE PAY-
25	MENTS.—

1	(A) Section $607(f)(1)$ of the Merchant Ma-
2	rine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. App. 1171(f)(1)), is
3	amended—
4	(i) by striking "or" at the end of sub-
5	paragraph (B);
6	(ii) by striking the period at the end
7	of subparagraph (C) and inserting ", or";
8	and
9	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
10	(C) the following new subparagraph:
11	"(D) the payment of amounts which re-
12	duce the principal amount (as determined under
13	regulations promulgated by the Secretary) of a
14	qualified lease of a qualified vessel or container
15	which is part of the complement of a qualified
16	vessel."
17	(B) Section $607(g)(4)$ of that Act (46)
18	U.S.C. App. 1171(g)(4)) is amended by insert-
19	ing "or to reduce the principal amount of any
20	qualified lease" after "indebtedness".
21	(C) Section 607(k) of that Act (46 U.S.C.
22	App. 1171(k)), as previously amended in this
23	Act, is further amended by adding at the end
24	the following new paragraph:

1	"(11) The term 'qualified lease' means any
2	lease with a term of at least 5 years."
3	(3) TREATMENT OF CAPITAL GAINS AND
4	LOSSES.—
5	(A) Section 607(e)(3) of the Merchant Ma-
6	rine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. App. 1177(e)(3)), is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"(3) The capital gain account shall consist of—
9	"(A) amounts representing long-term cap-
10	ital gains (as defined in section 1222 of such
11	Code) on assets referred to in subsection
12	(b)(1)(C), reduced by,
13	"(B) amounts representing long-term cap-
14	ital losses (as defined in such section 1222) on
15	assets held in the fund."
16	(B) Section $607(e)(4)(B)$ of that Act (46
17	U.S.C. App. $1177(e)(4)(B)$) is amended to read
18	as follows:
19	"(B)(i) amounts representing short-term
20	capital gains (as defined in section 1222 of
21	such Code) on assets referred to in subsection
22	(b)(1)(C), reduced by,
23	"(ii) amounts representing short-term cap-
24	ital losses (as defined in such section 1222) on
25	assets held in the fund,".

1	(C) Section $607(h)(3)(B)$ of that Act (46
2	U.S.C. App. 1177(h)(3)(B)) is amended by
3	striking "gain" and all that follows and insert-
4	ing "long-term capital gain (as defined in sec-
5	tion 1222 of such Code), and".
6	(D) The last sentence of section
7	607(h)(6)(A) of that Act (46 U.S.C. App.
8	1177(h)(6)(A)) is amended by striking "20 per-
9	cent (34 percent in the case of a corporation)"
10	and inserting "the rate applicable to net capital
11	gain under section 1(h) or 1201(a) of such
12	Code, as the case may be".
13	(4) Computation of interest with respect
14	TO NONQUALIFIED WITHDRAWALS.—
15	(A) Section $607(h)(3)(C)$ of the Merchant
16	Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. App.
17	1177(h)(3)(C)), is amended—
18	(i) by amending clause (i) to read as
19	follows:
20	"(i) no addition to the tax shall be
21	payable under section 6651 of such
22	Code,"; and
23	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "paid at
24	the applicable rate (as defined in para-

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1	graph (4))" and inserting "paid in accord-
2	ance with section 6601 of such Code".
3	(B) Section 607(h) of that Act (46 U.S.C.
4	App. 1177(h)) is amended by striking para-
5	graph (4) and by redesignating paragraphs (5)
6	and (6) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively.
7	(C) Section $607(h)(5)(A)$ of that Act (46
8	U.S.C. App. $1177(h)(5)(A)$, as so redesignated
9	by paragraph (2) of this subsection, is amended
10	by striking "paragraph (5)" and inserting
11	"paragraph (4)".
12	(5) OTHER CHANGES.—Section 607 of the Mer-
13	chant Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. App. 1177) is
14	amended by striking "Internal Revenue Code of
15	1954" each place it appears and inserting "Internal
16	Revenue Code of 1986".
17	(b) Amendments to Internal Revenue Code of
18	1986.—
19	(1) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN LEASE PAY-
20	MENTS.—
21	(A) Section $7518(e)(1)$ (relating to pur-
22	poses of qualified withdrawals) is amended—
23	(i) by striking "or" at the end of sub-
24	paragraph (B);

1	(ii) by striking the period at the end
2	of subparagraph (C) and inserting ", or";
3	and
4	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
5	(C) the following new subparagraph:
6	"(D) the payment of amounts which re-
7	duce the principal amount (as determined under
8	regulations) of a qualified lease of a qualified
9	vessel or container which is part of the com-
10	plement of a qualified vessel."
11	(B) Section $7518(f)(4)$ is amended by in-
12	serting "or to reduce the principal amount of
13	any qualified lease" after "indebtedness".
14	(2) TREATMENT OF CAPITAL GAINS AND
15	LOSSES.—
16	(A) Section 7518(d)(3) is amended to read
17	as follows:
18	"(3) CAPITAL GAIN ACCOUNT.—The capital
19	gain account shall consist of—
20	"(A) amounts representing long-term cap-
21	ital gain (as defined in section 1222) on assets
22	referred to in subsection $(a)(1)(C)$, reduced by,
23	"(B) amounts representing long-term cap-
24	ital loss (as defined in section 1222) on assets
25	held in the fund."

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1	(B) Section $7518(d)(4)(B)$ is amended to
2	read as follows:
3	"(B)(i) amounts representing short-term
4	capital gain (as defined in section 1222) on as-
5	sets referred to in subsection $(a)(1)(C)$, reduced
6	by,
7	"(ii) amounts representing short-term cap-
8	ital loss (as defined in section 1222) on assets
9	held in the fund,".
10	(C) Section $7518(g)(3)(B)$ is amended by
11	striking "gain" and all that follows and insert-
12	ing "long-term capital gain (as defined in sec-
13	tion 1222), and".
14	(D) The last sentence of section
15	7518(g)(6)(A) is amended by striking "20 per-
16	cent (34 percent in the case of a corporation)"
17	and inserting "the rate applicable to net capital
18	gain under section 1(h) or 1201(a), as the case
19	may be".
20	(3) Computation of interest with respect
21	TO NONQUALIFIED WITHDRAWALS.—
22	(A) Section $7518(g)(3)(C)$ is amended—
23	(i) by striking clause (i) and inserting
24	the following new clause:

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1	"(i) no addition to the tax shall be
2	payable under section 6651,"; and
3	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "paid at
4	the applicable rate (as defined in para-
5	graph (4))" and inserting "paid in accord-
6	ance with section 6601".
7	(B) Section 7518(g) is amended by strik-
8	ing paragraph (4) and by redesignating para-
9	graphs (5) and (6) as paragraphs (4) and (5) ,
10	respectively.
11	(C) Section $7518(g)(5)(A)$, as redesignated
12	by paragraph (2) of this subsection, is amended
13	by striking "paragraph (5)" and inserting
14	"paragraph (4)".
15	(4) Applicability of alternative minimum
16	TAX.—Section 56(c) is amended by striking para-
17	graph (2) and by redesignating paragraph (3) as
18	paragraph (2).
19	(5) Other changes.—
20	(1) Section 7518(i) is amended by striking "en-
21	actment of this section" and inserting "enactment of
22	the Energy Security Tax Policy Act of 2001".
23	(2) Section $543(a)(1)(B)$ is amended to read as
24	follows:

1	"(B) interest on amounts set aside in a
2	capital construction fund under section 607 of
3	the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 App.
4	U.S.C. 1177), or in a construction reserve fund
5	under section 511 of such Act (46 App. U.S.C.
6	1161),".
7	(c) REGULATIONS.—
8	(1) 46 CFR PART 390.—Not later than 90 days
9	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
10	retary of Transportation shall promulgate final regu-
11	lations implementing the amendments made by sub-
12	section $(a)(1)$.
13	(2) Joint regulations.—The amendments
14	made by paragraphs (2) through (4) of subsection
15	(a) shall be implemented under revised joint regula-
16	tions promulgated by the Secretary of Transpor-
17	tation and the Secretary of the Treasury.
18	(d) Effective Date.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro-
20	vided in this subsection, the amendments made by
21	this section shall apply as of the date of the enact-
22	ment of this Act.
23	(2) CHANGES IN COMPUTATION OF INTER-
24	EST.—The amendments made by subsections $(a)(4)$
25	and $(b)(3)$ shall apply to withdrawals made after

1 December 31, 2000, including for purposes of com-2 puting interest on such a withdrawal for periods on 3 or before such date. 4 (3)QUALIFIED LEASES.—The amendments 5 made by subsections (a)(2) and (b)(1) shall apply to 6 leases in effect on, or entered into after, December 7 31, 2000. Subtitle B—Provisions Relating to 8 Coal 9 PART I-CREDIT FOR EMISSION REDUCTIONS 10 11 AND EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS IN EXIST-12 ING COAL-BASED ELECTRICITY GENERATION 13 FACILITIES 14 SEC. 941. CREDIT FOR INVESTMENT IN QUALIFYING CLEAN 15 COAL TECHNOLOGY. 16 (a) Allowance of Qualifying Clean Coal TECHNOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—Section 46 (relating to 17 amount of credit) is amended by striking "and" at the 18 19 end of paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end

21 at the end the following:

20

22 "(4) the qualifying clean coal technology unit23 credit."

of paragraph (3) and inserting ", and", and by adding

24 (b) AMOUNT OF QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECH-25 NOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—Subpart E of part IV of sub-

chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to rules for computing
 investment credit) is amended by inserting after section
 48 the following:

4 "SEC. 48A. QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT 5 CREDIT.

6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of section 46, the 7 qualifying clean coal technology unit credit for any taxable 8 year is an amount equal to 10 percent of the qualified 9 investment in a qualifying system of continuous emission 10 control for such taxable year.

11 "(b) QUALIFYING SYSTEM OF CONTINUOUS EMIS-12 SION CONTROL.—

13 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
14 (a), the term 'qualifying system of continuous emis15 sion control' means a system of the taxpayer
16 which—

"(A) serves, is added to, or retrofits an existing coal-based electricity generation unit, the
construction, installation, or retrofitting of
which is completed by the taxpayer (but only
with respect to that portion of the basis which
is properly attributable to such construction, installation, or retrofitting),

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1	"(B) removes or reduces 1 or more of the
2	pollutants regulated under title I of the Clean
3	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.),
4	"(C) is depreciable under section 167,
5	"(D) has a useful life of not less than 4
6	years, and
7	"(E) is located in the United States.
8	"(2) Special rule for sale-leasebacks.—
9	For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1),
10	in the case of a unit which—
11	"(A) is originally placed in service by a
12	person, and
13	"(B) is sold and leased back by such per-
14	son, or is leased to such person, within 3
15	months after the date such unit was originally
16	placed in service, for a period of not less than
17	12 years,
18	such unit shall be treated as originally placed in
19	service not earlier than the date on which such prop-
20	erty is used under the leaseback (or lease) referred
21	to in subparagraph (B). The preceding sentence
22	shall not apply to any property if the lessee and les-
23	sor of such property make an election under this
24	sentence. Such an election, once made, may be re-
25	voked only with the consent of the Secretary.

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1 "(c) EXISTING COAL-BASED ELECTRICITY GENERA-2 TION UNIT.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term 'ex-3 isting coal-based electricity generating unit' means, with 4 respect to any taxable year, a steam generator-turbine 5 unit that uses coal to produce 75 percent or more of its 6 output as electricity and was in operation before the effec-7 tive date of this section.

8 "(d) LIMIT ON QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECH-9 NOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—For purposes of subsection (a), 10 the credit shall be applicable to not more than the first 11 \$100,000,000 of qualifying investment in a qualifying sys-12 tem of continuous emission control at any 1 existing coal-13 based electricity generating unit.

14 "(e) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—For purposes of sub-15 section (a), the term 'qualified investment' means, with 16 respect to any taxable year, the basis of a qualifying sys-17 tem of continuous emission control placed in service by 18 the taxpayer during such taxable year.

19 "(f) Qualified Progress Expenditures.—

"(1) INCREASE IN QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—
In the case of a taxpayer who has made an election
under paragraph (5), the amount of the qualified investment of such taxpayer for the taxable year (determined under subsection (e) without regard to this
subsection) shall be increased by an amount equal to

the aggregate of each qualified progress expenditure
 for the taxable year with respect to progress expend iture property.

4 "(2) Progress expenditure property de-5 FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 6 'progress expenditure property' means any property 7 being constructed by or for the taxpayer and which 8 it is reasonable to believe will qualify as a qualifying 9 system of continuous emission control which is being 10 constructed by or for the taxpayer when it is placed 11 in service.

12 "(3) QUALIFIED PROGRESS EXPENDITURES DE13 FINED.—For purposes of this subsection—

14 "(A) SELF-CONSTRUCTED PROPERTY.—In
15 the case of any self-constructed property, the
16 term 'qualified progress expenditures' means
17 the amount which, for purposes of this subpart,
18 is properly chargeable (during such taxable
19 year) to capital account with respect to such
20 property.

21 "(B) NONSELF-CONSTRUCTED PROP22 ERTY.—In the case of nonself-constructed prop23 erty, the term 'qualified progress expenditures'
24 means the amount paid during the taxable year

1	to another person for the construction of such
2	property.
3	"(4) Other definitions.—For purposes of
4	this subsection—
5	"(A) Self-constructed property.—
6	The term 'self-constructed property' means
7	property for which it is reasonable to believe
8	that more than half of the construction expendi-
9	tures will be made directly by the taxpayer.
10	"(B) NONSELF-CONSTRUCTED PROP-
11	ERTY.—The term 'nonself-constructed property'
12	means property which is not self-constructed
13	property.
14	"(C) CONSTRUCTION, ETC.—The term
15	'construction' includes reconstruction and erec-
16	tion, and the term 'constructed' includes recon-
17	structed and erected.
18	"(D) ONLY CONSTRUCTION OF QUALI-
19	FYING SYSTEM OF CONTINUOUS EMISSION CON-
20	TROL TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Construc-
21	tion shall be taken into account only if, for pur-
22	poses of this subpart, expenditures therefore
23	are properly chargeable to capital account with
24	respect to the property.

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"(5) ELECTION.—An election under this subsection may be made at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
Such an election shall apply to the taxable year for
which made and to all subsequent taxable years.
Such an election, once made, may not be revoked except with the consent of the Secretary.

8 "(g) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—This 9 section shall not apply to any property with respect to 10 which the rehabilitation credit under section 47 or the en-11 ergy credit under section 48 is allowed unless the taxpayer 12 elects to waive the application of such credit to such prop-13 erty.

14 "(h) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply
15 with respect to any qualified investment made more than
16 10 years after the effective date of this section."

17 (c) RECAPTURE.—Section 50(a) (relating to other18 special rules) is amended by adding at the end the fol-19 lowing:

20 "(6) SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO QUALIFYING
21 SYSTEM OF CONTINUOUS EMISSION CONTROL.—For
22 purposes of applying this subsection in the case of
23 any credit allowable by reason of section 48A, the
24 following shall apply:

24

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1 "(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the 2 amount of the increase in tax under paragraph 3 (1), the increase in tax shall be an amount 4 equal to the investment tax credit allowed under 5 section 38 for all prior taxable years with re-6 spect to a qualifying system of continuous emis-7 sion control (as defined by section 48A(b)(1)) 8 multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the 9 number of years remaining to fully depreciate 10 under this title the qualifying system of contin-11 uous emission control disposed of, and whose 12 denominator is the total number of years over 13 which such unit would otherwise have been sub-14 ject to depreciation. For purposes of the pre-15 ceding sentence, the year of disposition of the 16 qualifying system of continuous emission con-17 trol property shall be treated as a year of re-18 maining depreciation. 19 "(B) PROPERTY CEASES TO QUALIFY FOR 20 PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—Rules similar to 21 the rules of paragraph (2) shall apply in the 22 case of qualified progress expenditures for a 23 qualifying system of continuous emission con-

25 of the increase in tax under subparagraph (A)

trol under section 48A, except that the amount

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1	of this paragraph shall be substituted in lieu of
2	the amount described in such paragraph (2) .
3	"(C) Application of paragraph.—This
4	paragraph shall be applied separately with re-
5	spect to the credit allowed under section 38 re-
6	garding a qualifying system of continuous emis-
7	sion control."
8	(d) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) (relating to
9	transitional rules) is amended by adding at the end the
10	following:
11	"(10) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 48A CREDIT
12	BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-
13	used business credit for any taxable year which is
14	attributable to the qualifying clean coal technology
15	unit credit determined under section 48A may be
16	carried back to a taxable year ending before the date
17	of enactment of section 48A."
18	(e) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—
19	(1) Section $49(a)(1)(C)$ is amended by striking
20	"and" at the end of clause (ii), by striking the pe-
21	riod at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", and",
22	and by adding at the end the following:
23	"(iv) the portion of the basis of any
24	qualifying system of continuous emission

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1	control attributable to any qualified invest-
2	ment (as defined by section 48A(e))."
3	(2) Section $50(a)(4)$ is amended by striking
4	"and (2)" and inserting ", (2), and (6)".
5	(3) Section 50(c) is amended by adding at the
6	end the following:
7	"(6) NONAPPLICATION.—Paragraphs (1) and
8	(2) shall not apply to any qualifying clean coal tech-
9	nology unit credit under section 48A."
10	(4) The table of sections for subpart E of part
11	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-
12	serting after the item relating to section 48 the fol-
13	lowing:
13	
13	"48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit."
13	
	"48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit."
14	"48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE
14 15	"48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.—
14 15 16	"48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.— (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.—
14 15 16 17	 "48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.— (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— The installation of a qualifying system of continuous
14 15 16 17 18	 "48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.— (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— The installation of a qualifying system of continuous emission control (as defined in section 48A(b)(1) of
14 15 16 17 18 19	 "48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.— (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— The installation of a qualifying system of continuous emission control (as defined in section 48A(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 "48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.— (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— The installation of a qualifying system of continuous emission control (as defined in section 48A(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (b)), shall be exempt from the new source
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 "48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.— (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— The installation of a qualifying system of continuous emission control (as defined in section 48A(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (b)), shall be exempt from the new source review provisions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 "48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.— (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— The installation of a qualifying system of continuous emission control (as defined in section 48A(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (b)), shall be exempt from the new source review provisions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 "48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit." (f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.— (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— The installation of a qualifying system of continuous emission control (as defined in section 48A(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (b)), shall be exempt from the new source review provisions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.). (2) EXEMPTION FROM EMISSION CONTROL RE-

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1 on an existing coal-based electricity generating unit, 2 which meets or exceeds, for the applicable source 3 category and pollutant being controlled by such 4 qualified system, the standard of performance for 5 new stationary sources, shall exempt the existing 6 unit from any new or increased emission control re-7 quirements for the pollutant being controlled by such 8 qualified system under title I of the Clean Air Act 9 (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) for a period of 10 years 10 after the date such qualified system is originally 11 placed in service.

(g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to periods after December 31,
2000, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m)
of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the
day before the date of enactment of the Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1990).

18 SEC. 942. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING 19 CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.

(a) CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING
CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.—Subpart D of part IV
of subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business related
credits), as amended by this Act, is amended by adding
at the end the following:

"SEC. 45F. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.

3 "(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38,
4 the qualifying clean coal technology production credit of
5 any taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to the product
6 of—

7 "(1) the applicable amount of clean coal tech-8 nology production credit, multiplied by

9 "(2) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced
10 by the taxpayer during such taxable year at a quali11 fying clean coal technology unit during the 10-year
12 period beginning on the date the unit was returned
13 to service after retrofit, repowering, or replacement.
14 "(b) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—

15 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this sec16 tion, the applicable amount of clean coal technology
17 production credit is equal to \$0.0034.

18 "(2) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—For 19 calendar years after 2001, the applicable amount of 20 clean coal technology production credit shall be ad-21 justed by multiplying such amount by the inflation 22 adjustment factor for the calendar year in which the 23 amount is applied. If any amount as increased under 24 the preceding sentence is not a multiple of 0.01 cent, 25 such amount shall be rounded to the nearest mul-26 tiple of 0.01 cent.

1	"(c) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
2	poses of this section—
3	"(1) QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY
4	UNIT.—The term 'qualifying clean coal technology
5	unit' means a unit of the taxpayer which—
6	"(A) is an existing coal-based electricity
7	generating steam generator-turbine unit,
8	"(B) has a nameplate capacity rating of
9	not more than 300,000 kilowatts, and
10	"(C) has been retrofitted, repowered, or re-
11	placed with a clean coal technology within 10
12	years of the effective date of this section.
13	"(2) CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—The term
14	'clean coal technology' means technology which—
15	"(A) uses coal to produce 50 percent or
16	more of its thermal output as electricity, includ-
17	ing advanced pulverized coal or atmospheric flu-
18	idized bed combustion, pressurized fluidized bed
19	combustion, integrated gasification combined
20	cycle, or any other technology for the produc-
21	tion of electricity,
22	"(B) has a design heat rate not less than
23	500 Btu/kWh below that of the existing unit be-
24	fore it is retrofit, repowered, or replaced with
25	the qualifying clean coal technology,

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1 "(C) has a maximum design heat rate of 2 not more than 9,000 Btu/kWh when the design 3 coal has a heat content of more than 8,000 Btu 4 per pound, and 5 "(D) has a maximum design heat rate of 6 not more than 10,500 Btu/kWh when the de-7 sign coal has a heat content of 8,000 Btu per 8 pound or less. 9 "(3) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN RULES.—The 10 rules of paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45 11 shall apply. "(4) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—The 12 13 term 'inflation adjustment factor' means, with re-14 spect to a calendar year, a fraction the numerator 15 of which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the 16 preceding calendar year and the denominator of 17 which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the cal-18 endar year 2000. 19 "(5) GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR.—The 20 term 'GDP implicit price deflator' means the most 21 recent revision of the implicit price deflator for the 22 gross domestic product as computed by the Depart-23 ment of Commerce before March 15 of the calendar

24 year.

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1 "(d) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—This 2 section shall not apply to any property with respect to 3 which the qualifying clean coal technology unit credit 4 under section 48A is allowed unless the taxpayer elects 5 to waive the application of such credit to such property."

6 (b) CREDIT TREATED AS BUSINESS CREDIT.—Sec-7 tion 38(b) is amended by striking "plus" at the end of 8 paragraph (13), by striking the period at the end of para-9 graph (14) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the 10 end the following:

11 "(15) the qualifying clean coal technology pro12 duction credit determined under section 45F(a)."

13 (c) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) (relating to
14 transitional rules), as amended by this Act, is amended
15 by adding at the end the following:

"(11) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 45F CREDIT
BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused business credit for any taxable year which is
attributable to the qualifying clean coal technology
production credit determined under section 45F may
be carried back to a taxable year ending before the
date of enactment of section 45F."

23 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
24 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
25 is amended by adding at the end the following:

"Sec. 45F. Credit for production from a qualifying clean coal technology unit."

(e) MODIFICATIONS AND INSTALLATIONS NOT SUB JECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.—

3 (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— 4 Modifications made to an existing coal-based genera-5 tion unit because of, or as part of a qualifying clean 6 coal technology unit (as defined in section 45F(c)(1)) 7 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by 8 subsection (a)), shall be exempt from the new source 9 review provisions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 10 7401 et seq.).

11 (2) Exemption from emission control re-12 QUIREMENTS.—The installation of a qualifying clean 13 coal technology (as so defined) on an existing coal-14 based electricity generating unit, which meets or ex-15 ceeds, for the applicable source category, the stand-16 ard of performance for new stationary sources under 17 section 111 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411), 18 shall exempt the existing unit from any new or in-19 creased emission control requirements under title I 20 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) for a period 21 of 10 years after the date the qualifying clean coal 22 technology is originally placed in service.

23 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
24 this section shall apply to production after the date of en25 actment of this Act.

PART II—INCENTIVES FOR EARLY COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS OF ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGIES

4 SEC. 946. CREDIT FOR INVESTMENT IN QUALIFYING AD-5 VANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.

6 (a) ALLOWANCE OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN 7 COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.—Section 46 (re-8 lating to amount of credit), as amended by this Act, is 9 amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (3), 10 by striking the period at the end of paragraph (4) and 11 inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following: 12 "(5) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-

13 nology facility credit."

(b) AMOUNT OF QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN
COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.—Subpart E of
part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to rules
for computing investment credit), as amended by this Act,
is amended by inserting after section 48A the following: **"SEC. 48B. QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECH-**NOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of section 46, the
qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit
for any taxable year is an amount equal to 10 percent
of the qualified investment in a qualifying advanced clean
coal technology facility for such taxable year.

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1	"(b) Qualifying Advanced Clean Coal Tech-
2	NOLOGY FACILITY.—
3	"(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection
4	(a), the term 'qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
5	nology facility' means a facility of the taxpayer—
6	((A)(i)(I)) which replaces a conventional
7	technology facility of the taxpayer and the origi-
8	nal use of which commences with the taxpayer,
9	or
10	"(II) which is a retrofitted or repowered
11	conventional technology facility, the retrofitting
12	or repowering of which is completed by the tax-
13	payer (but only with respect to that portion of
14	the basis which is properly attributable to such
15	retrofitting or repowering), or
16	"(ii) which is acquired through purchase
17	(as defined by section $179(d)(2)$),
18	"(B) which is depreciable under section
19	167,
20	"(C) which has a useful life of not less
21	than 4 years,
22	"(D) which is located in the United States,
23	and
24	"(E) which uses qualifying advanced clean
25	coal technology.

"(2) Special rule for sale-leasebacks.—
For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1),
in the case of a facility that—
"(A) is originally placed in service by a
person, and
"(B) is sold and leased back by such per-
son, or is leased to such person, within 3
months after the date such facility was origi-
nally placed in service, for a period of not less
than 12 years,
such facility shall be treated as originally placed in
service not earlier than the date on which such prop-
erty is used under the leaseback (or lease) referred
to in subparagraph (B). The preceding sentence
shall not apply to any property if the lessee and les-
sor of such property make an election under this
sentence. Such an election, once made, may be re-
voked only with the consent of the Secretary.
"(3) QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL
TECHNOLOGY.—For purposes of paragraph (1)—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualifying
advanced clean coal technology' means, with re-
spect to clean coal technology—
"(i) multiple applications, with a com-
bined capacity of not more than 5,000

1	megawatts, of advanced pulverized coal or
2	atmospheric fluidized bed combustion
3	technology-
4	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
5	or repowering application,
6	((II) operated between 2001 and
7	2011, and
8	"(III) with a design net heat rate
9	of not more than 9,500 Btu per kilo-
10	watt hour when the design coal has a
11	heat content of more than 8,000 Btu
12	per pound, or a design net heat rate
13	of not more than 9,900 Btu per kilo-
14	watt hour when the design coal has a
15	heat content of 8,000 Btu per pound
16	or less,
17	"(ii) multiple applications, with a
18	combined capacity of not more than 1,000
19	megawatts, of pressurized fluidized bed
20	combustion technology—
21	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
22	or repowering application,
23	((II) operated between 2001 and
24	2011, and

1	"(III) with a design net heat rate
2	of not more than 8,400 Btu per kilo-
3	watt hour when the design coal has a
4	heat content of more than 8,000 Btu
5	per pound, or a design net heat rate
6	of not more than 9,900 Btu's per kilo-
7	watt hour when the design coal has a
8	heat content of 8,000 Btu per pound
9	or less,
10	"(iii) multiple applications, with a
11	combined capacity of not more than 2,000
12	megawatts, of integrated gasification com-
13	bined cycle technology, with or without fuel
14	or chemical co-production—
15	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
16	or repowering application,
17	"(II) operated between 2001 and
18	2011,
19	"(III) with a design net heat rate
20	of not more than 8,550 Btu per kilo-
21	watt hour when the design coal has a
22	heat content of more than 8,000 Btu
23	per pound, or a design net heat rate
24	of not more than 9,900 Btu per kilo-
25	watt hour when the design coal has a

1	heat content of 8,000 Btu per pound
2	or less, and
3	"(IV) with a net thermal effi-
4	ciency on any fuel or chemical co-pro-
5	duction of not less than 39 percent
6	(higher heating value), and
7	"(iv) multiple applications, with a
8	combined capacity of not more than 2,000
9	megawatts of technology for the production
10	of electricity—
11	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
12	or repowering application,
13	((II) operated between 2001 and
14	2011, and
15	"(III) with a carbon emission
16	rate that is not more than 85 percent
17	of conventional technology.
18	"(B) EXCEPTIONS.—Such term shall not
19	include clean coal technology projects receiving
20	or scheduled to receive funding under the Clean
21	Coal Technology Program of the Department of
22	Energy.
23	"(C) CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—The
24	term 'clean coal technology' means advanced
25	technology which uses coal to produce 75 per-

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1	cent or more of its thermal output as electricity
2	including advanced pulverized coal or atmos-
3	pheric fluidized bed combustion, pressurized flu-
4	idized bed combustion, integrated gasification
5	combined cycle with or without fuel or chemical
6	co-production, and any other technology for the
7	production of electricity that exceeds the per-
8	formance of conventional technology.
9	"(D) CONVENTIONAL TECHNOLOGY.—The
10	term 'conventional technology' means—
11	"(i) coal-fired combustion technology
12	with a design net heat rate of not less than
13	9,500 Btu per kilowatt hour (HHV) and a
14	carbon equivalents emission rate of not
15	more than 0.54 pounds of carbon per kilo-
16	watt hour when the design coal has a heat
17	content of more than 8,000 Btu per
18	pound,
19	"(ii) coal-fired combustion technology
20	with a design net heat rate of not less than
21	10,500 Btu per kilowatt hour (HHV) and
22	a carbon equivalents emission rate of not
23	more than 0.60 pound of carbon per kilo-
24	watt hour when the design coal has a heat
25	content of 8,000 Btu per pound or less, or

1	"(iii) natural gas-fired combustion
2	technology with a design net heat rate of
3	not less than 7,500 Btu per kilowatt hour
4	(HHV) and a carbon equivalents emission
5	rate of not more than 0.24 pound of car-
6	bon per kilowatt hour.
7	"(E) DESIGN NET HEAT RATE.—The de-
8	sign net heat rate shall be based on the design
9	annual heat input to and the design annual net
10	electrical output from the qualifying advanced
11	clean coal technology (determined without re-
12	gard to such technology's co-generation of
13	steam).
14	"(F) SELECTION CRITERIA.—Selection cri-
15	teria for clean coal technology facilities—
16	"(i) shall be established by the Sec-
17	retary of Energy as part of a competitive
18	solicitation,
19	"(ii) shall include primary criteria of
20	minimum design net heat rate, maximum
21	design thermal efficiency, and lowest cost
22	to the government, and
23	"(iii) shall include supplemental cri-
24	teria as determined appropriate by the
25	Secretary of Energy.

1 "(c) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—For purposes of sub-2 section (a), the term 'qualified investment' means, with 3 respect to any taxable year, the basis of a qualifying ad-4 vanced clean coal technology facility placed in service by 5 the taxpayer during such taxable year.

6 "(d) QUALIFIED PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—

7 "(1) INCREASE IN QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.— 8 In the case of a taxpayer who has made an election 9 under paragraph (5), the amount of the qualified in-10 vestment of such taxpayer for the taxable year (de-11 termined under subsection (c) without regard to this 12 section) shall be increased by an amount equal to 13 the aggregate of each qualified progress expenditure 14 for the taxable year with respect to progress expend-15 iture property.

"(2) PROGRESS EXPENDITURE PROPERTY DE-16 17 FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 18 'progress expenditure property' means any property 19 being constructed by or for the taxpayer and which 20 it is reasonable to believe will qualify as a qualifying 21 advanced clean coal technology facility which is 22 being constructed by or for the taxpayer when it is 23 placed in service.

24 "(3) QUALIFIED PROGRESS EXPENDITURES DE25 FINED.—For purposes of this subsection—

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1 "(A) Self-constructed property.—In 2 the case of any self-constructed property, the 3 term 'qualified progress expenditures' means 4 the amount which, for purposes of this subpart, 5 is properly chargeable (during such taxable 6 year) to capital account with respect to such 7 property. 8 "(B) NONSELF-CONSTRUCTED PROP-9 ERTY.—In the case of nonself-constructed prop-10 erty, the term 'qualified progress expenditures' 11 means the amount paid during the taxable year 12 to another person for the construction of such 13 property. 14 "(4) OTHER DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of 15 this subsection— "(A) Self-constructed 16 PROPERTY.---17 The term 'self-constructed property' means 18 property for which it is reasonable to believe 19 that more than half of the construction expendi-20 tures will be made directly by the taxpayer. 21 "(B) NONSELF-CONSTRUCTED PROP-22 ERTY.—The term 'nonself-constructed property' 23 means property which is not self-constructed 24 property.

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"(C) CONSTRUCTION, ETC.—The term 'construction' includes reconstruction and erection, and the term 'constructed' includes reconstructed and erected.

5 "(D) ONLY CONSTRUCTION OF QUALI-6 FYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY 7 FACILITY TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Con-8 struction shall be taken into account only if, for 9 purposes of this subpart, expenditures therefor 10 are properly chargeable to capital account with 11 respect to the property.

"(5) ELECTION.—An election under this subsection may be made at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
Such an election shall apply to the taxable year for
which made and to all subsequent taxable years.
Such an election, once made, may not be revoked except with the consent of the Secretary.

"(e) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—This
section shall not apply to any property with respect to
which the rehabilitation credit under section 47 or the energy credit under section 48 is allowed unless the taxpayer
elects to waive the application of such credit to such property.
"(f) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply
 with respect to any qualified investment made more than
 10 years after the effective date of this section."

4 (c) RECAPTURE.—Section 50(a) (relating to other
5 special rules), as amended by this Act, is amended by add6 ing at the end the following:

7 "(7) SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO QUALIFYING
8 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY.—
9 For purposes of applying this subsection in the case
10 of any credit allowable by reason of section 48B, the
11 following shall apply:

12 "(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the 13 amount of the increase in tax under paragraph 14 (1), the increase in tax shall be an amount equal to the investment tax credit allowed under 15 16 section 38 for all prior taxable years with re-17 spect to a qualifying advanced clean coal tech-18 nology facility (as defined by section 48B(b)(1)) 19 multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the 20 number of years remaining to fully depreciate 21 under this title the qualifying advanced clean 22 coal technology facility disposed of, and whose 23 denominator is the total number of years over 24 which such facility would otherwise have been 25 subject to depreciation. For purposes of the

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preceding sentence, the year of disposition of the qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility property shall be treated as a year of remaining depreciation.

5 "(B) PROPERTY CEASES TO QUALIFY FOR 6 PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—Rules similar to 7 the rules of paragraph (2) shall apply in the 8 case of qualified progress expenditures for a 9 qualifying advanced clean coal technology facil-10 ity under section 48B, except that the amount 11 of the increase in tax under subparagraph (A) 12 of this paragraph shall be substituted in lieu of 13 the amount described in such paragraph (2).

14 "(C) APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH.—This
15 paragraph shall be applied separately with re16 spect to the credit allowed under section 38 re17 garding a qualifying advanced clean coal tech18 nology facility."

(d) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) (relating to
transitional rules), as amended by this Act, is amended
by adding at the end the following:

"(12) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 48B CREDIT
BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused business credit for any taxable year which is
attributable to the qualifying advanced clean coal

1	technology facility credit determined under section
2	48B may be carried back to a taxable year ending
3	before the date of the enactment of section 48B."
4	(e) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—
5	(1) Section $49(a)(1)(C)$, as amended by this
6	Act, is amended by striking "and" at the end of
7	clause (iii), by striking the period at the end of
8	clause (iv) and inserting ", and", and by adding at
9	the end the following:
10	"(v) the portion of the basis of any
11	qualifying advanced clean coal technology
12	facility attributable to any qualified invest-
13	ment (as defined by section 48B(c))."
14	(2) Section $50(a)(4)$, as amended by this Act,
15	is amended by striking "and (6) " and inserting "(6),
16	and (7)".
17	(3) Section $50(c)(6)$, as added by this Act, is
18	amended by inserting "or any advanced clean coal
19	technology facility credit under section 48B" after
20	"section 48A".
21	(4) The table of sections for subpart E of part
22	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by this
23	Act, is amended by inserting after the item relating
24	to section 48A the following:
	"Sec. 48B. Qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit."

"Sec. 48B. Qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit."

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(f) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE
 REVIEW, ETC.—

(1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.—
The installation of a qualifying advanced clean coal
technology facility (as defined in section 48B(b)(1)
of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by
subsection (b)), shall be exempt from the new source
review provisions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
7401 et seq.).

10 (2) EXEMPTION FROM EMISSION CONTROL RE-11 QUIREMENTS.—The installation of a qualifying ad-12 vanced clean coal technology facility (as so defined) 13 which meets or exceeds, for the applicable source 14 category, the standard of performance for new sta-15 tionary sources established under section 111 of the 16 Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411), shall exempt that 17 facility from any new or increased emission control 18 requirements under title I of such Act (42 U.S.C. 19 7401 et seq.) for a period of 10 years after the date 20 the qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility 21 is originally placed in service.

(g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to periods after December 31,
2000, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m)
of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the

day before the date of the enactment of the Revenue Rec onciliation Act of 1990).

3 SEC. 947. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING 4 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.

5 (a) CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING
6 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—Subpart D of
7 part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business
8 related credits), as amended by this Act, is amended by
9 adding at the end the following:

10 "SEC. 45G. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING11ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.

12 "(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38, the qualifying advanced clean coal technology production 13 14 credit of any taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to— 15 "(1) the applicable amount of advanced clean 16 coal technology production credit, multiplied by 17 "(2) the sum of— 18 "(A) the kilowatt hours of electricity, plus 19 "(B) each 3413 Btu of fuels or chemicals, 20 produced by the taxpayer during such taxable year 21 at a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facil-22 ity during the 10-year period beginning on the date 23 the facility was originally placed in service. 24 "(b) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—For purposes of this 25 section, the applicable amount of advanced clean coal tech-

nology production credit with respect to production from
 a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility shall
 be determined as follows:

4 "(1) Where the design coal has a heat content
5 of more than 8,000 Btu per pound:

6 "(A) In the case of a facility originally
7 placed in service before 2008, if—

"The facility design not heat note Ptu/Wh (HHV)	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV)	For 1st 5 years	For 2d 5 years of
is equal to:	of such service	such service
Not more than 8,400	\$.0050	\$.0030
More than 8,400 but not more than 8,550	\$.0010	\$.0010
More than 8,550 but not more than 8,750	\$.0005	\$.0005.

8 "(B) In the case of a facility originally
9 placed in service after 2007 and before 2012,
10 if—

	The applicab	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service	
Not more than 7,770	\$.0090	\$.0075	
More than 7,770 but not more than 8,125	\$.0070	\$.0050	
More than 8,125 but not more than 8,350	\$.0060	\$.0040.	

"(C) In the case of a facility originally
placed in service after 2011 and before 2015,
if—

		ble amount is:	
"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV)	For 1st 5 years	For 2d 5 years of	
is equal to:	of such service	such service	
Not more than 7,380	\$.0120	\$.0090	
More than 7,380 but not more than 7,720	\$.0095	\$.0070.	

14 "(2) Where the design coal has a heat content
15 of not more than 8,000 Btu per pound:

"(A) In the case of a facility originally placed in service before 2008, if—

The applicable amount		le amount is:
"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,500	\$.0050	\$.0030
More than 8,500 but not more than 8,650	\$.0010	\$.0010
More than 8,650 but not more than 8,750	\$.0005	\$.0005.

3 "(B) In the case of a facility originally
4 placed in service after 2007 and before 2012,
5 if—

	The applicab	le amount is:
"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,000	\$.0090	\$.0075
More than 8,000 but not more than 8,250	\$.0070	\$.0050
More than 8,250 but not more than 8,400	\$.0060	\$.0040.

6 "(C) In the case of a facility originally 7 placed in service after 2011 and before 2015, 8 if—

"The facility desire not been note Dty (Why (IIIIV)	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV)	For 1st 5 years	For 2d 5 years of
is equal to:	of such service	such service
Not more than 7,800	\$.0120	\$.0090
More than 7,800 but not more than 7,950	\$.0095	\$.0070.

9 "(3) Where the clean coal technology facility is10 producing fuel or chemicals:

11 "(A) In the case of a facility originally
12 placed in service before 2008, if—

(TThe facility design and the sum of afficiences (TTTTV) is	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is	For 1st 5 years	For 2d 5 years of
equal to:	of such service	such service
Not less than 40.6 percent	\$.0050	\$.0030
Less than 40.6 but not less than 40 percent	\$.0010	\$.0010
Less than 40 but not less than 39 percent	\$.0005	\$.0005.

"(B) In the case of a facility originally
 placed in service after 2007 and before 2012,
 if—

"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:		The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service	
Not less than 43.9 percent	\$.0090	\$.0075	
Less than 43.9 but not less than 42 percent	\$.0070	\$.0050	
Less than 42 but not less than 40.9 percent	\$.0060	\$.0040.	

4 "(C) In the case of a facility originally
5 placed in service after 2011 and before 2015,
6 if—

	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is	For 1st 5 years	For 2d 5 years of
equal to:	of such service	such service
Not less than 44.2 percent	\$.0120	\$.0090
Less than 44.2 but not less than 43.6 percent	\$.0095	\$.0070.

"(c) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—For cal-7 endar years after 2001, each amount in paragraphs (1), 8 9 (2), and (3) of subsection (b) shall be adjusted by multi-10 plying such amount by the inflation adjustment factor for 11 the calendar year in which the amount is applied. If any 12 amount has increased under the preceding sentence is not 13 a multiple of 0.01 cent, such amount shall be rounded to 14 the nearest multiple of 0.01 cent.

15 "(d) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For pur16 poses of this section—

17 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any term used in this sec18 tion which is also used in section 48B shall have the
19 meaning given such term in section 48B.

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"(2) APPLICABLE RULES.—The rules of para graphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45 shall apply.

"(3) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—The
term 'inflation adjustment factor' means, with respect to a calendar year, a fraction the numerator
of which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the
preceding calendar year and the denominator of
which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the calendar year 2000.

10 "(4) GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR.—The 11 term 'GDP implicit price deflator' means the most 12 recent revision of the implicit price deflator for the 13 gross domestic product as computed by the Depart-14 ment of Commerce before March 15 of the calendar 15 year."

(b) CREDIT TREATED AS BUSINESS CREDIT.—Section 38(b), as amended by this Act, is amended by striking
"plus" at the end of paragraph (14), by striking the period
at the end of paragraph (15) and inserting ", plus", and
by adding at the end the following:

21 "(16) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech22 nology production credit determined under section
23 45G(a)."

(c) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) (relating to
 transitional rules), as amended by this Act, is amended
 by adding at the end the following:

4 "(13) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 45H CREDIT 5 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-6 used business credit for any taxable year which is 7 attributable to the qualifying advanced clean coal 8 technology production credit determined under sec-9 tion 45G may be carried back to a taxable year end-10 ing before the date of enactment of section 45G."

(d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1,
as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end
the following:

"Sec. 45G. Credit for production from qualifying advanced clean coal technology."

15 (e) INSTALLATIONS NOT SUBJECT TO NEW SOURCE16 REVIEW, ETC..—

17 (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.— 18 The installation of a qualifying advanced clean coal 19 technology facility which has qualified for a quali-20 fying advanced clean coal technology production 21 credit determined under section 45G of the Internal 22 Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (a), 23 shall be exempt from the new source review provi-24 sions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).

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1 (2) EXEMPTION FROM EMISSION CONTROL RE-2 QUIREMENTS.—The installation of a qualifying ad-3 vanced clean coal technology facility which has quali-4 fied for a qualifying advanced clean coal technology 5 production credit determined under such section 6 45G and which meets or exceeds, for the applicable 7 source category, the standard of performance for 8 new stationary sources established under section 111 9 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411), shall exempt 10 that facility from any new or increased emission con-11 trol requirements under title I of such Act (42) 12 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) for a period of 10 years after 13 the date the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-14 nology facility is originally placed in service. 15 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to production after the date of the 16 17 enactment of this Act. Subtitle C—Provisions Relating to 18 **Natural Gas** 19 20 SEC. 951. ARBITRAGE RULES NOT TO APPLY TO PREPAY-21 MENTS FOR NATURAL GAS AND OTHER COM-22 **MODITIES.** 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 148(b) (defining higher 24 yielding investments) is amended by adding at the end the 25 following new paragraph:

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1 "(4) INVESTMENT PROPERTY NOT TO INCLUDE 2 CERTAIN PREPAYMENTS TO ENSURE COMMODITY 3 SUPPLY.—The term 'investment property' shall not 4 include a prepayment entered into for the purpose of 5 obtaining a supply of a commodity reasonably ex-6 pected to be used in a business of one or more utili-7 ties each of which is owned and operated by a State 8 or local government, any political subdivision or in-9 strumentality thereof, or any governmental unit act-10 ing for or on behalf of such a utility." 11 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by 12 this section shall apply to obligations issued after the date

13 of the enactment of this Act.

14 SEC. 952. PRIVATE LOAN FINANCING TEST NOT TO APPLY
15 TO PREPAYMENTS FOR NATURAL GAS AND
16 OTHER COMMODITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 141(c)(2) (providing exceptions to the private loan financing test) is amended by
striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking
the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting
", or", and by adding at the end the following:

22 "(C) arises from a transaction described in
23 section 148(b)(4)."

1 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by 2 this section shall apply to obligations issued after the date 3 of the enactment of this Act. Subtitle D—Provisions Relating to 4 **Electric Power** 5 SEC. 956. DEPRECIATION OF PROPERTY USED IN THE GEN-6 7 TRANSMISSION **ERATION** OR OF **ELEC-**8 TRICITY. 9 (a) Depreciation of Property Used in the 10 GENERATION OR TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY.— 11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (C) of section

12 168(e)(3) (relating to 7-year property), as amended
13 by this Act, is amended by striking "and" at the end
14 of clause (v), by redesignating clause (vi) as clause
15 (vii), and by inserting after clause (v) the following
16 new clause:

17 "(vi) any property used in the genera-18 tion or transmission of electricity, and".

(2) 10-YEAR CLASS LIFE.—The table contained
in section 168(g)(3)(B) is amended by inserting
after the item relating to subparagraph (C)(v) the
following new item:

(b) DEFINITION OF PROPERTY USED IN THE GEN24 ERATION OR TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY.—Sub25 section (i) of section 168, as amended by this Act, is

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amended by adding at the end the following new para graph:

3 "(18) PROPERTY USED IN THE GENERATION OR
4 TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY.—

"(A) GENERATION.—The term 'property 5 6 used in the generation of electricity' means 7 property used in nuclear power production of 8 electricity for sale, property used in hydraulic 9 power production of electricity for sale, property 10 used in steam power production of electricity 11 for sale, and property used in combustion tur-12 bine production of electricity for sale.

13 "(B) TRANSMISSION.—The term 'property
14 used in the transmission of electricity' means
15 property used in the transmission of electricity
16 for sale."

17 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by18 this section shall apply to property placed in service after19 the date of the enactment of this Act.

20 SEC. 957. TAX-EXEMPT BOND FINANCING OF CERTAIN21ELECTRIC FACILITIES.

(a) RULES APPLICABLE TO ELECTRIC OUTPUT FACILITIES.—Subpart A of part IV of subchapter B of chapter 1 (relating to tax exemption requirements for State

and local bonds) is amended by inserting after section 141
 the following new section:

3 "SEC. 141A. ELECTRIC OUTPUT FACILITIES.

4 "(a) ELECTION TO TERMINATE TAX-EXEMPT BOND
5 FINANCING FOR CERTAIN ELECTRIC OUTPUT FACILI6 TIES.—

7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A governmental unit may
8 make an irrevocable election under this paragraph to
9 terminate certain tax-exempt financing for electric
10 output facilities. If the governmental unit makes
11 such election, then—

"(A) except as provided in paragraph (2),
on or after the date of such election the governmental unit may not issue with respect to an
electric output facility any bond the interest on
which is exempt from tax under section 103,
and

"(B) notwithstanding paragraph (1) or (2)
of section 141(a) or paragraph (4) or (5) of
section 141(b), no bond which was issued by
such unit with respect to an electric output facility before the date of enactment of this subsection (or which is described in paragraph
(2)(B), (D), (E) or (F)) the interest on which

1	was exempt from tax on such date, shall be
2	treated as a private activity bond.
3	"(2) EXCEPTIONS.—An election under para-
4	graph (1) does not apply to any of the following
5	bonds:
6	"(A) Any qualified bond (as defined in sec-
7	tion 141(e)).
8	"(B) Any eligible refunding bond (as de-
9	fined in subsection $(d)(6)$.
10	"(C) Any bond issued to finance a quali-
11	fying transmission facility or a qualifying dis-
12	tribution facility.
13	"(D) Any bond issued to finance equip-
14	ment or facilities necessary to meet Federal or
15	State environmental requirements applicable to
16	an existing generation facility.
17	"(E) Any bond issued to finance repair of
18	any existing generation facility. Repairs of fa-
19	cilities may not increase the generation capacity
20	of the facility by more than 3 percent above the
21	greater of its nameplate or rated capacity as of
22	the date of the enactment of this section.
23	"(F) Any bond issued to acquire or con-
24	struct (i) a qualified facility, as defined in sec-
25	tion $45(c)(3)$, if such facility is placed in service

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during a period in which a qualified facility may be placed in service under such section, or (ii) any energy property, as defined in section 48(a)(3).

"(3) FORM AND EFFECT OF ELECTION.—

6 "(A) IN GENERAL.—An election under 7 paragraph (1) shall be made in such a manner 8 as the Secretary prescribes and shall be binding 9 on any successor in interest to, or any related 10 party with respect to, the electing governmental 11 unit. For purposes of this paragraph, a govern-12 mental unit shall be treated as related to an-13 other governmental unit if it is a member of the 14 same controlled group.

15 "(B) TREATMENT OF ELECTING GOVERN-16 MENTAL UNIT.—A governmental unit which 17 makes an election under paragraph (1) shall be 18 treated for purposes of section 141 as a person 19 which is not a governmental unit and which is 20 engaged in a trade or business, with respect to 21 its purchase of electricity generated by an electric output facility placed in service after such 22 23 election, if such purchase is under a contract 24 executed after such election.

1	"(4) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
2	section:
3	"(A) EXISTING GENERATION FACILITY.—
4	The term 'existing generation facility' means an
5	electric generation facility in service on the date
6	of the enactment of this subsection or the con-
7	struction of which commenced before June 1,
8	2000.
9	"(B) QUALIFYING DISTRIBUTION FACIL-
10	ITY.—The term 'qualifying distribution facility'
11	means a distribution facility over which open
12	access distribution services described in sub-
13	section $(b)(2)(C)$ are provided.
14	"(C) QUALIFYING TRANSMISSION FACIL-
15	ITY.—The term 'qualifying transmission facil-
16	ity' means a local transmission facility (as de-
17	fined in subsection $(c)(3)(A)$ over which open
18	access transmission services described in sub-
19	paragraph (A), (B), or (E) of subsection (b)(2)
20	are provided.
21	"(b) Permitted Open Access Activities and
22	SALES TRANSACTIONS NOT A PRIVATE BUSINESS USE
23	FOR BONDS WHICH REMAIN SUBJECT TO PRIVATE USE

 $24 \ \mathrm{Rules.}{--}$

1	"(1) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of this
2	section and section 141, the term 'private business
3	use' shall not include a permitted open access activ-
4	ity or a permitted sales transaction.
5	"(2) Permitted open access activities.—
6	For purposes of this section, the term 'permitted
7	open access activity' means any of the following
8	transactions or activities with respect to an electric
9	output facility owned by a governmental unit:
10	"(A) Providing nondiscriminatory open ac-
11	cess transmission service and ancillary
12	services—
13	"(i) pursuant to an open access trans-
14	mission tariff filed with and approved by
15	FERC, but, in the case of a voluntarily
16	filed tariff, only if the governmental unit
17	voluntarily files a report described in para-
18	graph (c) or (h) of section 35.34 of title 18
19	of the Code of Federal Regulations or suc-
20	cessor provision (relating to whether or not
21	the issuer will join a regional transmission
22	organization) not later than the later of
23	the applicable date prescribed in such
24	paragraphs or 60 days after the date of
25	the enactment of this section,

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1	"(ii) under an independent system op-
2	erator agreement, regional transmission or-
3	ganization agreement, or regional trans-
4	mission group agreement approved by
5	FERC, or
6	"(iii) in the case of an ERCOT utility
7	(as defined in section $212(k)(2)(B)$ of the
8	Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
9	824k(k)(2)(B)), pursuant to a tariff ap-
10	proved by the Public Utility Commission of
11	Texas.
12	"(B) Participation in—
13	"(i) an independent system operator
14	agreement,
15	"(ii) a regional transmission organiza-
16	tion agreement, or
17	"(iii) a regional transmission group,
18	which has been approved by FERC, or by the
19	Public Utility Commission of Texas in the case
20	of an ERCOT utility (as so defined). Such par-
21	ticipation may include transfer of control of
22	transmission facilities to an organization de-
23	scribed in clause (i), (ii), or (iii).
24	"(C) Delivery on a nondiscriminatory open
25	access basis of electric energy sold to end-users

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1	served by distribution facilities owned by such
2	governmental unit.
3	"(D) Delivery on a nondiscriminatory open
4	access basis of electric energy generated by gen-
5	eration facilities connected to distribution facili-
6	ties owned by such governmental unit.
7	"(E) Other transactions providing non-
8	discriminatory open access transmission or dis-
9	tribution services under Federal, State, or local
10	open access, retail competition, or similar pro-
11	grams, to the extent provided in regulations
12	prescribed by the Secretary.
13	"(3) Permitted sales transaction.—For
14	purposes of this subsection, the term 'permitted
15	sales transaction' means any of the following sales of
16	electric energy from existing generation facilities (as
17	defined in subsection $(a)(4)(A)$:
18	"(A) The sale of electricity to an on-system
19	purchaser, if the seller provides open access dis-
20	tribution service under paragraph $(2)(C)$ and,
21	in the case of a seller which owns or operates

transmission facilities, if such seller provides

open access transmission under subparagraph

(A), (B), or (E) of paragraph (2).

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1	"(B) The sale of electricity to a wholesale
2	native load purchaser or in a wholesale strand-
3	ed cost mitigation sale—
4	"(i) if the seller provides open access
5	transmission service described in subpara-
6	graph (A), (B), or (E) of paragraph (2), or
7	"(ii) if the seller owns or operates no
8	transmission facilities and transmission
9	providers to the seller's wholesale native
10	load purchasers provide open access trans-
11	mission service described in subparagraph
12	(A), (B), or (E) of paragraph (2).
13	"(4) Definitions and special rules.—For
14	purposes of this subsection—
15	"(A) ON-SYSTEM PURCHASER.—The term
16	'on-system purchaser' means a person whose
17	electric facilities or equipment are directly con-
18	nected with transmission or distribution facili-
19	ties which are owned by a governmental unit,
20	and such person—
21	"(i) purchases electric energy from
22	such governmental unit at retail and either
23	was within such unit's distribution area in
24	the base year or is a person as to whom

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1	the governmental unit has a service obliga-
2	tion, or
3	"(ii) is a wholesale native load pur-
4	chaser from such governmental unit.
5	"(B) WHOLESALE NATIVE LOAD PUR-
6	CHASER.—The term 'wholesale native load pur-
7	chaser' means a wholesale purchaser as to
8	whom the governmental unit had—
9	"(i) a service obligation at wholesale
10	in the base year, or
11	"(ii) an obligation in the base year
12	under a requirements contract, or under a
13	firm sales contract which has been in effect
14	for (or has an initial term of) at least 10
15	years,
16	but only to the extent that in either case such
17	purchaser resells the electricity at retail to per-
18	sons within the purchaser's distribution area.
19	"(C) WHOLESALE STRANDED COST MITI-
20	GATION SALE.—The term 'wholesale stranded
21	cost mitigation sale' means 1 or more wholesale
22	sales made in accordance with the following re-
23	quirements:
24	"(i) A governmental unit's allowable
25	sales under this subparagraph during the

1	recovery period may not exceed the sum of
2	its annual load losses for each year of the
3	recovery period.
4	"(ii) The governmental unit's annual
5	load loss for each year of the recovery pe-
6	riod is the amount (if any) by which—
7	"(I) sales in the base year to
8	wholesale native load purchasers
9	which do not constitute a private busi-
10	ness use, exceed
11	"(II) sales during that year of
12	the recovery period to wholesale native
13	load purchasers which do not con-
14	stitute a private business use.
15	"(iii) If actual sales under this sub-
16	paragraph during the recovery period are
17	less than allowable sales under clause (i),
18	the amount not sold (but not more than 10
19	percent of the aggregate allowable sales
20	under clause (i)) may be carried over and
21	sold as wholesale stranded cost mitigation
22	sales in the calendar year following the re-
23	covery period.

1	"(D) Recovery period.—The recovery
2	period is the 7-year period beginning with the
3	start-up year.
4	"(E) Start-up year.—The start-up year
5	is whichever of the following calendar years the
6	governmental unit elects:
7	"(i) The year the governmental unit
8	first offers open transmission access.
9	"(ii) The first year in which at least
10	10 percent of the governmental unit's
11	wholesale customers' aggregate retail na-
12	tive load is open to retail competition.
13	"(iii) The calendar year which in-
14	cludes the date of the enactment of this
15	section, if later than the year described in
16	clause (i) or (ii).
17	"(F) Permitted sales transactions
18	under existing contracts.—A sale to a
19	wholesale native load purchaser (other than a
20	person to whom the governmental unit had a
21	service obligation) under a contract which re-
22	sulted in private business use in the base year
23	shall be treated as a permitted sales transaction
24	only to the extent that sales under the contract
25	exceed the lesser of—

1	"(i) in any year, the private business
2	use which resulted during the base year, or
3	"(ii) the maximum amount of private
4	business use which could occur (absent the
5	enactment of this section) without causing
6	the bonds to be private activity bonds.
7	This subparagraph shall only apply to the ex-
8	tent that the sale is allocable to bonds issued
9	before the date of the enactment of this section
10	(or bonds issued to refund such bonds).
11	"(G) JOINT ACTION AGENCIES.—A joint
12	action agency, or a member of (or a wholesale
13	native load purchaser from) a joint action agen-
14	cy, which is entitled to make a sale described in
15	subparagraph (A) or (B) in a year, may trans-
16	fer the entitlement to make that sale to the
17	member (or purchaser), or the joint action
18	agency, respectively.
19	"(c) Certain Bonds for Transmission and Dis-
20	TRIBUTION FACILITIES NOT TAX EXEMPT.—
21	"(1) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of this
22	title, no bond the interest on which is exempt from
23	taxation under section 103 may be issued on or after
24	the date of the enactment of this subsection if any
25	of the proceeds of such issue are used to finance—

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1	"(A) any transmission facility which is not
2	a local transmission facility, or
3	"(B) a start-up utility distribution facility.
4	"(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall not
5	apply to—
6	"(A) any qualified bond (as defined in sec-
7	tion 141(e)),
8	"(B) any eligible refunding bond (as de-
9	fined in subsection $(d)(6)$, or
10	"(C) any bond issued to finance—
11	"(i) any repair of a transmission facil-
12	ity in service on the date of the enactment
13	of this section, so long as the repair does
14	not increase the voltage level over its level
15	in the base year or increase the thermal
16	load limit of the transmission facility by
17	more than 3 percent over such limit in the
18	base year,
19	"(ii) any qualifying upgrade of a
20	transmission facility in service on the date
21	of the enactment of this section, or
22	"(iii) a transmission facility necessary
23	to comply with an obligation under a
24	shared or reciprocal transmission agree-

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1	ment in effect on the date of the enact-
2	ment of this section.
3	"(3) Local transmission facility defini-
4	TIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For purposes of this
5	subsection—
6	"(A) LOCAL TRANSMISSION FACILITY.—
7	The term 'local transmission facility' means a
8	transmission facility which is located within the
9	governmental unit's distribution area or which
10	is, or will be, necessary to supply electricity to
11	serve retail native load or wholesale native load
12	of 1 or more governmental units. For purposes
13	of this subparagraph, the distribution area of a
14	public power authority which was created in
15	1931 by a State statute and which, as of Janu-
16	ary 1, 1999, owned at least one-third of the
17	transmission circuit miles rated at 230kV or
18	greater in the State, shall be determined under
19	regulations of the Secretary.
20	"(B) RETAIL NATIVE LOAD.—The term
21	'retail native load' is the electric load of end-
22	users served by distribution facilities owned by
23	a governmental unit.
24	"(C) WHOLESALE NATIVE LOAD.—The
25	term 'wholesale native load' is—

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1	"(i) the retail native load of a govern-
2	mental unit's wholesale native load pur-
3	chasers, and
4	"(ii) the electric load of purchasers
5	(not described in clause (i)) under whole-
6	sale requirements contracts which—
7	"(I) do not constitute private
8	business use under the rules in effect
9	absent this subsection, and
10	"(II) were in effect in the base
11	year.
12	"(D) NECESSARY TO SERVE LOAD.—For
13	purposes of determining whether a transmission
14	or distribution facility is, or will be, necessary
15	to supply electricity to retail native load or
16	wholesale native load—
17	"(i) electric reliability standards or re-
18	quirements of national or regional reli-
19	ability organizations, regional transmission
20	organizations, and the Electric Reliability
21	Council of Texas shall be taken into ac-
22	count, and
23	"(ii) transmission, siting, and con-
24	struction decisions of regional transmission
25	organizations or independent system opera-

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1 tors and State and Federal agencies shall 2 be presumptive evidence regarding whether transmission facilities are necessary to 3 4 serve native load. 5 "(E) QUALIFYING UPGRADE.—The term 6 'qualifying upgrade' means an improvement or 7 addition to transmission facilities in service on 8 the date of the enactment of this section which 9 is ordered or approved by a regional trans-10 mission organization, by an independent system 11 operator, or by a State regulatory or siting 12 agency. 13 "(4) START-UP UTILITY DISTRIBUTION FACIL-14 ITY DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the 15 term 'start-up utility distribution facility' means any 16 distribution facility to provide electric service to the 17 public that is placed in service— 18 "(A) by a governmental unit which did not operate an electric utility on the date of the en-19 20 actment of this section, and "(B) before the date on which such govern-21 22 mental unit operates in a qualified service area 23 (as such term is defined in section 141(d)(3)(B)). 24

1 A governmental unit is deemed to have operated an 2 electric utility on the date of the enactment of this 3 section if it operates electric output facilities which 4 were operated by another governmental unit to pro-5 vide electric service to the public on such date. 6 "(d) DEFINITIONS; SPECIAL RULES.—For purposes 7 of this section— 8 "(1) BASE YEAR.—The term 'base year' means 9 the calendar year which includes the date of the en-10 actment of this section or, at the election of the gov-11 ernmental unit, either of the 2 immediately pre-12 ceding calendar years. 13 "(2) DISTRIBUTION AREA.—The term 'distribu-14 tion area' means the area in which a governmental 15 unit owns distribution facilities. "(3) ELECTRIC OUTPUT FACILITY.—The term 16 'electric output facility' means an output facility 17 18 that is an electric generation, transmission, or dis-19 tribution facility. 20 "(4) DISTRIBUTION FACILITY.—The term 'distribution facility' means an electric output facility 21 22 that is not a generation or transmission facility. 23 **(**(5) TRANSMISSION FACILITY.—The term 24 'transmission facility' means an electric output facil-25 ity (other than a generation facility) that operates at

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an electric voltage of 69kV or greater, except that
 the owner of the facility may elect to treat any out put facility that is a transmission facility for pur poses of the Federal Power Act as a transmission fa cility for purposes of this section.

6 "(6) ELIGIBLE REFUNDING BOND.—The term 7 'eligible refunding bond' means any State or local bond issued after an election described in subsection 8 9 (a) that directly or indirectly refunds any tax-exempt 10 bond (other than a qualified bond) issued before 11 such election, if the weighted average maturity of 12 the issue of which the refunding bond is a part does 13 not exceed the remaining weighted average maturity 14 of the bonds issued before the election. In applying 15 such term for purposes of subsection (c)(2)(B), the 16 date of election shall be deemed to be the date of the 17 enactment of this section.

18 "(7) FERC.—The term 'FERC' means the
19 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

20 "(8) GOVERNMENT-OWNED FACILITY.—An elec21 tric output facility shall be treated as owned by a
22 governmental unit if it is an electric output facility
23 that either is—

24 "(A) owned or leased by such govern-25 mental unit, or

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1	"(B) a transmission facility in which the
2	governmental unit acquired before the base year
3	long-term firm capacity for the purposes of
4	serving customers to which the unit had at that
5	time either—
6	"(i) a service obligation, or
7	"(ii) an obligation under a require-
8	ments contract.
9	"(9) REPAIR.—The term 'repair' shall include
10	replacement of components of an electric output fa-
11	cility, but shall not include replacement of the facil-
12	ity.
13	"(10) SERVICE OBLIGATION.—The term 'service
14	obligation' means an obligation under State or Fed-
15	eral law (exclusive of an obligation arising solely
16	from a contract entered into with a person) to pro-
17	vide electric distribution services or electric sales
18	service, as provided in such law.
19	"(e) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Subsection (b) shall not af-
20	fect the applicability of section 141 to (or the Secretary's
21	authority to prescribe, amend, or rescind regulations re-
22	specting) any transaction which is not a permitted open
23	access transaction or permitted sales transaction."
24	(b) REPEAL OF EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN NON-
25	GOVERNMENTAL ELECTRIC OUTPUT FACILITIES.—Sec-

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tion 141(d)(5) is amended by inserting "(except in the
 case of an electric output facility which is a distribution
 facility)," after "this subsection".

4 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sec5 tions for subpart A of part IV of subchapter B of chapter
6 1 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
7 141 the following new item:

"Sec. 141A. Electric output facilities."

8 (d) Effective Date; Applicability.—

9 (1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made 10 by this section shall take effect on the date of the 11 enactment of this Act, except that a governmental 12 unit may elect to apply paragraphs (1) and (2) of 13 section 141A(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 14 1986, as added by subsection (a), with respect to 15 permitted open access activities entered into on or 16 after April 14, 1996.

(2) CERTAIN EXISTING AGREEMENTS.—The
amendment made by subsection (b) (relating to repeal of the exception for certain nongovernmental
output facilities) does not apply to any acquisition of
facilities made pursuant to an agreement that was
entered into before the date of the enactment of this
Act.

24 (3) APPLICABILITY.—References in this Act to
25 sections of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, shall

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be deemed to include references to comparable sec-

2 tions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. 3 SEC. 958. INDEPENDENT TRANSMISSION COMPANIES. 4 (a) Sales or Dispositions To Implement Fed-5 ERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION OR STATE ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.— 6 7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1033 (relating to in-8 voluntary conversions) is amended by redesignating 9 subsection (k) as subsection (l) and by inserting 10 after subsection (j) the following new subsection: 11 "(k) Sales or Dispositions To Implement Fed-ERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION OR STATE 12 13 ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.— 14 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this sub-15 title, if a taxpayer elects the application of this sub-16 section to a qualifying electric transmission trans-17 action and the proceeds received from such trans-18 action are invested in exempt utility property, such 19 transaction shall be treated as an involuntary con-20 version to which this section applies. 21 "(2) EXTENSION OF REPLACEMENT PERIOD.— 22 In the case of any involuntary conversion described 23 in paragraph (1), subsection (a)(2)(B) shall be ap-24 plied by substituting '4 years' for '2 years' in clause 25 (i) thereof.

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1	"(3) QUALIFYING ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION
2	TRANSACTION.—For purposes of this subsection, the
3	term 'qualifying electric transmission transaction'
4	means any sale or other disposition of property used
5	in the trade or business of electric transmission, or
6	an ownership interest in a person whose primary
7	trade or business consists of providing electric trans-
8	mission services, to another person that is an inde-
9	pendent transmission company.
10	"(4) INDEPENDENT TRANSMISSION COM-
11	PANY.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
12	'independent transmission company' means—
13	"(A) a regional transmission organization
14	approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory
15	Commission,
16	"(B) a person—
17	"(i) who the Federal Energy Regu-
18	latory Commission determines in its au-
19	thorization of the transaction under section
20	203 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
21	823b) is not a market participant within
22	the meaning of such Commission's rules
23	applicable to regional transmission organi-
24	zations, and
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1	"(ii) whose transmission facilities to
2	which the election under this subsection
3	applies are placed under the operational
4	control of a Federal Energy Regulatory
5	Commission-approved regional trans-
6	mission organization within the period
7	specified in such order, but not later than
8	the close of the replacement period, or
9	"(C) in the case of facilities subject to the
10	exclusive jurisdiction of the Public Utility Com-
11	mission of Texas, a person which is approved by
12	that Commission as consistent with Texas State
13	law regarding an independent transmission or-
14	ganization.
15	"(5) Exempt utility property.—For pur-
16	poses of this subsection, the term 'exempt utility
17	property' means—
18	"(A) property used in the trade or business
19	of generating, transmitting, distributing, or sell-
20	ing electricity or producing, transmitting, dis-
21	tributing, or selling natural gas, or
22	"(B) stock in a person whose primary
23	trade or business consists of generating, trans-
24	mitting, distributing, or selling electricity or

1	producing, transmitting, distributing, or selling
2	natural gas.
3	"(6) Special rules for consolidated
4	GROUPS.—
5	"(A) INVESTMENT BY QUALIFYING GROUP
6	MEMBERS.—
7	"(i) IN GENERAL.—This subsection
8	shall apply to a qualifying electric trans-
9	mission transaction engaged in by a tax-
10	payer if the proceeds are invested in ex-
11	empt utility property by a qualifying group
12	member.
13	"(ii) Qualifying group member
14	For purposes of this subparagraph, the
15	term 'qualifying group member' means any
16	member of a consolidated group within the
17	meaning of section 1502 and the regula-
18	tions promulgated thereunder of which the
19	taxpayer is also a member.
20	"(B) Coordination with consolidated
21	RETURN PROVISIONS.—A sale or other disposi-
22	tion of electric transmission property or an
23	ownership interest in a qualifying electric trans-
24	mission transaction, where an election is made
25	under this subsection, shall not result in the

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1 recognition of income or gain under the consoli-2 dated return provisions of subchapter A of 3 chapter 6. The Secretary shall prescribe such 4 regulations as may be necessary to provide for 5 the treatment of any exempt utility property re-6 ceived in a qualifying electric transmission 7 transaction as successor assets subject to the 8 application of such consolidated return provi-9 sions.

10 "(7) ELECTION.—Any election made by a tax-11 payer under this subsection shall be made by a 12 statement to that effect in the return for the taxable 13 year in which the qualifying electric transmission 14 transaction takes place in such form and manner as 15 the Secretary shall prescribe, and such election shall 16 be binding for that taxable year and all subsequent 17 taxable years."

(2) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in section
1033(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
added by subsection (a), shall affect Federal or
State regulatory policy respecting the extent to
which any acquisition premium paid in connection
with the purchase of an asset in a qualifying electric
transmission transaction can be recovered in rates.

1	(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made
2	by this subsection shall apply to transactions occur-
3	ring after the date of the enactment of this Act.
4	(b) Distributions of Stock To Implement Fed-
5	ERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION OR STATE
6	ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section $355(e)(4)$ is amend-
8	ed by redesignating subparagraphs (C), (D), and
9	(E) as subparagraphs (D), (E), and (F), respec-
10	tively, and by inserting after subparagraph (B) the
11	following new subparagraph:
12	"(C) DISTRIBUTIONS OF STOCK TO IMPLE-
13	MENT FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMIS-
14	SION OR STATE ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING
15	POLICY.—
16	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1)
17	shall not apply to any distribution which is
18	a qualifying electric transmission trans-
19	action. For purposes of this subparagraph,
20	a 'qualifying electric transmission trans-
21	action' means any distribution of stock in
22	a corporation whose primary trade or busi-
23	ness consists of providing electric trans-
24	mission services, where such stock is later
25	acquired (or where the assets of such cor-

1	poration are later acquired) by another
2	person that is an independent transmission
3	company.
4	"(ii) INDEPENDENT TRANSMISSION
5	COMPANY.—For purposes of this sub-
6	section, the term 'independent trans-
7	mission company' means—
8	"(I) a regional transmission or-
9	ganization approved by the Federal
10	Energy Regulatory Commission,
11	"(II) a person who the Federal
12	Energy Regulatory Commission deter-
13	mines in its authorization of the
14	transaction under section 203 of the
15	Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824b)
16	is not a market participant within the
17	meaning of such Commission's rules
18	applicable to regional transmission or-
19	ganizations, and whose transmission
20	facilities transferred as a part of such
21	qualifying electric transmission trans-
22	action are placed under the oper-
23	ational control of a Federal Energy
24	Regulatory Commission-approved re-
25	gional transmission organization with-

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1 in the period specified in such order, 2 but not later than the close of the re-3 placement period (as defined in sec-4 tion 1033(k)(2), or 5 "(III) in the case of facilities 6 subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of Utility Commission of 7 the Public 8 Texas, a person that is approved by 9 that Commission as consistent with 10 Texas State law regarding an inde-11 pendent transmission organization." (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made 12 13 by this subsection shall apply to distributions occur-14 ring after the date of the enactment of this Act. 15 SEC. 959. CERTAIN AMOUNTS RECEIVED BY ENERGY, NAT-16 URAL GAS, OR STEAM UTILITIES EXCLUDED 17 FROM GROSS INCOME AS CONTRIBUTIONS TO 18 CAPITAL. 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 118 (re-20 lating to contributions to the capital of a corporation) is 21 amended-22 (1) by striking "WATER AND SEWAGE DIS-23 POSAL" in the heading and inserting "CERTAIN", 24 (2) by striking "water or," in the matter pre-25 ceding subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) and in-

serting "electric energy, natural gas (through a local
 distribution system or by pipeline), steam, water,
 or",

4 (3) by striking "water or" in paragraph (1)(B)
5 and inserting "electric energy (but not including as6 sets used in the generation of electricity), natural
7 gas, steam, water, or",

8 (4) by striking "water or" in paragraph
9 (2)(A)(ii) and inserting "electric energy (but not in10 cluding assets used in the generation of electricity),
11 natural gas, steam, water, or",

(5) by inserting "such term shall include
amounts paid as customer connection fees (including
amounts paid to connect the customer's line to an
electric line, a gas main, a steam line, or a main
water or sewer line) and" after "except that" in
paragraph (3)(A), and

18 (6) by striking "water or" in paragraph (3)(C)
19 and inserting "electric energy, natural gas, steam,
20 water, or".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to amounts received after the date
of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle E—Provisions Relating to Nuclear Energy

3 SEC. 961. EXPENSING OF COSTS INCURRED FOR TEM-4 PORARY STORAGE OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part VI of subchapter B of chap-6 ter 1 (relating to itemized deductions for individuals and 7 corporations) is amended by adding at the end the fol-8 lowing new section:

9 "SEC. 199. EXPENSING OF COSTS FOR TEMPORARY STOR10 AGE OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.

11 "A taxpayer may elect to treat any amount paid or 12 incurred during the taxable year for the temporary storage 13 or isolation of spent nuclear fuel as an expense which is 14 not chargeable to capital account. Any expenditure which 15 is so treated shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable 16 year in which it is paid or incurred."

17 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-18 tions for part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1 is amended19 by adding at the end the following new item:

"Sec. 199. Expensing of costs for temporary storage of spent nuclear fuel."

20 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
21 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
22 December 31, 2000.

1 SEC. 962. NUCLEAR DECOMMISSIONING RESERVE FUND.

2 (a) INCREASE IN AMOUNT PERMITTED TO BE PAID
3 INTO NUCLEAR DECOMMISSIONING RESERVE FUND.—
4 Subsection (b) of section 468A is amended to read as fol5 lows:

6 "(b) LIMITATION ON AMOUNTS PAID INTO FUND.— 7 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount which a tax-8 payer may pay into the Fund for any taxable year 9 during the funding period shall not exceed the level 10 funding amount determined pursuant to subsection 11 (d), except—

"(A) where the taxpayer is permitted by
Federal or State law or regulation (including
authorization by a public service commission) to
charge customers a greater amount for nuclear
decommissioning costs, in which case the taxpayer may pay into the Fund such greater
amount; or

19 "(B) in connection with the transfer of a 20 nuclear powerplant, where the transferor or 21 transferee (or both) is required pursuant to the 22 terms of the transfer to contribute a greater 23 amount for nuclear decommissioning costs, in 24 which case the transferor or transferee (or 25 both) may pay into the Fund such greater 26 amount.

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1 "(2) Contributions after funding PE-2 RIOD.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this 3 section, a taxpayer may make deductible payments 4 to the Fund in any taxable year between the end of 5 the funding period and the termination of the license 6 issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission for 7 the nuclear powerplant to which the Fund relates 8 but only if such payments do not cause the assets 9 of the Fund to exceed the nuclear decommissioning 10 costs allocable to the taxpayer's current or former 11 interest in the nuclear powerplant to which the Fund 12 relates. The foregoing limitation shall be applied by 13 taking into account a reasonable rate of inflation for 14 the nuclear decommissioning costs and a reasonable 15 after-tax rate of return on the assets of the Fund 16 until such assets are anticipated to be expended." 17 (b) DEDUCTION FOR NUCLEAR DECOMMISSIONING COSTS WHEN PAID.—Paragraph (2) of section 468A(c) 18 19 is amended to read as follows: 20 (2)DEDUCTION OF NUCLEAR DECOMMIS-21 SIONING COSTS.—In addition to any deduction under subsection (a), nuclear decommissioning costs paid 22 23 or incurred by the taxpayer during any taxable year

25 carrying on a trade or business under section 162."

shall constitute ordinary and necessary expenses in

(c) LEVEL FUNDING AMOUNTS.—Subsection (d) of
 section 468A is amended to read as follows:

3 "(d) Level Funding Amounts.—

4 "(1) ANNUAL AMOUNTS.—For purposes of this 5 section, the level funding amount for any taxable 6 year shall equal the annual amount required to be 7 contributed to the Fund in each year remaining in 8 the funding period in order for the Fund to accumu-9 late the nuclear decommissioning costs allocable to 10 the taxpayer's current or former interest in the nu-11 clear powerplant to which the Fund relates. The an-12 nual amount described in the preceding sentence 13 shall be calculated by taking into account a reason-14 able rate of inflation for the nuclear decommis-15 sioning costs and a reasonable after-tax rate of re-16 turn on the assets of the Fund until such assets are 17 anticipated to be expended.

18 "(2) FUNDING PERIOD.—The funding period
19 for a Fund shall end on the last day of the last tax20 able year of the expected operating life of the nu21 clear powerplant.

"(3) NUCLEAR DECOMMISSIONING COSTS.—For
purposes of this section, the term 'nuclear decommissioning costs' means all costs to be incurred in
connection with entombing, decontaminating, dis-

1	mantling, removing, and disposing of a nuclear pow-
2	erplant, and includes all associated preparation, se-
3	curity, fuel storage, and radiation monitoring costs.
4	The taxpayer may identify such costs by reference
5	either to a site-specific engineering study or to the
6	financial assurance amount calculated pursuant to
7	section 50.75 of title 10 of the Code of Federal Reg-
8	ulations. The term shall include all such costs which,
9	outside of the decommissioning context, might other-
10	wise be capital expenditures."
11	(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
12	this section shall apply to amounts paid after June 8,
13	1999, in taxable years ending after such date.
1 4	
14	Subtitle F—Tax Incentives for
14 15	Subtitle F—Tax Incentives for Energy Efficiency
15	Energy Efficiency
15 16	Energy Efficiency SEC. 971. CREDIT FOR CERTAIN DISTRIBUTED POWER AND
15 16 17	Energy Efficiency SEC. 971. CREDIT FOR CERTAIN DISTRIBUTED POWER AND COMBINED HEAT AND POWER SYSTEM PROP-
15 16 17 18	Energy Efficiency sec. 971. CREDIT FOR CERTAIN DISTRIBUTED POWER AND COMBINED HEAT AND POWER SYSTEM PROP- ERTY USED IN BUSINESS.
15 16 17 18 19	Energy Efficiency sec. 971. CREDIT FOR CERTAIN DISTRIBUTED POWER AND COMBINED HEAT AND POWER SYSTEM PROP- ERTY USED IN BUSINESS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 48(a)(3) (defining energy
15 16 17 18 19 20	Energy Efficiency SEC. 971. CREDIT FOR CERTAIN DISTRIBUTED POWER AND COMBINED HEAT AND POWER SYSTEM PROP- ERTY USED IN BUSINESS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 48(a)(3) (defining energy property) is amended by inserting before the last sentence
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	Energy Efficiency SEC. 971. CREDIT FOR CERTAIN DISTRIBUTED POWER AND COMBINED HEAT AND POWER SYSTEM PROP- ERTY USED IN BUSINESS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 48(a)(3) (defining energy property) is amended by inserting before the last sentence the following: "The term 'energy property' includes dis-

1	(b) Definitions.—Subsection (a) of section 48 (re-
2	lating to the energy credit) is amended by adding at the
3	end the following new paragraphs:
4	"(6) DISTRIBUTED POWER PROPERTY.—The
5	term 'distributed power property' means property—
6	"(A) which is used in the generation of
7	electricity for primary use—
8	"(i) in nonresidential real or residen-
9	tial rental property used in the taxpayer's
10	trade or business, with a rated total capac-
11	ity in excess of 1 kilowatt, or
12	"(ii) in the taxpayer's industrial man-
13	ufacturing process or plant activity, with a
14	rated total capacity in excess of 500 kilo-
15	watts,
16	"(B) which may also produce usable ther-
17	mal energy or mechanical power for use in a
18	heating or cooling application, but only if at
19	least 30 percent of the total useful energy pro-
20	duced consists of—
21	"(i) with respect to assets described in
22	subparagraph (A)(i), electrical power
23	(whether sold or used by the taxpayer), or
24	"(ii) with respect to assets described
25	in subparagraph (A)(ii), electrical power

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1	(whether sold or used by the taxpayer) and
2	thermal or mechanical energy used in the
3	taxpayer's industrial manufacturing proc-
4	ess or plant activity,
5	"(C) which is not used to transport pri-
6	mary fuel to the generating facility or to dis-
7	tribute energy within or outside of the facility,
8	and
9	"(D) if it is reasonably expected that not
10	more than 50 percent of the produced elec-
11	tricity will be sold to, or used by, unrelated per-
12	sons.
13	"(7) Combined heat and power system
14	PROPERTY.—For purposes of this subsection—
15	"(A) Combined heat and power sys-
16	TEM PROPERTY.—The term 'combined heat and
17	power system property' means property com-
18	prising a system—
19	"(i) which uses the same energy
20	source for the simultaneous or sequential
21	generation of electrical power, mechanical
22	shaft power, or both, in combination with
23	the generation of steam or other forms of
24	useful thermal energy (including heating
25	and cooling applications),

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1	"(ii) which has an electrical capacity
2	of more than 50 kilowatts or a mechanical
3	energy capacity of more than 67 horse-
4	power or an equivalent combination of elec-
5	trical and mechanical energy capacities,
6	"(iii) which produces—
7	"(I) at least 20 percent of its
8	total useful energy in the form of
9	thermal energy, and
10	"(II) at least 20 percent of its
11	total useful energy in the form of elec-
12	trical or mechanical power (or a com-
13	bination thereof), and
14	"(iv) the energy efficiency percentage
15	of which exceeds 60 percent (70 percent in
16	the case of a system with an electrical ca-
17	pacity in excess of 50 megawatts or a me-
18	chanical energy capacity in excess of
19	67,000 horsepower, or an equivalent com-
20	bination of electrical and mechanical en-
21	ergy capacities).
22	"(B) Special rules.—
23	"(i) Energy efficiency percent-
24	AGE.—For purposes of subparagraph

1	(A)(iv), the energy efficiency percentage of
2	a system is the fraction—
3	"(I) the numerator of which is
4	the total useful electrical, thermal,
5	and mechanical power produced by
6	the system at normal operating rates,
7	and
8	"(II) the denominator of which is
9	the lower heating value of the primary
10	fuel source for the system.
11	"(ii) Determinations made on btu
12	BASIS.—The energy efficiency percentage
13	and the percentages under subparagraph
14	(A)(iii) shall be determined on a Btu basis.
15	"(iii) INPUT AND OUTPUT PROPERTY
16	NOT INCLUDED.—The term 'combined heat
17	and power system property' does not in-
18	clude property used to transport the en-
19	ergy source to the facility or to distribute
20	energy produced by the facility.
21	"(iv) Public utility property.—
22	"(I) Accounting rule for
23	PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY.—If the
24	combined heat and power system
25	property is public utility property (as

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1	defined in section $46(f)(5)$ as in effect
2	on the day before the date of the en-
3	actment of the Revenue Reconciliation
4	Act of 1990), the taxpayer may only
5	claim the credit under this subsection
б	if, with respect to such property, the
7	taxpayer uses a normalization method
8	of accounting.
9	"(II) CERTAIN EXCEPTION NOT
10	TO APPLY.—The matter in paragraph
11	(3) which follows subparagraph (D)
12	shall not apply to combined heat and

(c) NO CARRYBACK OF ENERGY CREDIT BEFORE
15 EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (d) of section 39, as
16 amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end
17 the following new paragraph:

power system property."

18 "(14) NO CARRYBACK OF ENERGY CREDIT BE19 FORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused
20 business credit for any taxable year which is attrib21 utable to the portion of the energy credit described
22 in section 48(a) (6) or (7) may be carried back to
23 a taxable year ending before the date of the enact24 ment of this paragraph."

25 (d) DEPRECIATION.—

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1	(1) Subparagraph (C) of section $168(e)(3)$, as
2	amended by this Act, is amended by striking "and"
3	at the end of clause (vi), by redesignating clause
4	(vii) as clause (viii), and by inserting after clause
5	(vi) the following new clause:
6	"(vii) any energy property (as defined
7	in paragraph (6) or (7) of section $48(a)$)
8	for which a credit is allowed under section
9	48 and which, but for this clause, would
10	have a recovery period of less than 15
11	years, and".
12	(2) The table contained in subparagraph (B) of
13	section $168(g)(3)$ is amended by inserting after the
14	item relating to subparagraph (C)(vi) the following:
	"(C)(vii) 10".
15	(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
16	this section shall apply to periods after December 31,
17	2000, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m)
18	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the
19	day before the date of the enactment of the Revenue Rec-
20	onciliation Act of 1990).
21	SEC. 972. CREDIT FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVE-
22	MENTS TO EXISTING HOMES.
23	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part IV of sub-
24	chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to nonrefundable personal

credits) is amended by inserting after section 25A the fol lowing new section:

3 "SEC. 25B. ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS TO EXIST4 ING HOMES.

5 "(a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—In the case of an in-6 dividual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax 7 imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount 8 equal to 20 percent of the amount paid or incurred by 9 the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements 10 installed during such taxable year.

11 "(b) LIMITATIONS.—

12 "(1) MAXIMUM CREDIT.—The credit allowed by
13 this section with respect to a dwelling shall not ex14 ceed \$2,000.

15 "(2) PRIOR CREDIT AMOUNTS FOR TAXPAYER 16 ON SAME DWELLING TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.-If a 17 credit was allowed to the taxpayer under subsection 18 (a) with respect to a dwelling in 1 or more prior tax-19 able years, the amount of the credit otherwise allow-20 able for the taxable year with respect to that dwell-21 ing shall not exceed the amount of \$2,000 reduced 22 by the sum of the credits allowed under subsection 23 (a) to the taxpayer with respect to the dwelling for 24 all prior taxable years.

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1 "(c) CARRYFORWARD OF UNUSED CREDIT.—If the 2 credit allowable under subsection (a) exceeds the limita-3 tion imposed by section 26(a) for such taxable year re-4 duced by the sum of the credits allowable under subpart 5 A of part IV of subchapter A (other than this section), such excess shall be carried to the succeeding taxable year 6 7 and added to the credit allowable under subsection (a) for 8 such taxable year.

9 "(d) QUALIFIED ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVE-10 MENTS.—For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified 11 energy efficiency improvements' means any energy effi-12 cient building envelope component that is certified to meet 13 or exceed the prescriptive criteria for such component es-14 tablished by the 1998 International Energy Conservation 15 Code, if—

16 "(1) such component is installed in or on a17 dwelling—

18 "(A) located in the United States, and

19 "(B) owned and used by the taxpayer as
20 the taxpayer's principal residence (within the
21 meaning of section 121),

22 "(2) the original use of such component com-23 mences with the taxpayer, and

24 "(3) such component reasonably can be ex25 pected to remain in use for at least 5 years.

"(e) CERTIFICATION.—The certification described in
 subsection (d) shall be—

"(1) determined on the basis of the technical
specifications or applicable ratings (including product labeling requirements) for the measurement of
energy efficiency, based upon energy use or building
envelope component performance, for the energy efficient building envelope component,

9 "(2) provided by the contractor who installed 10 such building envelope component, a local building 11 regulatory authority, a utility, a manufactured home 12 production inspection primary inspection agency 13 (IPIA), or an accredited home energy rating system 14 provider who is accredited by or otherwise author-15 ized to use approved energy performance measure-16 ment methods by the Home Energy Ratings Systems 17 Council or the National Association of State Energy 18 Officials, and

"(3) made in writing in a manner that specifies
in readily verifiable fashion the energy efficient
building envelope components installed and their respective energy efficiency levels.

23 "(f) Definitions and Special Rules.—

24 "(1) TENANT-STOCKHOLDER IN COOPERATIVE
25 HOUSING CORPORATION.—In the case of an indi-

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1 vidual who is a tenant-stockholder (as defined in sec-2 tion 216) in a cooperative housing corporation (as 3 defined in such section), such individual shall be 4 treated as having paid his tenant-stockholder's pro-5 portionate share (as defined in section 216(b)(3)) of 6 the cost of qualified energy efficiency improvements 7 made by such corporation. 8 "(2) CONDOMINIUMS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an indi-9 10 vidual who is a member of a condominium man-11 agement association with respect to a condo-12 minium which he owns, such individual shall be 13 treated as having paid his proportionate share 14 of the cost of qualified energy efficiency improvements made by such association. 15 16 "(B) Condominium management asso-17 CIATION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the 18 term 'condominium management association' 19 means an organization which meets the require-20 ments of paragraph (1) of section 528(c) (other 21 than subparagraph (E) thereof) with respect to 22 a condominium project substantially all of the 23 units of which are used as residences. "(3) Building Envelope component.—The 24 25 term 'building envelope component' means—

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1 "(A) insulation material or system which is 2 specifically and primarily designed to reduce the 3 heat loss or gain or a dwelling when installed 4 in or on such dwelling, and 5 "(B) exterior windows (including skylights) 6 and doors. 7 "(4) MANUFACTURED HOMES INCLUDED.—For 8 purposes of this section, the term 'dwelling' includes 9 a manufactured home which conforms to Federal 10 Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Stand-11 ards (24 C.F.R. 3280). 12 "(g) BASIS ADJUSTMENT.—For purposes of this sub-13 title, if a credit is allowed under this section for any expenditure with respect to any property, the increase in the 14 15 basis of such property which would (but for this subsection) result from such expenditure shall be reduced by 16 17 the amount of the credit so allowed. 18 "(h) TERMINATION.—Subsection (a) shall apply to 19 qualified energy efficiency improvements installed during

20 the period beginning on January 1, 2001, and ending on 21 December 31, 2005."

22 (b) Conforming Amendments.—

23 (1) Subsection (c) of section 23 is amended by inserting ", section 25B, and section 1400C" after 24 "other than this section". 25

1	(2) Subparagraph (C) of section $25(e)(1)$ is
2	amended by striking "section 23" and inserting
3	"sections 23, 25B, and 1400C".
4	(3) Subsection (d) of section 1400C is amended
5	by inserting "and section 25B" after "other than
6	this section".
7	(4) Subsection (a) of section 1016 is amended
8	by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (26), by
9	striking the period at the end of paragraph (27) and
10	inserting "; and", and by adding at the end the fol-
11	lowing new paragraph:
12	"(28) to the extent provided in section $25B(f)$,
13	in the case of amounts with respect to which a credit
14	has been allowed under section 25B."
15	(5) The table of sections for subpart A of part
	(5) The table of sections for subpart A of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-
15	
15 16	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-
15 16 17	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in- serting after the item relating to section 25A the fol-
15 16 17	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in- serting after the item relating to section 25A the fol- lowing new item:
15 16 17 18	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in- serting after the item relating to section 25A the fol- lowing new item: "Sec. 25B. Energy efficiency improvements to existing homes."
 15 16 17 18 19 	 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 25A the following new item: "Sec. 25B. Energy efficiency improvements to existing homes." (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 25A the following new item: "Sec. 25B. Energy efficiency improvements to existing homes." (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years ending after De-
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 25A the following new item: "Sec. 25B. Energy efficiency improvements to existing homes." (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years ending after December 31, 2000.
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 25A the following new item: "Sec. 25B. Energy efficiency improvements to existing homes." (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years ending after December 31, 2000. SEC. 973. BUSINESS CREDIT FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NEW

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1 its), as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting after2 section 45G the following new section:

3 "SEC. 45H. NEW ENERGY EFFICIENT HOME CREDIT.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of section 38, in
5 the case of an eligible contractor, the credit determined
6 under this section for the taxable year is an amount equal
7 to the aggregate adjusted bases of all energy efficient
8 property installed in a qualified new energy efficient home
9 during construction of such home.

10 "(b) LIMITATIONS.—

11 "(1) MAXIMUM CREDIT.—

12 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The credit allowed by
13 this section with respect to a dwelling shall not
14 exceed \$2,000.

15 "(B) PRIOR CREDIT AMOUNTS ON SAME 16 DWELLING TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—If a credit 17 was allowed under subsection (a) with respect 18 to a dwelling in 1 or more prior taxable years, 19 the amount of the credit otherwise allowable for 20 the taxable year with respect to that dwelling 21 shall not exceed the amount of \$2,000 reduced 22 by the sum of the credits allowed under sub-23 section (a) with respect to the dwelling for all 24 prior taxable years.

1	"(2) Coordination with rehabilitation
2	AND ENERGY CREDITS.—For purposes of this
3	section—
4	"(A) the basis of any property referred to
5	in subsection (a) shall be reduced by that por-
6	tion of the basis of any property which is attrib-
7	utable to qualified rehabilitation expenditures
8	(as defined in section $47(c)(2)$) or to the energy
9	percentage of energy property (as determined
10	under section 48(a)), and
11	"(B) expenditures taken into account
12	under either section 47 or 48(a) shall not be
13	taken into account under this section.
14	"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
15	"(1) ELIGIBLE CONTRACTOR.—The term 'eligi-
16	ble contractor' means the person who constructed
17	the new energy efficient home, or in the case of a
18	manufactured home which conforms to Federal
19	Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Stand-
20	ards (24 C.F.R. 3280), the manufactured home pro-
21	ducer of such home.
22	"(2) Energy efficient property.—The
23	term 'energy efficient property' means any energy
24	efficient building envelope component, and any en-

25 ergy efficient heating or cooling appliance.

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1	"(3) QUALIFIED NEW ENERGY EFFICIENT
2	HOME.—The term 'qualified new energy efficient
3	home' means a dwelling—
4	"(A) located in the United States,
5	"(B) the construction of which is substan-
6	tially completed after December 31, 2000,
7	"(C) the original use of which is as a prin-
8	cipal residence (within the meaning of section
9	121) which commences with the person who ac-
10	quires such dwelling from the eligible con-
11	tractor, and
12	"(D) which is certified to have a level of
13	annual heating and cooling energy consumption
14	that is at least 30 percent below the annual
15	level of heating and cooling energy consumption
16	of a comparable dwelling constructed in accord-
17	ance with the standards of the 1998 Inter-
18	national Energy Conservation Code.
19	"(4) CONSTRUCTION.—The term 'construction'
20	includes reconstruction and rehabilitation.
21	"(5) ACQUIRE.—The term 'acquire' includes
22	purchase and, in the case of reconstruction and re-
23	habilitation, such term includes a binding written
24	contract for such reconstruction or rehabilitation.

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1	"(6) Building envelope component.—The
2	term 'building envelope component' means—
3	"(A) insulation material or system which is
4	specifically and primarily designed to reduce the
5	heat loss or gain of a dwelling when installed in
6	or on such dwelling, and
7	"(B) exterior windows (including skylights)
8	and doors.
9	"(7) MANUFACTURED HOME INCLUDED.—The
10	term 'dwelling' includes a manufactured home con-
11	forming to Federal Manufactured Home Construc-
12	tion and Safety Standards (24 C.F.R. 3280).
13	"(d) CERTIFICATION.—
14	"(1) Method.—A certification described in
15	subsection $(c)(3)(D)$ shall be determined on the
16	basis of one of the following methods:
17	"(A) The technical specifications or appli-
18	cable ratings (including product labeling re-
19	quirements) for the measurement of energy effi-
20	ciency for the energy efficient building envelope
21	component or energy efficient heating or cooling
22	appliance, based upon energy use or building
23	envelope component performance.
24	"(B) An energy performance measurement
25	method that utilizes computer software ap-

1	proved by organizations designated by the Sec-
2	retary.
3	"(2) PROVIDER.—Such certification shall be
4	provided by—
5	"(A) in the case of a method described in
6	paragraph (1)(A), the eligible contractor, a
7	local building regulatory authority, a utility, a
8	manufactured home production inspection pri-
9	mary inspection agency (IPIA), or an accred-
10	ited home energy rating systems provider who
11	is accredited by, or otherwise authorized to use,
12	approved energy performance measurement
13	methods by the Home Energy Ratings Systems
14	Council or the National Association of State
15	Energy Officials, or
16	"(B) in the case of a method described in
17	paragraph (1)(B), an individual recognized by
18	an organization designated by the Secretary for
19	such purposes.
20	"(3) FORM.—Such certification shall be made
21	in writing in a manner that specifies in readily
22	verifiable fashion the energy efficient building enve-
23	lope components and energy efficient heating or
24	cooling appliances installed and their respective en-
25	ergy efficiency levels, and in the case of a method

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described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1), ac companied by written analysis documenting the
 proper application of a permissible energy perform ance measurement method to the specific cir cumstances of such dwelling.

6 "(4) Regulations.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In prescribing regulations under this subsection for energy performance measurement methods, the Secretary shall
prescribe procedures for calculating annual energy costs for heating and cooling and cost savings and for the reporting of the results. Such
regulations shall—

14 "(i) be based on the National Home
15 Energy Rating Technical Guidelines of the
16 National Association of State Energy Offi17 cials and the 1998 California Residential
18 ACM manual,

19 "(ii) provide that any calculation pro20 cedures be developed such that the same
21 energy efficiency measures allow a home to
22 qualify for the credit under this section re23 gardless of whether the house uses a gas
24 or oil furnace or boiler or an electric heat
25 pump, and

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1 "(iii) require that any computer soft-2 ware allow for the printing of the Federal 3 tax forms necessary for the credit under 4 this section and explanations for the home-5 buyer of the energy efficient features that 6 were used to comply with the requirements 7 of this section. 8 "(B) PROVIDERS.—For purposes of para-9 graph (2)(B), the Secretary shall establish re-10 quirements for the designation of individuals 11 based on the requirements for energy consult-12 ants and home energy raters specified by the 13 National Association of State Energy Officials. 14 "(e) BASIS ADJUSTMENT.—For purposes of this sub-15 title, if a credit is allowed under this section for any expenditure with respect to any property, the increase in the 16 17 basis of such property which would (but for this sub-18 section) result from such expenditure shall be reduced by

19 the amount of the credit so allowed.

20 "(f) TERMINATION.—Subsection (a) shall apply to
21 dwellings purchased during the period beginning on Janu22 ary 1, 2001, and ending on December 31, 2005."

(b) CREDIT MADE PART OF GENERAL BUSINESS
CREDIT.—Subsection (b) of section 38 (relating to current
year business credit) is amended by striking "plus" at the

end of paragraph (15), by striking the period at the end
 of paragraph (16) and inserting ", plus", and by adding
 at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

4 "(17) the new energy efficient home credit de5 termined under section 45H."

6 (c) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—Section 280C
7 (relating to certain expenses for which credits are allow8 able) is amended by adding at the end thereof the fol9 lowing new subsection:

10 "(d) NEW ENERGY EFFICIENT HOME EXPENSES.— 11 No deduction shall be allowed for that portion of expenses 12 for a new energy efficient home otherwise allowable as a 13 deduction for the taxable year which is equal to the 14 amount of the credit determined for such taxable year 15 under section 45H."

16 (d) Credit Allowed Against Regular and Min-17 Imum Tax.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 38
19 (relating to limitation based on amount of tax) is
20 amended by redesignating paragraph (5) as para21 graph (6) and by inserting after paragraph (4) the
22 following new paragraph:

23 "(5) SPECIAL RULES FOR NEW ENERGY EFFI24 CIENT HOME CREDIT.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of the new
2	energy efficient home credit—
3	"(i) this section and section 39 shall
4	be applied separately with respect to the
5	credit, and
6	"(ii) in applying paragraph (1) to the
7	credit—
8	((I) subparagraph (A) thereof
9	shall not apply, and
10	"(II) the limitation under para-
11	graph (1) (as modified by subclause
12	(I)) shall be reduced by the credit al-
13	lowed under subsection (a) for the
14	taxable year (other than the new en-
15	ergy efficient home credit).
16	"(B) NEW ENERGY EFFICIENT HOME
17	CREDIT.—For purposes of this subsection, the
18	term 'new energy efficient home credit' means
19	the credit allowable under subsection (a) by rea-
20	son of section 45H."
21	(2) Conforming Amendments.—Subclause
22	(II) of section $38(c)(2)(A)(ii)$, subclause (II) of sec-
23	tion $38(c)(3)(A)(ii)$, and subclause (II) of section
24	38(c)(4)(A)(ii) are each amended by inserting "or

the new energy efficient home credit" after "en hanced oil recovery credit".

3 (e) LIMITATION ON CARRYBACK.—Subsection (d) of
4 section 39, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding
5 at the end the following new paragraph:

6 "(15) NO CARRYBACK OF NEW ENERGY EFFI-7 CIENT HOME CREDIT BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.— 8 No portion of the unused business credit for any 9 taxable year which is attributable to the credit deter-10 mined under section 45H may be carried back to 11 any taxable year ending before the date of the enact-12 ment of section 45H."

(f) DEDUCTION FOR CERTAIN UNUSED BUSINESS
14 CREDITS.—Subsection (c) of section 196 is amended by
15 striking "and" at the end of paragraph (7), by striking
16 the period at the end of paragraph (8) and inserting ",
17 and", and by adding after paragraph (8) the following new
18 paragraph:

19 "(9) the new energy efficient home credit deter-20 mined under section 45H."

(g) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
45G the following new item:

"Sec. 45H. New energy efficient home credit."

(h) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 this section shall apply to taxable years ending after De cember 31, 2000.

4 SEC. 974. TAX CREDIT FOR ENERGY EFFICIENT APPLI-5 ANCES.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part IV of sub7 chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to other credits) is
8 amended by adding at the end the following new section:

9 "SEC. 30B. ENERGY EFFICIENT APPLIANCE CREDIT.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—There shall be allowed as a
credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to the amount paid or incurred
by the taxpayer during the taxable year for qualified energy efficient appliances.

15 "(b) LIMITATIONS.—

16 "(1) DOLLAR AMOUNT.—The amount which
17 may be taken into account under subsection (a) shall
18 not exceed—

"(A) in the case of an energy efficient
clothes washer described in subsection (c)(2)(A)
or an energy efficient refrigerator described in
subsection (c)(3)(B)(i), \$50, and

23 "(B) in the case of an energy efficient
24 clothes washer described in subsection (c)(2)(B)

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1	or an energy efficient refrigerator described in
2	subsection (c)(3)(B)(ii), \$100.
3	"(2) Application with other credits.—
4	The credit allowed under subsection (a) for any tax-
5	able year shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—
6	"(A) the regular tax for the taxable year
7	reduced by the sum of the credits allowable
8	under subpart A and sections 27 and 30, over
9	"(B) the tentative minimum tax for the
10	taxable year.
11	"(c) Qualified Energy Efficient Appliance.—
12	For purposes of this section—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified energy
14	efficient appliance' means—
15	"(A) an energy efficient clothes washer, or
16	"(B) an energy efficient refrigerator.
17	"(2) Energy efficient clothes washer.—
18	The term 'energy efficient clothes washer' means a
19	residential clothes washer, including a residential
20	style coin operated washer, which is manufactured
21	with—
22	"(A) a 1.26 Modified Energy Factor (re-
23	ferred to in this paragraph as 'MEF') (as de-
24	termined by the Secretary of Energy), or
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1	"(B) a 1.42 MEF (as determined by the
2	Secretary of Energy) (1.5 MEF for calendar
3	years beginning after 2004).
4	"(3) Energy efficient refrigerator.—The
5	term 'energy efficient refrigerator' means an auto-
6	matic defrost refrigerator-freezer which—
7	"(A) has an internal volume of at least
8	16.5 cubic feet, and
9	"(B) consumes—
10	"(i) 10 percent less kw/hr/yr than the
11	energy conservation standards promulgated
12	by the Department of Energy for such re-
13	frigerator for 2001, or
14	"(ii) 15 percent less kw/hr/yr than
15	such energy conservation standards.
16	"(d) VERIFICATION.—The taxpayer shall submit such
17	information or certification as the Secretary, in consulta-
18	tion with the Secretary of Energy, determines necessary
19	to claim the credit amount under subsection (a).
20	"(e) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply—
21	"(1) with respect to energy efficient refrig-
22	erators described in subsection $(c)(3)(B)(i)$ pur-
23	chased in calendar years beginning after 2004, and

"(2) with respect to all other qualified energy
 efficient appliances purchased in calendar years be ginning after 2006."

4 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
5 for subpart B of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
6 is amended by inserting at the end the following new item: "Sec. 30B. Energy efficient appliance credit."

7 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
8 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
9 December 31, 2000.

10 SEC. 975. CREDIT FOR CERTAIN ENERGY EFFICIENT11MOTOR VEHICLES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

15 "SEC. 30C. CREDIT FOR HYBRID VEHICLES.

16 "(a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—There shall be al-17 lowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter 18 for the taxable year an amount equal to the sum of the 19 credit amounts for each qualified hybrid vehicle placed in 20 service during the taxable year.

"(b) CREDIT AMOUNT.—For purposes of this section,
the credit amount for each qualified hybrid vehicle with
a rechargeable energy storage system which provides the
applicable percentage of the maximum available power
shall be the amount specified in the following table:

less.

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	"Applicable percentage Credit amountGreater than or equal to 20 percent but less than 40 percent
1	"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
2	"(1) QUALIFIED HYBRID VEHICLE.—The term
3	'qualified hybrid vehicle' means an automobile which
4	meets all applicable regulatory requirements and
5	which can draw propulsion energy from both of the
6	following onboard sources of stored energy:
7	"(A) A consumable fuel.
8	"(B) A rechargeable energy storage sys-
9	tem.
10	"(2) MAXIMUM AVAILABLE POWER.—The term
11	'maximum available power' means the maximum
12	value of the sum of the heat engine and electric
13	drive system power or other nonheat energy conver-
14	sion devices available for a driver's command for
15	maximum acceleration at vehicle speeds under 75
16	miles per hour.
17	"(3) AUTOMOBILE.—The term 'automobile' has
18	the meaning given such term by section $4064(b)(1)$
19	(without regard to subparagraphs (B) and (C) there-
20	of). A vehicle shall not fail to be treated as an auto-

mobile solely by reason of weight if such vehicle is

rated at 8,500 pounds gross vehicle weight rating or

1	"(d) Application With Other Credits.—The
2	credit allowed by subsection (a) for any taxable year shall
3	not exceed the excess (if any) of—
4	"(1) the regular tax for the taxable year re-
5	duced by the sum of the credits allowable under sub-
6	part A and sections 27, 30, and 30B of this subpart,
7	over
8	"(2) the tentative minimum tax for the taxable
9	year.
10	"(e) Special Rules.—
11	"(1) BASIS REDUCTION.—The basis of any
12	property for which a credit is allowable under sub-
13	section (a) shall be reduced by the amount of such
14	credit (determined without regard to subsection (d)).
15	"(2) RECAPTURE.—The Secretary shall, by reg-
16	ulations, provide for recapturing the benefit of any
17	credit allowable under subsection (a) with respect to
18	any property which ceases to be property eligible for
19	such credit.
20	"(3) Property used outside united
21	STATES, ETC., NOT QUALIFIED.—No credit shall be
22	allowed under this section with respect to—
23	"(A) any property for which a credit is al-
24	lowed under section 30,

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1	"(B) any property referred to in section
2	50(b), or
3	"(C) any property taken into account
4	under section 179 or 179A.
5	"(4) Election to not take credit.—No
6	credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any
7	vehicle if the taxpayer elects to not have this section
8	apply to such vehicle.
9	"(5) LEASED VEHICLES.—No credit shall be al-
10	lowed under this section with respect to a leased
11	motor vehicle unless the lease documents clearly dis-
12	close to the lessee the specific amount of any credit
13	otherwise allowable to the lessor under this section.
14	"(f) REGULATIONS.—
15	"(1) TREASURY.—The Secretary shall prescribe
16	such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate
17	to carry out the purposes of this section.
18	"(2) Environmental protection agency.—
19	The Administrator of the Environmental Protection
20	Agency, in coordination with the Secretary of Trans-
21	portation and consistent with the laws administered
22	by such agency for automobiles, shall timely pre-
23	scribe such regulations as may be necessary or ap-
24	propriate solely for the purpose of specifying the
25	testing and calculation procedures to determine

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1	whether a vehicle meets the qualifications for a cred-
2	it under this section.
3	"(g) Application of Section.—This section shall
4	apply to any qualified hybrid vehicles placed in service
5	after December 31, 2000, and before January 1, 2009."
6	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
7	(1) Subsection (a) of section 1016, as amended
8	by this Act, is amended by striking "and" at the end
9	of paragraph (27), by striking the period at the end
10	of paragraph (28) and inserting ", and", and by
11	adding at the end the following new paragraph:
12	((29)) to the extent provided in section
13	30C(e)(1)."
14	(2) The table of sections for subpart B of part
15	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by add-
16	ing at the end the following new item:
	"Sec. 30C. Credit for hybrid vehicles."
17	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
18	this title shall apply to vehicles placed in service after De-
19	cember 31, 2000.
20	Subtitle G—Alternative Fuels
21	SEC. 981. CREDIT FOR ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES.
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part IV of sub-
23	chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.),
24	as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting after sec-
25	tion 30C the following:

1	"SEC. 30D. CREDIT FOR ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES.
2	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—There shall be al-
3	lowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter
4	an amount equal to the applicable percentage of the incre-
5	mental cost of any qualified alternative fuel motor vehicle
6	placed in service by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
7	"(b) Applicable Percentage.—For purposes of
8	subsection (a), the applicable percentage with respect to
9	any qualified alternative fuel motor vehicle is—
10	"(1) 50 percent, plus
11	"(2) 35 percent, if such vehicle—
12	"(A) has a gross weight vehicle rating of
13	less than 14,000 pounds, and
14	"(i) has received a certificate of con-
15	formity under the Clean Air Act and meets
16	or exceeds the most stringent standard
17	available for certification under the Clean
18	Air Act for that make and model year vehi-
19	cle (other than a zero emission standard),
20	or
21	"(ii) has received an order certifying
22	the vehicle for sale in California and meets
23	or exceeds the most stringent standard
24	available for certification under the laws of
25	the State of California for that make and

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1	model year vehicle (other than a zero emis-
2	sion standard), or
3	"(B) has a gross weight vehicle rating of
4	14,000 or more pounds, and
5	"(i) has received a certificate of con-
6	formity under the Clean Air Act at emis-
7	sions levels that are not more than 50 per-
8	cent of the standard applicable to a vehicle
9	of that make and model year, or
10	"(ii) has received an order certifying
11	the vehicle for sale in California at emis-
12	sions levels that are not more than 50 per-
13	cent of the standard applicable under the
14	laws of the State of California to a vehicle
15	of that make and model year.
16	"(c) INCREMENTAL COST.—For purposes of this sec-
17	tion, the incremental cost of any qualified alternative fuel
18	motor vehicle is equal to the amount of the excess of the
19	manufacturer's suggested retail price for such vehicle over
20	such price for a gasoline or diesel fuel motor vehicle of
21	the same model, to the extent such amount does not
22	exceed—
23	"(1) $$5,000$, if such vehicle has a gross vehicle
24	weight rating of not more than 8,500 pounds,

1	$^{\prime\prime}(2)$ \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross vehicle
2	weight rating of more than 8,500 pounds but not
3	more than 14,000 pounds,
4	"(3) \$25,000, if such vehicle has a gross vehicle
5	weight rating of more than 14,000 pounds but not
6	more than 26,000 pounds, and
7	"(4) \$50,000, if such vehicle has a gross vehicle
8	weight rating of more than 26,000 pounds.
9	"(d) Qualified Alternative Fuel Motor Vehi-
10	CLE DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term
11	'qualified alternative fuel motor vehicle' means any motor
12	vehicle—
13	"(1) which is only capable of operating on an
14	alternative fuel,
15	((2) the original use of which commences with
16	the taxpayer, and
17	"(3) which is acquired by the taxpayer for use
18	or to lease, but not for resale.
19	"(e) Application With Other Credits.—The
20	credit allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year
21	shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—
22	"(1) the regular tax for the taxable year re-
23	duced by the sum of the credits allowable under sub-
24	part A and sections 27, 29, 30, 30A, 30B, and 30C,
25	over

1	((2) the tentative minimum tax for the taxable
2	year.
3	"(f) Other Definitions and Special Rules.—
4	For purposes of this section—
5	"(1) Alternative fuel.—The term 'alter-
6	native fuel' has the meaning given such term by sec-
7	tion $301(2)$ of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42)
8	U.S.C. 13211(2)), as in effect on the date of the en-
9	actment of this section.
10	"(2) MOTOR VEHICLE.—The term 'motor vehi-
11	cle' has the meaning given such term by section
12	30(c)(2).
13	"(3) REDUCTION IN BASIS.—For purposes of
14	this subtitle, the basis of any property for which a
15	credit is allowable under subsection (a) shall be re-
16	duced by the amount of such credit so allowed (de-
17	termined without regard to subsection (e).
18	"(4) No double benefit.—The amount of
19	any deduction or credit allowable under this chapter
20	for any incremental cost taken into account in com-
21	puting the amount of the credit determined under
22	subsection (a) shall be reduced by the amount of
23	such credit attributable to such cost.
24	"(5) LEASED VEHICLES.—No credit shall be al-
25	lowed under subsection (a) with respect to a leased

motor vehicle unless the lease documents clearly dis close to the lessee the specific amount of any credit
 otherwise allowable to the lessor under subsection
 (a).

5 "(6) RECAPTURE.—The Secretary shall, by reg-6 ulations, provide for recapturing the benefit of any 7 credit allowable under subsection (a) with respect to 8 any property which ceases to be property eligible for 9 such credit.

"(7) 10 PROPERTY USED OUTSIDE UNITED 11 STATES, ETC., NOT QUALIFIED.—No credit shall be 12 allowed under subsection (a) with respect to any 13 property referred to in section 50(b) or with respect 14 to the portion of the cost of any property taken into 15 account under section 179.

16 "(8) ELECTION TO NOT TAKE CREDIT.—No
17 credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any
18 vehicle if the taxpayer elects to not have this section
19 apply to such vehicle.

20 "(g) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to
21 any property placed in service after December 31, 2007."
22 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 1016(a), as amended by this Act, is
amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
(28), by striking the period at the end of paragraph

1	(29) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the
2	end the following:
3	"(30) to the extent provided in section
4	30D(f)(3)."
5	(2) Section $53(d)(1)(B)(iii)$ is amended by in-
6	serting ", or not allowed under section 30D solely by
7	reason of the application of section $30D(e)(2)$ " be-
8	for the period.
9	(3) Section $55(c)(2)$ is amended by inserting
10	"30D(e)," after "30(b)(3)".
11	(4) Section 6501(m) is amended by inserting
12	"30D(f)(8)," after "30(d)(4),".
12	(5) The table of sections for subpart B of part
13	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-
15	serting after the item relating to section 30C the fol-
16	lowing:
10	"Sec. 30D. Credit for alternative fuel vehicles."
17	(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
18	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
19	December 31, 2000, in taxable years ending after such
20	date.
20 21	SEC. 982. MODIFICATION OF CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED ELEC-
21	TRIC VEHICLES.
22	(a) Amount of Credit.—
23	(a) IMPOINT OF OMEDIT.

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1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 30(a) (relating to al-
2	lowance of credit) is amended by striking "10 per-
3	cent of".
4	(2) LIMITATION OF CREDIT ACCORDING TO
5	TYPE OF VEHICLE.—Section 30(b) (relating to limi-
6	tations) is amended—
7	(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and
8	inserting the following new paragraph:
9	"(1) LIMITATION ACCORDING TO TYPE OF VE-
10	HICLE.—The amount of the credit allowed under
11	subsection (a) for any vehicle shall not exceed the
12	greatest of the following amounts applicable to such
13	vehicle:
14	"(A) In the case of a vehicle with a rated
15	top speed not exceeding 50 miles per hour, the
16	lesser of—
17	"(i) 10 percent of the cost of the vehi-
18	cle, or
19	''(ii) \$4,250.
20	"(B) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
21	vehicle weight rating not exceeding 8,500
22	pounds and a rated top speed exceeding 50
23	miles per hour, \$4,250.
24	"(C) In the case of a vehicle capable of a
25	driving range of at least 100 miles on a single

1	charge of the vehicle's rechargeable batteries
2	and measured pursuant to the urban dynamom-
3	eter schedules under appendix I to part 86 of
4	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, \$6,375.
5	"(D) In the case of a vehicle capable of a
6	payload capacity of at least 1000 pounds,
7	\$6,375.
8	"(E) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
9	vehicle weight rating exceeding 8,500 but not
10	exceeding 14,000 pounds, \$8,500.
11	"(F) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
12	vehicle weight rating exceeding 14,000 but not
13	exceeding 26,000 pounds, \$21,250.
14	"(G) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
15	vehicle weight rating exceeding 26,000 pounds,
16	\$42,500.", and
17	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
18	paragraph (2).
19	(3) Conforming Amendments.—
20	(A) Section 53(d)(1)(B)(iii) is amended by
21	striking "section $30(b)(3)(B)$ " and inserting
22	"section 30(b)(2)(B)".
23	(3) Section $55(c)(2)$ is amended by striking
24	"30(b)(3)" and inserting "30(b)(2)".

(b) QUALIFIED ELECTRIC VEHICLE.—Section
 30(c)(1)(A) (defining qualified electric vehicle) is amended
 to read as follows:

4 "(A) which is powered primarily by an 5 electric motor drawing current from recharge-6 able batteries, fuel cells which generate elec-7 trical current from an alternative fuel (as de-8 fined in section 30D(f)(1), or other portable 9 sources of electrical current generated on board 10 the vehicle from an alternative fuel (as so de-11 fined),".

(c) ADDITIONAL SPECIAL RULES.—Section 30(d)
(relating to special rules) is amended by adding at the end
the following new paragraphs:

15 "(5) NO DOUBLE BENEFIT.—The amount of
16 any deduction or credit allowable under this chapter
17 for any cost taken into account in computing the
18 amount of the credit determined under subsection
19 (a) shall be reduced by the amount of such credit at20 tributable to such cost.

21 "(6) LEASED VEHICLES.—No credit shall be al22 lowed under subsection (a) with respect to a leased
23 motor vehicle unless the lease documents clearly dis24 close to the lessee the specific amount of any credit

otherwise allowable to the lessor under subsection
 (a)."

3 (d) EXTENSION.—Section 30(e) (relating to termi-4 nation) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting 5 "2007".

6 (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
7 this section shall apply to property placed in service after
8 December 31, 2000, in taxable years ending after such
9 date.

10SEC. 983. CREDIT FOR RETAIL SALE OF ALTERNATIVE11FUELS AS MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business related credits) is amended by inserting after section 40 the following: **"SEC. 40A. CREDIT FOR RETAIL SALE OF ALTERNATIVE FUELS AS MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.**

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38,
the alternative fuel retail sales credit of any taxpayer for
any taxable year is 25 cents for each gasoline gallon equivalent of alternative fuel sold at retail by the taxpayer during such year as a fuel to propel any qualified motor vehicle.

23 "(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—
24 "(1) ALTERNATIVE FUEL.—The term 'alter25 native fuel' has the meaning given such term by sec-

1	tion $301(2)$ of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42)
2	U.S.C. $13211(2)$), as in effect on the date of the en-
3	actment of this section.
4	"(2) GASOLINE GALLON EQUIVALENT.—The
5	term 'gasoline gallon equivalent' means, with respect
6	to any alternative fuel, the amount (determined by
7	the Secretary) of such fuel having a Btu content of
8	114,000.
9	"(3) QUALIFIED MOTOR VEHICLE.—The term
10	'qualified motor vehicle' means any motor vehicle (as
11	defined in section $179A(e)(2)$) which meets any ap-
12	plicable Federal or State emissions standards with
13	respect to each fuel by which such vehicle is de-
14	signed to be propelled.
15	"(4) Sold at retail.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'sold at re-
17	tail' means the sale, for a purpose other than
18	resale, after manufacture, production, or impor-
19	tation.
20	"(B) Use treated as sale.—If any per-
21	son uses alternative fuel as a fuel to propel any
22	qualified motor vehicle (including any use after
23	importation) before such fuel is sold at retail,
24	then such use shall be treated in the same man-

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ner as if such fuel were sold at retail as a fuel to propel such a vehicle by such person.

3 "(c) NO DOUBLE BENEFIT.—The amount of any de4 duction or credit allowable under this chapter for any fuel
5 taken into account in computing the amount of the credit
6 determined under subsection (a) shall be reduced by the
7 amount of such credit attributable to such fuel.

8 "(d) PASS-THRU IN THE CASE OF ESTATES AND
9 TRUSTS.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary,
10 rules similar to the rules of subsection (d) of section 52
11 shall apply.

12 "(e) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to13 any fuel sold at retail after December 31, 2007."

(b) CREDIT TREATED AS BUSINESS CREDIT.—Section 38(b) (relating to current year business credit), as
amended by this Act, is amended by striking "plus" at
the end of paragraph (16), by striking the period at the
end of paragraph (17) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the following:

20 "(18) the alternative fuel retail sales credit de21 termined under section 40A(a)."

(c) TRANSITIONAL RULE.—Section 39(d) (relating to
transitional rules), as amended by this Act, is amended
by adding at the end the following:

"(16) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 40A CREDIT
BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused business credit for any taxable year which is
attributable to the alternative fuel retail sales credit
determined under section 40A(a) may be carried
back to a taxable year ending before January 1,
2001."

8 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
9 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
10 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
11 40 the following:

"Sec. 40A. Credit for retail sale of alternative fuels as motor vehicle fuel."

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
this section shall apply to fuel sold at retail after December 31, 2000, in taxable years ending after such date.

15 SEC. 984. EXTENSION OF DEDUCTION FOR CERTAIN RE16 FUELING PROPERTY.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 179A(f) (relating to ter18 mination) is amended by striking "2004" and inserting
19 "2007".

20 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 179A(c)
21 (relating to qualified clean-fuel vehicle property defined)
22 is amended by striking paragraph (3).

23 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by24 this section shall apply to property placed in service after

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December 31, 2000, in taxable years ending after such
 date.

3 SEC. 985. ADDITIONAL DEDUCTION FOR COST OF INSTAL4 LATION OF ALTERNATIVE FUELING STA5 TIONS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A) of section
7 179A(b)(2) (relating to qualified clean-fuel vehicle refuel8 ing property) is amended to read as follows:

9 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The aggregate cost 10 which may be taken into account under sub-11 section (a)(1)(B) with respect to qualified 12 clean-fuel vehicle refueling property placed in 13 service during the taxable year at a location 14 shall not exceed the sum of—

15 "(i) with respect to costs not de16 scribed in clause (ii), the excess (if any)
17 of—

"(I) \$100,000, over

"(II) the aggregate amount of
such costs taken into account under
subsection (a)(1)(B) by the taxpayer
(or any related person or predecessor)
with respect to property placed in
service at such location for all preceding taxable years, plus

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1	"(ii) the lesser of—
2	"(I) the cost of the installation of
3	such property, or
4	''(II) \$30,000.''
5	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
6	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
7	December 31, 2000.
8	Subtitle H—Renewable Energy
9	SEC. 991. MODIFICATIONS TO CREDIT FOR ELECTRICITY
10	PRODUCED FROM RENEWABLE RESOURCES
11	AND EXTENSION TO WASTE ENERGY.
12	(a) Expansion of Qualified Energy Re-
13	SOURCES.—
14	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section $45(c)(1)$ (defining
15	qualified energy resources) is amended by striking
16	"and" at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking
17	subparagraph (B), and by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(B) biomass,
20	"(C) municipal solid waste,
21	"(D) incremental hydropower,
22	"(E) geothermal,
23	"(F) landfill gas, and
24	"(G) steel cogeneration."

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1	(2) Definitions.—Section 45(c) is amended
2	by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (8)
3	and by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(2) BIOMASS.—The term 'biomass' means—
6	"(A) any organic material from a plant
7	which is planted exclusively for purposes of
8	being used at a qualified facility to produce
9	electricity, or
10	"(B) any solid, nonhazardous waste mate-
11	rial which is derived from—
12	"(i) any of the following forest-related
13	resources: mill residues, precommercial
14	thinnings, slash, and brush, but not includ-
15	ing old-growth timber,
16	"(ii) waste pallets, crates, and
17	dunnage, and landscape or right-of-way
18	tree trimmings, but not including unsegre-
19	gated municipal solid waste or paper that
20	is destined for recycling, or
21	"(iii) agriculture sources, including
22	switchgrass, orchard tree crops, vineyards,
23	grain, legumes, sugar, and other crop by-
24	products or residues.

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"(3) MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE.—The term
 "municipal solid waste' has the same meaning given
 the term 'solid waste' under section 2(27) of the
 Solid Waste Utilization Act (42 U.S.C. 6903).

5 "(4) INCREMENTAL HYDROPOWER.—The term 6 'incremental hydropower' means additional gener-7 ating capacity achieved from increased efficiency or 8 additions of new capacity at existing hydroelectric 9 dams licensed by the Federal Energy Regulatory 10 Commission.

"(5) GEOTHERMAL.—The term 'geothermal'
means energy derived from a geothermal deposit
(within the meaning of section 613(e)(2)), but only,
in the case of electricity generated by geothermal
power, up to (but not including) the electrical transmission stage.

17 "(6) LANDFILL GAS.—The term 'landfill gas' 18 means gas generated from the decomposition of any 19 household solid waste, commercial solid waste, and 20 industrial solid waste disposed of in a municipal 21 solid waste landfill unit (as such terms are defined 22 in regulations promulgated under subtitle D of the 23 Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6941 et seq.). 24 "(7) STEEL COGENERATION.—The term 'steel 25 cogeneration' means the production of electricity and

1	steam (or other form of thermal energy) from any
2	or all waste sources in subparagraphs (A), (B), and
3	(C) within an operating facility which produces or
4	integrates the production of coke, direct reduced
5	iron ore, iron, or steel but only if the cogeneration
6	meets any regulatory energy-efficiency standards es-
7	tablished by the Secretary, and only to the extent
8	that such energy is produced from—
9	"(A) gases or heat generated from the pro-
10	duction of metallurgical coke,
11	"(B) gases or heat generated from the pro-
12	duction of direct reduced iron ore or iron, from
13	blast furnace or direct ironmaking processes, or
14	"(C) gases or heat generated from the
15	manufacture of steel."
16	(b) Extension and Modification of Placed-In-
17	SERVICE RULES.—Paragraph (8) of section 45(c), as re-
18	designated by subsection (a), is amended to read as fol-
19	lows:
20	"(8) QUALIFIED FACILITY.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
22	facility' means any facility owned or leased by
23	the taxpayer which is originally placed in
24	service-

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1	"(i) in the case of a facility using
2	wind to produce electricity, after December
3	31, 1993, and before July 1, 2011,
4	"(ii) in the case of a facility using
5	municipal solid waste, geothermal or land-
6	fill gas to produce electricity, after the
7	date of the enactment of this subparagraph
8	and before July 1, 2011,
9	"(iii) in the case of a facility using
10	biomass to produce electricity, before July
11	1, 2011, except that a facility shall not be
12	treated as a qualified facility for any
13	month unless, for such month, biomass
14	comprises not less than 75 percent (on a
15	Btu basis) of the average monthly fuel
16	input of the facility for the taxable year
17	which includes such month, and
18	"(iv) in the case of a facility using
19	steel cogeneration to produce electricity,
20	after December 31, 2000, and before Jan-
21	uary 1, 2011.
22	"(B) Combined production facilities
23	INCLUDED.—For purposes of this paragraph,
24	the term 'qualified facility' shall include a facil-
25	ity using biomass to produce electricity and

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1	other biobased products such as chemicals and
2	fuels from renewable resources.
3	"(C) Special rules.—In the case of a
4	qualified facility described in subparagraph (A)
5	(ii), (iii), or (iv)—
6	"(i) the 10-year period referred to in
7	subsection (a) shall be treated as beginning
8	no earlier than the date of the enactment
9	of this paragraph, and
10	"(ii) subsection $(b)(3)$ shall not apply
11	to any such facility originally placed in
12	service before January 1, 1997."
13	(c) Special Rules for Landfill Gas.—Section
14	45(d) is amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"(8) Credit allowable for sale of land-
16	FILL GAS.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of landfill
18	gas which is produced by the taxpayer but not
19	used by the taxpayer to produce electricity,
20	paragraph (2) of subsection (a) shall be applied
21	as if it read as follows:
22	((2)) the kilowatt-hour equivalent of the landfill
23	gas—
24	"(A) produced by the taxpayer at a quali-
25	fied facility during the 10-year period beginning

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1	on the date the facility was originally placed in
2	service, and
3	"(B) sold by the taxpayer to an unrelated
4	person during the taxable year.'
5	"(B) KILOWATT HOUR EQUIVALENT.—For
6	purposes of applying subparagraph (A), the kil-
7	owatt hour equivalent for landfill gas is the
8	amount of such gas which has a Btu content of
9	10,000.
10	"(C) Special rules.—In the case of
11	landfill gas to which subparagraph (A)
12	applies—
13	"(i) the reference to electricity in
14	paragraphs (1) and (4) shall be treated as
15	including a reference to such gas,
16	"(ii) the reference price for such gas
17	shall be determined under paragraph
18	(2)(C) on the basis of kilowatt hour
19	equivalents, and
20	"(iii) the reference to ownership inter-
21	ests in paragraph (3) shall be treated as
22	including a reference to any economic in-
23	terest."

(d) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—Section
 45(d) (relating to definitions and special rules) is amended
 by adding at the end the following:

4 "(9) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—
5 This section shall not apply to any production with
6 respect to which the clean coal technology produc7 tion credit under section 45F or 45G, or the non8 conventional fuel production credit under section 29,
9 is allowed unless the taxpayer elects to waive the application of such credit to such production."

11 (e) Conforming Amendments.—

12 (1) The heading for section 45 is amended by13 inserting "and waste energy" after "renewable".

14 (2) The item relating to section 45 in the table
15 of sections subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of
16 chapter 1 is amended by inserting "and waste en17 ergy" after "renewable".

18 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by19 this section shall apply to electricity produced after the20 date of the enactment of this Act.

21 SEC. 992. CREDIT FOR RESIDENTIAL SOLAR AND WIND EN22 ERGY PROPERTY.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part IV of sub-24 chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to nonrefundable personal

credits), as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting
 after section 25B the following new section:

3 "SEC. 25C. RESIDENTIAL SOLAR AND WIND ENERGY PROP4 ERTY.

5 "(a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT.—In the case of an in6 dividual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
7 imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount
8 equal to the sum of—

9 "(1) 15 percent of the qualified photovoltaic
10 property expenditures made by the taxpayer during
11 the taxable year,

12 "(2) 15 percent of the qualified solar water
13 heating property expenditures made by the taxpayer
14 during the taxable year, and

15 "(3) 15 percent of the qualified wind energy
16 property expenditures made by the taxpayer during
17 the taxable year.

18 "(b) LIMITATIONS.—

19 "(1) MAXIMUM CREDIT.—The credit allowed
20 under subsection (a)(2) shall not exceed \$2,000 for
21 each system of solar energy property.

"(2) TYPE OF PROPERTY.—No expenditure may
be taken into account under this section unless such
expenditure is made by the taxpayer for property installed on or in connection with a dwelling unit

which is located in the United States and which is
 used as a residence.
 "(3) SAFETY CERTIFICATIONS.—No credit shall
 be allowed under this section for an item of property
 unless—

6 "(A) in the case of solar water heating 7 equipment, such equipment is certified for per-8 formance and safety by the non-profit Solar 9 Rating Certification Corporation or a com-10 parable entity endorsed by the government of 11 the State in which such property is installed, 12 and

13 "(B) in the case of a photovoltaic or wind
14 energy system, such system meets appropriate
15 fire and electric code requirements.

"(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section— 16 17 "(1) QUALIFIED SOLAR WATER HEATING PROP-18 ERTY EXPENDITURE.—The term 'qualified solar 19 water heating property expenditure' means an ex-20 penditure for property that uses solar energy to heat 21 water for use in a dwelling unit with respect to 22 which a majority of the energy is derived from the 23 sun.

24 "(2) QUALIFIED PHOTOVOLTAIC PROPERTY EX25 PENDITURE.—The term 'qualified photovoltaic prop-

1	erty expenditure' means an expenditure for property
2	that uses solar energy to generate electricity for use
3	in a dwelling unit.
4	"(3) Solar panels.—No expenditure relating
5	to a solar panel or other property installed as a roof
6	(or portion thereof) shall fail to be treated as prop-
7	erty described in paragraph (1) or (2) solely because
8	it constitutes a structural component of the struc-
9	ture on which it is installed.
10	"(4) Qualified wind energy property ex-
11	PENDITURE.—The term 'qualified wind energy prop-
12	erty expenditure' means an expenditure for property
13	which uses wind energy to generate electricity for
14	use in a dwelling unit.
15	"(5) LABOR COSTS.—Expenditures for labor
16	costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, as-
17	sembly, or original installation of the property de-
18	scribed in paragraph (1), (2), or (4) and for piping
19	or wiring to interconnect such property to the dwell-
20	ing unit shall be taken into account for purposes of
21	this section.
22	"(6) ENERGY STORAGE MEDIUM.—Expendi-

22 "(6) ENERGY STORAGE MEDIUM.—Expendi23 tures which are properly allocable to a swimming
24 pool, hot tub, or any other energy storage medium
25 which has a function other than the function of such

1	storage shall not be taken into account for purposes
2	of this section.
3	"(d) Special Rules.—For purposes of this
4	section—
5	"(1) Dollar amounts in case of joint oc-
6	CUPANCY.—In the case of any dwelling unit which is
7	jointly occupied and used during any calendar year
8	as a residence by 2 or more individuals the following
9	shall apply:
10	"(A) The amount of the credit allowable
11	under subsection (a) by reason of expenditures
12	(as the case may be) made during such cal-
13	endar year by any of such individuals with re-
14	spect to such dwelling unit shall be determined
15	by treating all of such individuals as 1 taxpayer
16	whose taxable year is such calendar year.
17	"(B) There shall be allowable with respect
18	to such expenditures to each of such individ-
19	uals, a credit under subsection (a) for the tax-
20	able year in which such calendar year ends in
21	an amount which bears the same ratio to the
22	amount determined under subparagraph (A) as
23	the amount of such expenditures made by such
24	individual during such calendar year bears to

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1	the aggregate of such expenditures made by all
2	of such individuals during such calendar year.
3	"(2) TENANT-STOCKHOLDER IN COOPERATIVE
4	HOUSING CORPORATION.—In the case of an indi-
5	vidual who is a tenant-stockholder (as defined in sec-
6	tion 216) in a cooperative housing corporation (as
7	defined in such section), such individual shall be
8	treated as having made his tenant-stockholder's pro-
9	portionate share (as defined in section $216(b)(3)$) of
10	any expenditures of such corporation.
11	"(3) Condominiums.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an indi-
13	vidual who is a member of a condominium man-
14	agement association with respect to a condo-
15	minium which he owns, such individual shall be
16	treated as having made his proportionate share
17	of any expenditures of such association.
18	"(B) Condominium management asso-
19	CIATION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the
20	term 'condominium management association'
21	means an organization which meets the require-
22	ments of paragraph (1) of section 528(c) (other
23	than subparagraph (E) thereof) with respect to
24	a condominium project substantially all of the
25	units of which are used as residences.

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1	"(4) Joint ownership of items of solar or
2	WIND ENERGY PROPERTY.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any expenditure oth-

erwise qualifying as an expenditure described in paragraph (1), (2), or (4) of subsection (c) shall not be treated as failing to so qualify merely because such expenditure was made with respect to 2 or more dwelling units.

9 "(B) LIMITS APPLIED SEPARATELY.—In 10 the case of any expenditure described in sub-11 paragraph (A), the amount of the credit allow-12 able under subsection (a) shall (subject to para-13 graph (1)) be computed separately with respect 14 to the amount of the expenditure made for each 15 dwelling unit.

"(5) Allocation in Certain Cases.—If less 16 17 than 80 percent of the use of an item is for nonbusi-18 ness residential purposes, only that portion of the 19 expenditures for such item which is properly allo-20 cable to use for nonbusiness residential purposes 21 shall be taken into account. For purposes of this 22 paragraph, use for a swimming pool shall be treated 23 as use which is not for residential purposes.

24 "(6) WHEN EXPENDITURE MADE; AMOUNT OF
25 EXPENDITURE.—

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1 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 2 subparagraph (B), an expenditure with respect 3 to an item shall be treated as made when the 4 original installation of the item is completed. 5 "(B) EXPENDITURES PART OF BUILDING 6 CONSTRUCTION.—In the case of an expenditure 7 in connection with the construction or recon-8 struction of a structure, such expenditure shall 9 be treated as made when the original use of the 10 constructed or reconstructed structure by the 11 taxpayer begins. 12 "(C) AMOUNT.—The amount of any ex-13 penditure shall be the cost thereof. 14 "(7) Reduction of credit for grants, tax-15 EXEMPT BONDS, AND SUBSIDIZED ENERGY FINANC-16 ING.—The rules of section 29(b)(3) shall apply for 17 purposes of this section. 18 "(e) BASIS ADJUSTMENTS.—For purposes of this 19 subtitle, if a credit is allowed under this section for any 20 expenditure with respect to any property, the increase in 21 the basis of such property which would (but for this sub-22 section) result from such expenditure shall be reduced by 23 the amount of the credit so allowed.

"(f) TERMINATION.—The credit allowed under this 1 2 section shall not apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011." 3 4

(b) Conforming Amendments.—

5 (1) Subsection (a) of section 1016 is amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (29), by 6 7 striking the period at the end of paragraph (30) and 8 inserting "; and", and by adding at the end the fol-9 lowing new paragraph:

10 "(31) to the extent provided in section 25C(e), 11 in the case of amounts with respect to which a credit has been allowed under section 25C." 12

13 (2) The table of sections for subpart A of part 14 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by in-15 serting after the item relating to section 25B the fol-16 lowing new item:

"Sec. 25C. Residential solar and wind energy property."

17 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years ending after De-18 cember 31, 2001. 19

SEC. 993. TREATMENT OF FACILITIES USING BAGASSE TO
 PRODUCE ENERGY AS SOLID WASTE DIS POSAL FACILITIES ELIGIBLE FOR TAX-EX EMPT FINANCING.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 142 (relating to exempt
6 facility bond) is amended by adding at the end the fol7 lowing:

8 "(k) SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES.—For pur-9 poses of subsection (a)(6), the term 'solid waste disposal 10 facilities' includes property used for the collection, storage, 11 treatment, utilization, processing, or final disposal of ba-12 gasse in the manufacture of ethanol."

13 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by14 this section shall apply to bonds issued after the date of15 the enactment of this Act.